

3.3 VOLT MULTIMEDIA FIFO 256 x 16, 512 x 16, 1,024 x 16, 2,048 x 16,

and 4,096 x 16

PRELIMINARY IDT72V11165, IDT72V12165 IDT72V13165, IDT72V14165 IDT72V15165

FEATURES:

- 256 x 16-bit organization array (IDT72V11165)
- 512 x 16-bit organization array (IDT72V12165)
- 1,024 x 16-bit organization array (IDT72V13165)
- 2,048 x 16-bit organization array (IDT72V14165)
- 4,096 x 16-bit organization array (IDT72V15165)
- 15 ns read/write cycle time
- 5V input tolerant
- Independent Read and Write Clocks
- Empty/Full and Half-Full flag capability
- Output enable puts output data bus in high-impedance state
- Available in a 64-lead thin quad flatpack (10x10mm and 14x14mm TQFP)
- Industrial temperature range (-40°C to +85°C)

FUNCTIONAL BLOCK DIAGRAM

DESCRIPTION:

The IDT72V11165/72V12165/72V13165/72V14165/72V15165 devices are First-In, First-Out (FIFO) memories with clocked read and write controls.

These FIFOs have 16-bit input and output ports. The input port is controlled by a free-running clock (WCLK), and an input enable pin (WEN). Data is written into the Multimedia FIFO on every clock when WEN is asserted. The output port is controlled by another clock pin (RCLK) and another enable pin (REN). The Read Clock (RCLK) can be tied to the Write Clock for single clock operation or the two clocks can run asynchronous of one another for dual-clock operation. An Output Enable pin (\overline{OE}) is provided on the read port for three-state control of the output.

These Multimedia FIFOs support three fixed flags: Empty Flag (EF), Full Flag (FF), and Half Full Flag (HF).



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INDUSTRIAL TEMPERATURE RANGE

APRIL 2003

PIN CONFIGURATIONS



NOTE: 1. DNC = Do Not Connect.



PIN DESCRIPTION

Symbol	Name	I/O	Description
D0-D15	Data Inputs		Data inputs for an 16-bit bus.
ĒF	Empty Flag	0	EF indicates whether or not the FIFO memory is empty.
FF	Full Flag	0	FF indicates whether or not the FIFO memory is full.
ĦF	Half-Full Flag	0	The device is more than half full when \overline{HF} is LOW.
ŌĒ	Output Enable	I	When \overline{OE} is LOW, the data output bus is active. If \overline{OE} is HIGH, the output data bus will be in a high-impedance state.
Q0-Q15	Data Outputs	0	Data outputs for an 16-bit bus.
RCLK	Read Clock		When $\overline{\text{REN}}$ is LOW, data is read from the FIFO on a LOW-to-HIGH transition of RCLK, if the FIFO is not empty.
REN	Read Enable	I	When $\overline{\text{REN}}$ is LOW, data is read from the FIFO on every LOW-to-HIGH transition of RCLK. When $\overline{\text{REN}}$ is HIGH, the output register holds the previous data. Data will not be read from the FIFO if the $\overline{\text{EF}}$ is LOW.
RS	Reset	Ι	When $\overline{\text{RS}}$ is set LOW, internal read and write pointers are set to the first location of the RAM array, $\overline{\text{FF}}$ goes HIGH, and $\overline{\text{EF}}$ goes LOW. A reset is required before an initial WRITE after power-up.
WCLK	Write Clock	Ι	$When \overline{\text{WEN}} \text{is LOW}, \text{data is written into the FIFO on a LOW-to-HIGH transition of WCLK}, if the FIFO is not full.$
WEN	Write Enable	I	When $\overline{\text{WEN}}$ is LOW, data is written into the FIFO on every LOW-to-HIGH transition of WCLK. When $\overline{\text{WEN}}$ is HIGH, the FIFO holds the previous data. Data will not be written into the FIFO if the $\overline{\text{FF}}$ is LOW.
Vcc	Power		+3.3V power supply pins.
GND	Ground	Ι	Ground pins.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Symbol	Rating	Industrial	Unit
VTERM ⁽²⁾	Terminal Voltage with respect to GND	-0.5 to +5	V
Tstg	Storage Temperature	–55 to +125	°C
Ιουτ	DC Output Current	-50 to +50	mA

NOTES:

 Stresses greater than those listed under ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the operational sections of this specification is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect reliability.

2. VCC terminal only.

RECOMMENDED DC OPERATING CONDITIONS

Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Vcc	Supply Voltage Industrial	3.0	3.3	3.6	V
GND	Supply Voltage	0	0	0	V
Vih	Input High Voltage Industrial	2.0	_	5.5	V
VIL ⁽¹⁾	Input Low Voltage Industrial	-0.5	_	0.8	V
Та	Operating Temperature Industrial	-40		85	°C

NOTE:

1. 1.5V undershoots are allowed for 10ns once per cycle.

DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

(Industrial: VCC = $3.3V \pm 0.3V$, TA = $-40^{\circ}C$ to $+85^{\circ}C$)

		IDT72V11165 IDT72V12165 IDT72V13165 IDT72V14165 IDT72V15165 Industrial tcLK = 15 ns			
Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
ILI ⁽¹⁾	Input Leakage Current (any input)	-1	_	1	μA
ILO ⁽²⁾	Output Leakage Current	-10	-	10	μΑ
Vон	Output Logic "1" Voltage, Іон = –2 mA	2.4	_	_	V
Vol	Output Logic "0" Voltage, IoL = 8 mA	-	-	0.4	V
ICC1 ^(3,4,5)	Active Power Supply Current	_	_	30	mA
ICC2 ^(3,6)	Standby Current	_	_	5	mA

NOTES:

1. Measurements with 0.4 \leq VIN \leq Vcc.

2. $\overline{\text{OE}} \ge \text{ViH}$, $0.4 \le \text{Vout} \le \text{Vcc}$.

3. Tested with outputs disabled (IOUT = 0).

4. RCLK and WCLK toggle at 20 MHZ and data inputs switch at 10 MHz.

5. Typical lcc1 = $2.04 + 0.88^{\circ}$ fs + 0.02° CL*fs (in mA). These equations are valid under the following conditions:

Vcc = 3.3V, TA = 25°C, fs = WCLK frequency = RCLK frequency (in MHz, using TTL levels), data switching at fs/2, CL = capacitive load (in pF).

6. All Inputs = Vcc - 0.2V or GND + 0.2V, except RCLK and WCLK, which toggle at 20 MHz.

CAPACITANCE (TA = +25°C, f = 1.0MHz)

Symbol	Parameter ⁽¹⁾	Conditions	Max.	Unit
CIN ⁽²⁾	Input Capacitance	VIN = 0V	10	pF
COUT ^(1,2)	Output Capacitance	Vout = 0V	10	pF

NOTES:

1. With output deselected, ($\overline{\text{OE}} \ge \text{ViH}$).

2. Characterized values, not currently tested.

AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

(Industrial: VCC = $3.3V \pm 0.3V$, TA = $-40^{\circ}C$ to $+85^{\circ}C$)

		Indu	strial	
		IDT72V11165 IDT72V12165 IDT72V13165 IDT72V13165 IDT72V14165 IDT72V15165		
Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Max.	Unit
fs	Clock Cycle Frequency		66.7	MHz
tA	Data Access Time	2	10	ns
t CLK	Clock Cycle Time	15	_	ns
tськн	Clock HIGH Time	6	_	ns
t clkl	Clock LOW Time	6	_	ns
tos	Data Set-up Time	4	_	ns
tdн	Data Hold Time	1	—	ns
tens	Enable Set-up Time	4	—	ns
tenh	Enable Hold Time	1	—	ns
trs	Reset Pulse Width ⁽²⁾	15	_	ns
trss	Reset Set-up Time	10	—	ns
trsr	Reset Recovery Time	10	—	ns
trsf	Reset to Flag and Output Time	—	15	ns
tolz	Output Enable to Output in Low-Z ⁽³⁾	0	—	ns
toe	Output Enable to Output Valid	3	8	ns
tонz	Output Enable to Output in High-Z ⁽³⁾	3	8	ns
twrr	Write Clock to Full Flag	_	10	ns
t REF	Read Clock to Empty Flag	_	10	ns
the	Clock to Half-Full Flag	_	20	ns
tskew1	Skew time between Read Clock & Write Clock for \overline{FF} and \overline{EF}	6	_	ns

NOTES:

1. Industrial temperature range product for the 15ns speed grade available.

2. Pulse widths less than minimum values are not allowed.

3. Values guaranteed by design, not currently tested.

AC TEST CONDITIONS				
Input Pulse Levels	GND to 3.0V			
Input Rise/Fall Times	3ns			
Input Timing Reference Levels	1.5V			
Output Reference Levels	1.5V			
Output Load	See Figure 1			



Figure 1. Output Load * Includes jig and scope capacitances.

FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION

WRITE/READ AND FLAG FUNCTION

To write data into to the FIFO, Write Enable (WEN) must be LOW. Data presented to the DATA IN lines will be clocked into the FIFO on subsequent transitions of the Write Clock (WCLK). After the first write is performed, the Empty Flag ($\overline{\text{EF}}$) will go HIGH. Subsequent writes will continue to fill up the FIFO.

If one continued to write data into the FIFO, and we assumed no read operations were taking place, the Half-Full Flag (HF) would toggle to LOW once the 129th (72V11165), 257th (72V12165), 513th (72V13165), 1,025th (72V14165), and 2,049th (72V15165) word respectively was written into the FIFO.

When the FIFO is full, the Full Flag (\overline{FF}) will go LOW, inhibiting further write operations. If no reads are performed after a reset, \overline{FF} will go LOW after D writes to the FIFO. D = 256 writes for the IDT72V11165, 512 for the IDT72V12165, 1,024 for the IDT72V13165, 2,048 for the IDT72V14165 and 4,096 for the IDT72V15165, respectively.

If the FIFO is full, the first read operation will cause \overline{FF} to go HIGH. Subsequent read operations will cause the Half-Full Flag (\overline{HF}) to go HIGH. Continuing read operations will cause the FIFO to be empty. When the last word has been read from the FIFO, the \overline{EF} will go LOW inhibiting further read operations. \overline{REN} is ignored when the FIFO is empty.

SIGNAL DESCRIPTIONS:

INPUTS:

DATA IN (Do - D15) Data inputs for 16-bit wide data.

CONTROLS:

RESET (RS)

Reset is accomplished whenever the Reset (\overline{RS}) input is taken to a LOW state. During reset, both internal read and write pointers are set to the first location. A reset is required after power-up before a write operation can take place. The Half-Full Flag (\overline{HF}) to HIGH after tRSF. The Full Flag (\overline{FF}) will reset to HIGH. The Empty Flag (\overline{EF}) will reset to LOW. During reset, the output register is initialized to all zeros and the offset registers are initialized to their default values.

WRITE CLOCK (WCLK)

A write cycle is initiated on the LOW-to-HIGH transition of the Write Clock (WCLK). Data setup and hold times must be met with respect to the LOW-to-HIGH transition of WCLK.

The Write and Read Clocks can be asynchronous or coincident.

WRITE ENABLE (WEN)

When the WEN input is LOW, data may be loaded into the FIFO RAM array on the rising edge of every WCLK cycle if the device is not full. Data is stored in the RAM array sequentially and independently of any ongoing read operation.

When WEN is HIGH, no new data is written in the RAM array on each WCLK cycle.

To prevent data overflow, \overline{FF} will go LOW, inhibiting further write operations. Upon the completion of a valid read cycle, \overline{FF} will go HIGH allowing a write to occur. The \overline{FF} flag is updated on the rising edge of WCLK.

READ CLOCK (RCLK)

Data can be read on the outputs on the LOW-to-HIGH transition of the Read Clock (RCLK), when Output Enable (\overline{OE}) is set LOW.

The Write and Read Clocks can be asynchronous or coincident.

READ ENABLE (REN)

When Read Enable is LOW, data is loaded from the RAM array into the output register on the rising edge of every RCLK cycle if the device is not empty.

When the $\overline{\text{REN}}$ input is HIGH, the output register holds the previous data and no new data is loaded into the output register. The data outputs Q0-Qn maintain the previous data value.

Every word accessed at Qn, including the first word written to an empty FIFO, must be requested using REN. When the last word has been read from the FIFO, the Empty Flag (EF) will go LOW, inhibiting further read operations. REN is ignored when the FIFO is empty. Once a write is performed, EF will go HIGH allowing a read to occur. The EF flag is updated on the rising edge of RCLK.

OUTPUT ENABLE (OE)

When Output Enable (\overline{OE}) is enabled (LOW), the parallel output buffers receive data from the output register. When \overline{OE} is disabled (HIGH), the Q output data bus is in a high-impedance state.

OUTPUTS

FULL FLAG/INPUT READY (FF)

When the FIFO is full, \overline{FF} will go LOW, inhibiting further write operations. When \overline{FF} is HIGH, the FIFO is not full. If no reads are performed after a reset, \overline{FF} will go LOW after D writes to the FIFO. D = 256 writes for the IDT72V11165, 512 for the IDT72V12165, 1,024 for the IDT72V13165, 2,048 for the IDT72V14165 and 4,096 for the IDT72V15165.

FF is synchronous and updated on the rising edge of WCLK.

EMPTY FLAG/OUTPUT READY (EF)

When the FIFO is empty, \overline{EF} will go LOW, inhibiting further read operations. When \overline{EF} is HIGH, the FIFO is not empty.

EF is synchronous and updated on the rising edge of RCLK.

HALF-FULL FLAG (HF)

After half of the memory is filled, and at the LOW-to-HIGH transition of the next write cycle, the Half-Full Flag goes LOW and will remain set until the difference between the write pointer and read pointer is less than or equal to one half of the total memory of the device. The Half-Full Flag (\overline{HF}) is then reset to HIGH by the LOW-to-HIGH transition of the Read Clock (RCLK). The \overline{HF} is asynchronous.

DATA OUTPUTS (Q0-Q15)

Data outputs for 16-bit wide data.



NOTES:

1. The clocks (RCLK, WCLK) can be free-running asynchronously or coincidentally.

2. After reset, the outputs will be LOW if $\overline{OE} = 0$ and high-impedanced if $\overline{OE} = 1$.





NOTE:

1. tskew1 is the minimum time between a rising RCLK edge and a rising WCLK edge to guarantee that FF will go HIGH after one WCLK cycle plus twFF. If the time between the rising edge of RCLK and the rising edge of WCLK is less than tSKEW1, then the FF deassertion time may be delayed an extra WCLK cycle.



IDT72V11165/72V12165/72V13165/72V14165/72V15165 3.3V MULTIMEDIA FIFO 256 x 16, 512 x 16, 1,024 x 16, 2,048 x 16 and 4,096 x 16



NOTE:

1. tskew1 is the minimum time between a rising RCLK edge and a rising WCLK edge to guarantee that FF will go HIGH after one WCLK cycle plus tRFF. If the time between the rising edge of RCLK and the rising edge of WCLK is less than tskew1. then the FF deassertion may be delayed an extra WCLK cycle.





NOTE:

1. tskew1 is the minimum time between a rising WCLK edge and a rising RCLK edge to guarantee that $\overline{\text{EF}}$ will go HIGH after one RCLK cycle plus trees. If the time between the rising edge of WCLK and the rising edge of RCLK is less than tskew1, then the $\overline{\text{EF}}$ deassertion may be delayed an extra RCLK cycle.



ORDERING INFORMATION





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