INTRODUCTION

KS0075 is a dot matrix LCD driver & controller LSI which is fabricated by low power CMOS technology. It can display 1, 2, or 4 lines = with 5×8 or 6×8 dots format.

FUNCTIONS

- Character type dot matrix LCD driver & controller
- Internal driver : 34 common and 100 segment signal output
- Easy interface with 4-bit or 8-bit MPU
- Clock synchronized serial Interface
- 5 × 8 dot matrix possible
- \bullet 6 \times 8 dot matrix possible
- Bi-directional shift function
- All character reverse display
- Display shift per line
- Voltage converter for LCD drive voltage: 13 V max (2 times / 3 times)
- Various instruction functions
- Automatic power on reset

FEATURES

- Internal Memory
 - Character Generator ROM (CGROM) : 9,600 bits (240 characters \times 5 \times 8 dot)
 - Character Generator RAM (CGRAM) : 64 × 8 bits (8 characters × 5 × 8 dot)
 - Segment Icon RAM (SEGRAM) : 16 × 8 bits (96 icons max.)
 - Display Data RAM (DDRAM) : 80×8 bits (80 characters max.)
- Low power operation
 - Power supply voltage range : 2.7 5.5 V (VDD)
 - LCD Drive voltage range: 3.0 13.0 V (VDD V5)
- CMOS process
- Programmable duty cycle : 1/17, 1/33 (refer to Table 1.)
- Internal oscillator with an external resistor
- Bare chip available



Table 1. Programmable duty cycles

5-dot font width

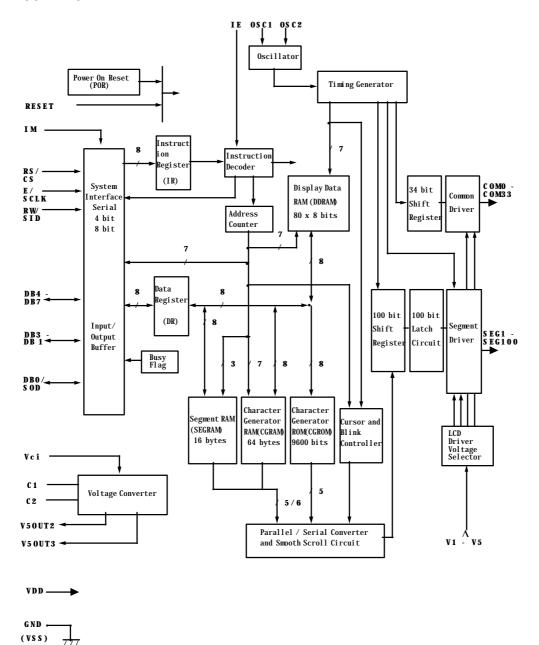
| Display Line | Duty Ratio | Single-chip Operation | | | | | | | |
|--------------|------------|----------------------------|----------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Numbers | | Displayable characters | Possible icons | | | | | | |
| 1 | 1/17 | 1 line of 40 characters | 80 | | | | | | |
| 2 | 1/33 | 2 lines of 40 characters | 80 | | | | | | |
| 4 | 1/33 | 4 line of 20 characters 80 | | | | | | | |

6-dot font width

| Display Line | Duty Ratio | Single-chip Operation | | | | | | | |
|--------------|------------|--------------------------|----------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Numbers | | Displayable characters | Possible icons | | | | | | |
| 1 | 1/17 | 1 line of 32 characters | 96 | | | | | | |
| 2 | 1/33 | 2 lines of 32 characters | 96 | | | | | | |
| 4 | 1/33 | 4 line of 16 characters | 96 | | | | | | |

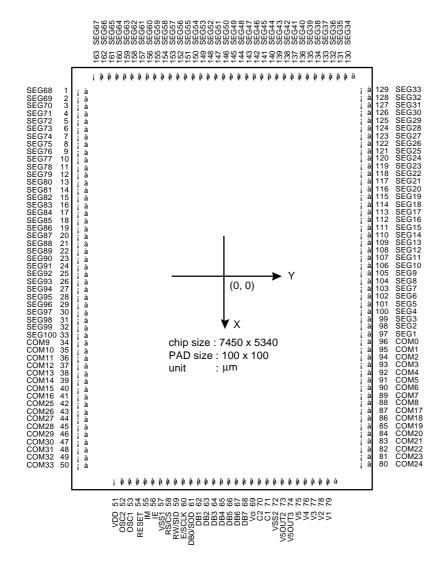


BLOCK DIAGRAM





PAD CONFIGURATION





PAD LOCATION

UNIT(§)

| DAD | DAD | COOPE | NE NA TENE | DAD | DAD | COODE | NE NATION | DAD | DAD | COOPE | UNIT(§) |
|--------|--------|--------|------------|--------|----------|-------|-----------|--------|----------------|--------|----------|
| PAD | PAD | | INATE | PAD | PAD | | I NATE | PAD | PAD | | INATE |
| NUMBER | NAME | X | Y | NUMBER | NAME | X | Y | NUMBER | NAME | Х | Y |
| 1 | SEG68 | -2975 | -2504 | 41 | COM16 | 2137 | -2504 | 81 | COM23 | 3137 | 2504 |
| 2 | SEG69 | -2850 | -2504 | 42 | COM25 | 2262 | -2504 | 82 | COM22 | 3012 | 2504 |
| 3 | SEG70 | -2725 | -2504 | 43 | COM26 | 2387 | -2504 | 83 | COM21 | 2887 | 2504 |
| 4 | SEG71 | -2600 | -2504 | 44 | COM27 | 2512 | -2504 | 84 | COM20 | 2762 | 2504 |
| 5 | SEG72 | -2475 | -2504 | 45 | COM28 | 2637 | -2504 | 85 | COM19 | 2637 | 2504 |
| 6 | SEG73 | -2350 | -2504 | 46 | COM29 | 2762 | -2504 | 86 | COM18 | 2512 | 2504 |
| 7 | SEG74 | -2225 | -2504 | 47 | COMBO | 2887 | -2504 | 87 | COM17 | 2387 | 2504 |
| 8 | SEG75 | -2100 | -2504 | 48 | COMB1 | 3012 | -2504 | 88 | COMB | 2262 | 2504 |
| 9 | SEG76 | - 1975 | -2504 | 49 | COMB2 | 3137 | -2504 | 89 | COM7 | 2137 | 2504 |
| 10 | SEG77 | -1850 | -2504 | 50 | COMB3 | 3262 | -2504 | 90 | COM6 | 2012 | 2504 |
| 11 | SEG78 | - 1725 | -2504 | 51 | VDD | 3559 | -1750 | 91 | COM5 | 1887 | 2504 |
| 12 | SEG79 | -1600 | -2504 | 52 | OSC2 | 3559 | - 1625 | 92 | COM4 | 1762 | 2504 |
| 13 | SEG80 | -1475 | -2504 | 53 | OSC1 | 3559 | -1500 | 93 | COMB | 1637 | 2504 |
| 14 | SEG81 | -1350 | -2504 | 54 | RESET | 3559 | -1375 | 94 | COM2 | 1512 | 2504 |
| 15 | SEG82 | -1225 | -2504 | 55 | IM | 3559 | -1250 | 95 | COM | 1387 | 2504 |
| 16 | SEG83 | -1100 | -2504 | 56 | IE | 3559 | -1125 | 96 | COMD | 1262 | 2504 |
| 17 | SEG84 | -975 | -2504 | 57 | VSS1 | 3559 | -1000 | 97 | SEG1 | 1024 | 2504 |
| 18 | SEG85 | -850 | -2504 | 58 | RS/CS | 3559 | -875 | 98 | SEG2 | 899 | 2504 |
| 19 | SEG86 | - 725 | -2504 | 59 | RW/SID | 3559 | -750 | 99 | SEG3 | 774 | 2504 |
| 20 | SEG87 | -600 | -2504 | 60 | E/SCLK | 3559 | -625 | 100 | SEG4 | 649 | 2504 |
| 21 | SEG88 | - 475 | -2504 | 61 | DBO/SOD | 3559 | - 500 | 101 | SEG5 | 524 | 2504 |
| 22 | SEG89 | -350 | -2504 | 62 | DB1 | 3559 | -375 | 102 | SEG6 | 399 | 2504 |
| 23 | SEG90 | -225 | -2504 | 63 | DB2 | 3559 | -250 | 103 | SEG7 | 274 | 2504 |
| 24 | SEG91 | -100 | -2504 | 64 | DB3 | 3559 | -125 | 104 | SEG8 | 149 | 2504 |
| 25 | SEG92 | 24 | -2504 | 65 | DB4 | 3559 | 0 | 105 | SEG9 | 24 | 2504 |
| 26 | SEG93 | 149 | -2504 | 66 | DB5 | 3559 | 125 | 106 | SEG10 | -100 | 2504 |
| 27 | SEG94 | 274 | -2504 | 67 | DB6 | 3559 | 250 | 107 | SEG11 | -225 | 2504 |
| 28 | SEG95 | 399 | -2504 | 68 | DB7 | 3559 | 375 | 108 | SEG12 | -350 | 2504 |
| 29 | SEG96 | 524 | -2504 | 69 | VCI | 3559 | 500 | 109 | SEG13 | -475 | 2504 |
| 30 | SEG97 | 649 | -2504 | 70 | C2 | 3559 | 625 | 110 | SEG14 | -600 | 2504 |
| 31 | SEG98 | 774 | -2504 | 71 | C1 | 3559 | 750 | 111 | SEG15 | -725 | 2504 |
| 32 | SEG99 | 899 | -2504 | 72 | VSS2 | 3559 | 875 | 112 | SEG16 | -850 | 2504 |
| 33 | SEG100 | 1024 | -2504 | 73 | V50UT2 | 3559 | 1000 | 113 | SEG17 | -975 | 2504 |
| 34 | COMP | 1262 | -2504 | 74 | V50UT3 | 3559 | 1125 | 114 | SEG18 | -1100 | 2504 |
| 35 | COMIO | 1387 | -2504 | 75 | V50013 | 3559 | 1250 | 115 | SEG19 | -1225 | 2504 |
| 36 | COMI 1 | 1512 | -2504 | 76 | V3 V4 | 3559 | 1375 | 116 | SEG20 | -1350 | 2504 |
| 37 | COM11 | 1637 | -2504 | 77 | V4 V3 | 3559 | 1500 | 117 | SEG20 | | 2504 |
| 38 | COM12 | 1762 | -2504 | 78 | V3 V2 | 3559 | 1625 | 117 | SEG21 SEG22 | -1475 | 2504 |
| | | | | | | | | | | -1600 | |
| 39 | COM14 | 1887 | -2504 | 79 | V1 | 3559 | 1750 | 119 | SEG23 | -1725 | 2504 |
| 40 | COM15 | 2012 | -2504 | 80 | COM24 | 3262 | 2504 | 120 | SEG24 | - 1850 | 2504 |



UNIT(§)

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| | PAD NAME SEG25 SEG26 SEG27 SEG28 SEG29 SEG30 SEG31 SEG32 SEG33 SEG34 SEG35 SEG36 SEG37 SEG38 SEG36 SEG37 SEG40 SEG41 SEG42 SEG42 SEG43 SEG41 SEG42 SEG45 SEG45 SEG45 SEG56 SEG57 SEG58 SEG56 SEG57 SEG58 SEG59 SEG60 SEG61 SEG62 SEG63 SEG64 | NAME X SEG25 -1975 SEG26 -2100 SEG27 -2225 SEG28 -2350 SEG29 -2475 SEG30 -2600 SEG31 -2725 SEG32 -2850 SEG33 -2975 SEG34 -3559 SEG35 -3559 SEG36 -3559 SEG37 -3559 SEG39 -3559 SEG40 -3559 SEG41 -3559 SEG42 -3559 SEG43 -3559 SEG44 -3559 SEG45 -3559 SEG46 -3559 SEG47 -3559 SEG48 -3559 SEG49 -3559 SEG50 -3559 SEG51 -3559 SEG52 -3559 SEG53 -3559 SEG54 -3559 SEG55 -3559 SEG56 | NAME X Y SEG25 -1975 2504 SEG26 -2100 2504 SEG27 -2225 2504 SEG28 -2350 2504 SEG29 -2475 2504 SEG30 -2600 2504 SEG31 -2725 2504 SEG32 -2850 2504 SEG33 -2975 2504 SEG34 -3559 2062 SEG35 -3559 1937 SEG36 -3559 1812 SEG37 -3559 1812 SEG38 -3559 1562 SEG39 -3559 1437 SEG40 -3559 1187 SEG41 -3559 1187 SEG42 -3559 1187 SEG42 -3559 112 SEG44 -3559 812 SEG45 -3559 812 SEG46 -3559 312 SEG48 -3559 | NAME X Y NUMBER SEC25 -1975 2504 161 SEC26 -2100 2504 162 SEC27 -2225 2504 163 SEC28 -2350 2504 | NAME X Y NUMBER NAME SEC25 -1975 2504 161 SEG65 SEC26 -2100 2504 162 SEG66 SEC27 -2225 2504 163 SEC67 SEC28 -2350 2504 | NAME X Y NUMBER NAME SEG25 -1975 2504 161 SEG65 -3559 SEG26 -2100 2504 162 SEG66 -3559 SEG27 -2225 2504 163 SEG67 -3559 SEG28 -2350 2504 | NAME X Y NUMBER NAME X Y SEC25 -1975 2504 161 SEC65 -3559 -1812 SEC26 -2100 2504 162 SEC66 -3559 -1937 SEC27 -2225 2504 163 SEC67 -3559 -2062 SEC28 -2350 2504 | NAME X Y NUMBER NAME X Y NUMBER SEG25 -1975 2504 161 SEG65 -3559 -1812 SEG26 -2100 2504 162 SEG66 -3559 -1937 SEG27 -2225 2504 163 SEG67 -3559 -2062 SEG28 -2350 2504 | NAME | NAME X |

 $^{^{\}ast}$ "KS0075" Marking : easy to find the PAD No.115



PAD DESCRIPTION

| PAD (NO) | INPUT/ | NAME | DESCRIPTION | INTERFACE |
|--|---------|-------------------|--|------------------------------|
| | OUTPUT | | | |
| VDD (51) | | | for logical circuit(+3V,+5V) | |
| VSS1,VSS2 | - | | 0V(GND) | |
| (57,72) | | | | |
| V1 - V5 | | Power supply | Bias voltage level for LCD driving. | Power supply |
| (79 - 75) | | | | |
| Vci (69) | Input | | Input voltage to the voltage converter to generate LCD drive voltage(Vci = 1.0-4.5V). | |
| SEG1 - SEG100 (97 - 163, 1 - 33) | Output | Segment output | Segment signal output for LCD drive. | LCD |
| COM0 - COM33 | Output | Common output | Common signal output for LCD drive. | LCD |
| (80 - 96, | | | | |
| 34 - 50) | | | | |
| OSC1,OSC2 | Input | Oscillator | When use internal oscillator, connect external Rf resistor. | External resistor/oscillator |
| (53,52) | (OSC1), | | If external clock is used, connect it to OSC1. | (OSC1) |
| | Output | | onemai diodi io doda, cominati ii to dod ii | (333.) |
| | (OSC2) | | | |
| C1,C2 (71,70) | Input | External | To use the voltage converter(2 times /3 times), these pins must be connected to the external | External |
| | | capacitance input | capacitance. | capacitance |
| RESET (54) | Input | Reset pin | Initialized to Low | - |
| IE (56) | Input | Select pin | When IE = "High", Instruction set is | - |
| | | of | selected as Table 6. | |
| | | instruction | When IE = "Low", Instruction set is selected as Table 10. | |
| | | set | Table 10. | |
| V5OUT2(73) | Output | Two times | The value of Vci is converted two times. To use three times converter, the same | V5 |
| | | converter | capacitance as that of C1-C2 should be | capacitance |
| | | output | connected here. | |
| V5OUT3(74) | | Three times | The value of Vci is converted three times. | V5 |
| | | converter | | |
| | | output | | |



PAD DESCRIPTION (continued)

| PAD (NO) | INPUT/ | NAME | DESCRIPTION | INTERFACE |
|------------------------|---------------|--------------------------------------|---|-----------|
| | OUTPUT | | | |
| IM (55) | Input | Interface mode selection | Select Interface mode with the MPU. When IM = "Low" : Serial mode, | - |
| | | | When IM = "High" : 4-bit/8-bit bus mode. | |
| RS/CS (58) | Input | Register select/ Chip select | In bus mode, used as register selection input. When RS/CS = "High", Data register is selected. When RS/CS = "Low", Instruction register is selected. | MPU |
| | | | In serial mode, used as chip selection input. When RS/CS = "Low", selected. When RS/CS = "High", not selected.(Low access enable) | |
| RW/SID (59) | Input | Read_write/ | In bus mode, used as read/write selection input. | MPU |
| | | Serial input data | When RW/SID = "High", read operation. When RW/SID = "Low", write operation. | |
| | | | In serial mode, used for data input pin. | |
| E/SCLK (60) | Input | Read_write enable/Serial clock | In bus mode, used as read_write enable signal. In serial mode, used as serial clock input pin. | MPU |
| DB0/SOD (61) | Input_Output/ | Data bus 0 bit/Serial output | In 8-bit bus mode, used as lowest bi-directional data bit. During 4-bit bus mode, Open this pin. | MPU |
| | Output | data | In serial mode, used as serial data output pin. If not in read operation, open this pin. | |
| DB1 - DB3 (62 - 64) | Input. | Data bus 1 ~ 7 | In 8-bit bus mode, used as low order bi- directional data bus. | MPU |
| (32 01) | Output | | During 4-bit bus mode or serial mode, open these pins. | |
| DB4 - DB7 (65 - 68) | | | In 8-bit bus mode, used as high order bi- directional data bus. In case of 4-bit bus mode, used as both high and low order. DB7 used for Busy Flag output. | MPU |
| | | | During serial mode, open these pins. | |



FUNCTION DESCRIPTION

System Interface

This chip has all three kinds interface type with MPU: serial, 4-bit bus and 8-bit bus. Serial and bus(4-bit/8-bit) is selected by IM input, and 4-bit bus and 8-bit bus is selected by DL bit in the instruction register.

During read or write operation, two 8-bit registers are used. one is data register (DR), the other is instruction register(IR).

The data register(DR) is used as temporary data storage place for being written into or read from DDRAM/CGRAM/SEGRAM, target RAM is selected by RAM address setting instruction. Each internal operation, reading from or writing into RAM, is done automatically.

Hence, after MPU reads DR data, the data in the next DDRAM/CGRAM/SEGRAM address is transferred into DR automatically. Also after MPU writes data to DR, the data in DR is transferred into DDRAM/CGRAM/SEGRAM automatically.

The Instruction register(IR) is used only to store instruction code transferred from MPU. MPU cannot use it to read instruction data

To select register, use RS/CS input pin in 4-bit/8-bit bus mode(IM = "High") or RS bit in serial mode(IM = "Low").

Table 2. Various kinds of operations according to RS and R/W bits.

| RS | R/W | Operation |
|----|-----|---|
| 0 | 0 | Instruction Write operation (MPU writes Instruction code into IR) |
| 0 | 1 | Read Busy flag(DB7) and address counter (DB0 - DB6) |
| 1 | 0 | Data Write operation (MPU writes data into DR) |
| 1 | 1 | Data Read operation (MPU reads data from DR) |

Busy Flag (BF)

When BF = "High", it indicates that the internal operation is being processed. So during this time the next instruction cannot be accepted. BF can be read, when RS = Low and R/W = High(Read Instruction Operation), through DB7 port . Before executing the next instruction, be sure that BF is not High.



Display Data RAM (DDRAM)

DDRAM stores display data of maximum 80×8 bits (80 characters). DDRAM address is set in the address counter (AC) as a hexadecimal number. (refer to Fig-1.)

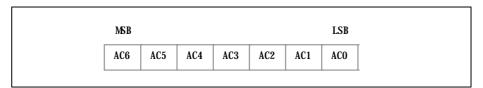


Fig-1. DDRAM Address

- 1) Display of 5-dot font width character
- ♦ 5-dot 1 line display

In the case of 1 line display with 5-dot font, the address range of DDRAM is 00H - 4FH. (Refer to Fig-2)

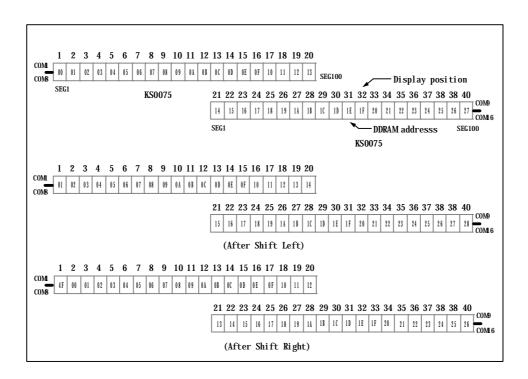


Fig-2. 1-line X 40ch. display



♦ 5-dot 2 line display

In the case of 2 line display with 5-dot font, the address range of DDRAM is 00H - 27H, 40H - 67H. (Refer to Fig-3)

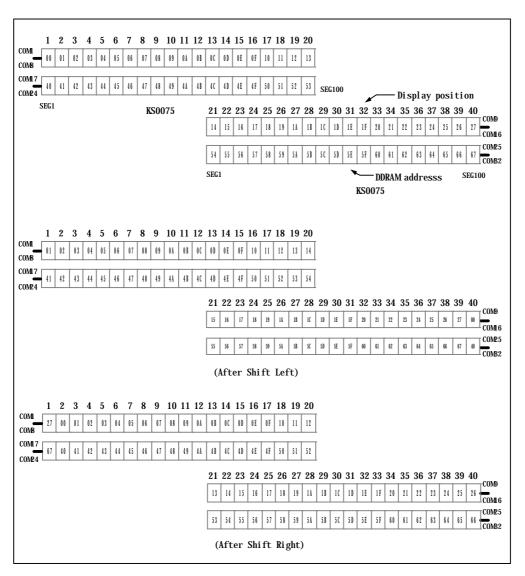


Fig-3. 2-line X 40ch. display (5-dot font width)



♦ 5-dot 4 line display

In the case of 4 line display with 5-dot font, the address range of DDARM is 00H - 13H, 20H - 33H, 40H - 53H, 60H - 73H. (Refer to Fig-4)

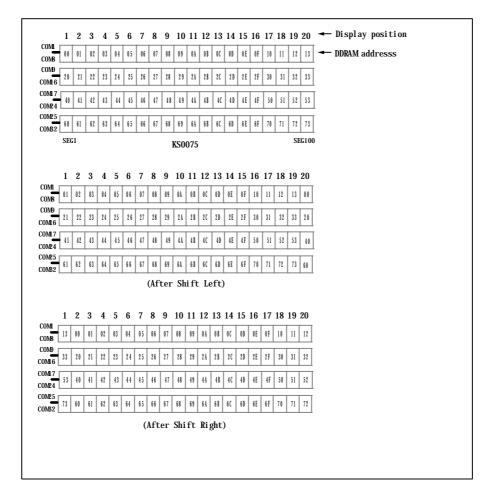


Fig-4. 4-line X 20ch. display (5-dot font width)



2) Display of 6-dot font width character

When this device is used in 6-dot font width mode, SEG97,SEG98,SEG99 and SEG100 must be open.

♦ 6-dot 1 line display

In the case of 1 line display with 6-dot font, the address range of DDRAM is 00H - 4FH. (Refer to Fig-5)

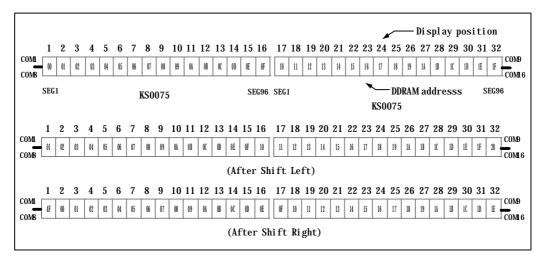


Fig-5. 1-line X 32ch. display



♦ 6-dot 2 line display

In the case of 2 line display with 6-dot font, the address range of DDRAM is 00H - 27H, 40H - 67H. (refer to Fig-6)

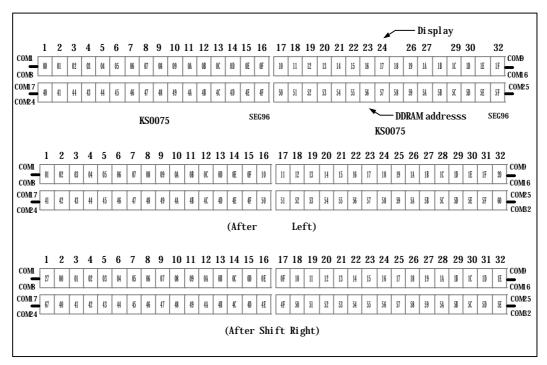


Fig-6. 2-line X 32ch. display (6-dot font width)



◆ 6-dot 4 line display

In the case of 4 line display with 6-dot font, the address range of DDARM is 00H - 13H, 20H - 33H, 40H - 53H, 60H - 73H. (refer to Fig-7)

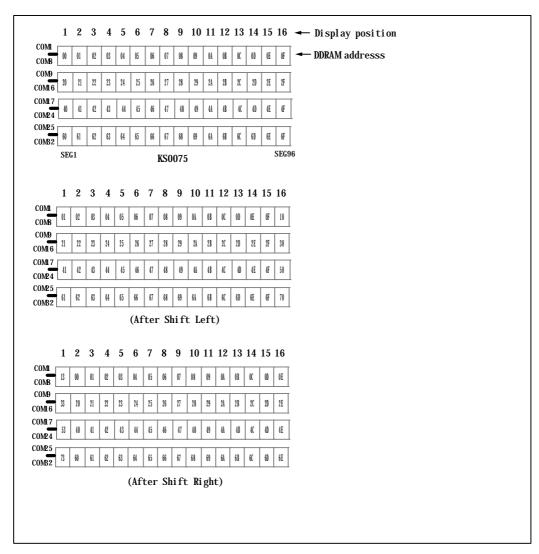


Fig-7. 4-line X 16ch. display (6-dot font width)



Timing Generation Circuit

Timing generation circuit generates clock signals for the internal operations.

Address Counter (AC)

Address Counter(AC) stores DDRAM/CGRAM/SEGRAM address, transferred from IR.

After writing into (reading from) DDRAM/CGRAM/SEGRAM, AC is automatically increased (decreased) by 1.

When RS = "Low" and R/W = "High", AC can be read through DB0 - DB6 ports

Cursor/Blink Control Circuit

It controls cursor/blink ON/OFF and black/white inversion at cursor position.

LCD Driver Circuit

LCD Driver circuit has 34 common and 100 segment signals for LCD driving.

Data from SEGRAM/CGRAM/CGROM is transferred to 100-bit segment latch serially, which is stored to 100-bit shift latch.

When each common is selected by 34-bit common register, segment data also output through segment driver from 100-bit segment latch.

In 1-line display mode, COM0 - COM17 have 1/17 duty, and in 2-line or 4-line mode, COM0-COM33 have 1/33 duty ratio.



KS0075

CGROM (Character Generator ROM)

CGROM has $5\times 8\text{-dot}$ 240 character pattern. (refer to Table 3) Table 3. CGROM Character Code Table



CGRAM (Character Generator RAM)

CGRAM has up to 5×8 -dot 8 characters. By writing font data to CGRAM, user defined character can be used. (Refer to Table 4)

Table 4. Relationship between Character Code(DDRAM) and Character Pattern(CGRAM)

1) 5×8 dot Character pattern

| (| hara | cter | Cod | e (DD | RAM | data | .) | | CG | RAM : | addre | ess | | CGRAM data | | | | | | | | Pattern |
|----|------|------------|-----------|-------|-----|------|----|----|----------|-------|-------|-----|----|------------|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|-----------|
| D7 | D6 | D 5 | D4 | D3 | D2 | D1 | DO | A5 | A4 | A3 | A2 | A1 | A0 | P 7 | P6 | P5 | P4 | Р3 | P2 | P1 | P0 | number |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | Х | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | B1 | В0 | X | 0 | "ç | ç | "ç | 0 | pattern 1 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | 0 | 0 | 1 | | | | ç | 0 | 0 | 0 | "ç | |
| | | | : | | | | | | : | | 0 | 1 | 0 | | : | | ¨ç | 0 | 0 | 0 | "ç | |
| | | | ÷ | | | | | | ÷ | | 0 | 1 | 1 | | : | | ç | "ç | "ç | "ç | "ç | |
| | | | : | | | | | | • | | 1 | 0 | 0 | | : | | ¨ç | 0 | 0 | 0 | "ç | |
| | | | ÷ | | | | | | ÷ | | 1 | 0 | 1 | | : | | ¨ç | 0 | 0 | 0 | "ç | |
| | | | : | | | | | | : | | 1 | 1 | 0 | | : | | ç | 0 | 0 | 0 | "ç | |
| | | | • | | | | | | • | | 1 | 1 | 1 | | : | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| | | | : | : | | | | | : | | | : | | | | | | : | | | | : |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | Х | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | B1 | ВО | Х | ç | 0 | 0 | 0 | "ç | pattern 8 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | 0 | 0 | 1 | | | | ¨ç | 0 | 0 | 0 | "ç | |
| | | | : | | | | | | : | | 0 | 1 | 0 | | : | | ¨ç | 0 | 0 | 0 | "ç | |
| | | | : | | | | | | : | | 0 | 1 | 1 | | : | | ¨ç | ¨ç | ¨ç | ¨ç | "ç | |
| | | | : | | | | | | : | | 1 | 0 | 0 | | : | | ¨ç | 0 | 0 | 0 | "ç | |
| | | | : | | | | | | : | | 1 | 0 | 1 | | ÷ | | ç | 0 | 0 | 0 | "ç | |
| | | | : | | | | | | : | | 1 | 1 | 0 | | : | | ç | 0 | 0 | 0 | "ç | |
| | | | : | | | | | | <u>:</u> | | 1 | 1 | 1 | | : | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |



2) 6×8 dot Character pattern

| C | Character Code (DDRAM data) CGRAM | | | | | | | | | RAM | addr | ess | | CGRAM data | | | | | | | Pattern | |
|----|-----------------------------------|------------|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|-----|------|-----|----|------------|----|----|----|----|----|----|---------|-----------|
| D7 | D6 | D 5 | D4 | D3 | D2 | D1 | DO | A5 | A4 | A3 | A2 | A1 | A0 | P 7 | P6 | P5 | P4 | Р3 | P2 | P1 | P0 | number |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | X | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | B1 | ВО | 0 | 0 | ç | ç | ç | 0 | pattern 1 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | 0 | 0 | 1 | | | 0 | ç | 0 | 0 | 0 | ç | |
| | | | | : | | | | | : | | 0 | 1 | 0 | : | | 0 | ç | 0 | 0 | 0 | ç | |
| | | | | : | | | | | : | | 0 | 1 | 1 | | | 0 | ç | ç | ç | ç | ç | |
| | | | | : | | | | | : | | 1 | 0 | 0 | : | | 0 | ç | 0 | 0 | 0 | ç | |
| | | | | : | | | | | : | | 1 | 0 | 1 | | | 0 | ç | 0 | 0 | 0 | ç | |
| | | | | : | | | | | : | | 1 | 1 | 0 | : | | 0 | "ç | 0 | 0 | 0 | ç | |
| | | | | : | | | | | : | | 1 | 1 | 1 | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| | | | | | | | | | : | | | : | | | | | : | | | | | : |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | X | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | B1 | ВО | 0 | "ç | 0 | 0 | 0 | ç | pattern 8 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | 0 | 0 | 1 | | | 0 | "ç | 0 | 0 | 0 | "ç | |
| | | | | : | | | | | : | | 0 | 1 | 0 | | : | 0 | ç | 0 | 0 | 0 | ç | |
| | | | | : | | | | | : | | 0 | 1 | 1 | | : | 0 | ç | ç | ç | ç | ç | |
| | | | | : | | | | | : | | 1 | 0 | 0 | | : | 0 | ç | 0 | 0 | 0 | ç | |
| | | | | : | | | | | : | | 1 | 0 | 1 | ; | : | 0 | ç | 0 | 0 | 0 | ç | |
| | | | | : | | | | | : | | 1 | 1 | 0 | | : | 0 | ç | 0 | 0 | 0 | ç | |
| | | | | • | | | | | • | | 1 | 1 | 1 | | • | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |

1. When BE(Blink Enable bit) = "HIGH", blink is controlled by B1 and B0 bit.

In displaying 5-dot font width, when B1 = "1", enabled dots of P0 - P4 will blink, and when B1 = "0" and B0 = "1" enabled dots in P4 will blink, when B1 = "0" and B0 = "0", blink will not have been B1 = "0" and B1 = "0".

In displaying 6-dot font width, when B1 = "1", enabled dots of P0 - P5 will blink, and when B1 = "0" and B0 = "1", enabled dots of P5 will blink, when B1 = "0" and B0 = "0", blink will not happen.

2. "X" : Don't care



SEGRAM (Segment Icon RAM)

SEGRAM has segment control data and segment pattern data. During 1-line display mode, COM0(COM17) makes the data of SEGRAM enable to display icons. When used in 2/4-line display mode COM0(COM33) does that. Its higher 2-bits are blinking control data, and lower 6-bits are pattern data. (refer to Table 5 and Fig-8)

Table 5. Relationship between SEGRAM address and display pattern

| SEG | RAM | addr | ess | | | | | | SEGR | AM d | ata di | display pattern | | | | | | | | |
|-----|-----|------|-----|------------|------------|------|-----------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|-----|--|
| | | | | | | 5-dc | t fo | nt w | i dth | ı | | 6-dot font width | | | | | | | | |
| A3 | A2 | A1 | A0 | D7 | D6 | D5 | D4 | D3 | D2 | D1 | DO | D7 | D6 | D5 | D4 | D3 | D2 | D1 | DO | |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | B1 | В0 | X | S1 | S2 | S 3 | S4 | S 5 | B1 | ВО | S1 | S2 | S 3 | S4 | S5 | S6 | |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | B1 | B 0 | X | S6 | S 7 | S8 | S9 | S10 | B1 | B 0 | S 7 | S8 | S9 | S10 | S11 | S12 | |
| 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | B1 | ВО | X | S11 | S12 | S13 | S14 | S15 | B1 | ВО | S13 | S14 | S15 | S16 | S17 | S18 | |
| 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | B1 | ВО | X | S16 | S17 | S18 | S19 | S20 | B1 | ВО | S19 | S20 | S21 | S22 | S23 | S24 | |
| 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | B1 | ВО | X | S21 | S22 | S23 | S24 | S25 | B1 | ВО | S25 | S26 | S27 | S28 | S29 | S30 | |
| 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | B1 | ВО | X | S26 | S27 | S28 | S29 | S30 | B1 | ВО | S31 | S32 | S33 | S34 | S35 | S36 | |
| 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | B1 | ВО | X | S31 | S32 | S33 | S34 | S35 | B1 | ВО | S37 | S38 | S39 | S40 | S41 | S42 | |
| 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | B1 | ВО | X | S36 | S37 | S38 | S39 | S40 | B1 | ВО | S43 | S44 | S45 | S46 | S47 | S48 | |
| 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | B 1 | В0 | X | S41 | S42 | S43 | S44 | S45 | B1 | ВО | S49 | S50 | S51 | S52 | S53 | S54 | |
| 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | B1 | ВО | X | S46 | S47 | S48 | S49 | S50 | B1 | ВО | S55 | S56 | S57 | S58 | S59 | S60 | |
| 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | B1 | ВО | X | S51 | S52 | S53 | S54 | S55 | B1 | ВО | S61 | S62 | S63 | S64 | S65 | S66 | |
| 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | B1 | ВО | X | S56 | S57 | S58 | S59 | S60 | B1 | ВО | S67 | S68 | S69 | S70 | S71 | S72 | |
| 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | B 1 | В0 | X | S61 | S62 | S63 | S64 | S65 | B 1 | В0 | S73 | S74 | S75 | S76 | S77 | S78 | |
| 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | B1 | ВО | X | S66 | S67 | S68 | S69 | S70 | B1 | ВО | S79 | S80 | S81 | S82 | S83 | S84 | |
| 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | B1 | B0 | X | S71 | S72 | S73 | S74 | S75 | B1 | B0 | S85 | S86 | S87 | S88 | S89 | S90 | |
| 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | B1 | В0 | X | S76 | S77 | S78 | S79 | S80 | B1 | В0 | S91 | S92 | S93 | S94 | S95 | S96 | |

* 1. B1, B0 : Blinking control bit

| Control Bit | Blinkin | g Port |
|-------------|------------------|------------------|
| BE B1 B0 | 5-dot font width | 6-dot font width |
| 0 X X | No blink | No blink |
| 1 0 0 | No blink | No blink |
| 1 0 1 | D4 | D5 |
| 1 1 X | D4 ~ D0 | D5 ~ D0 |

2. S1~S80 : Icon pattern ON/OFF in 5-dot font width S1~S96: Icon pattern ON/OFF in 6-dot font width 3. "X": Don't care



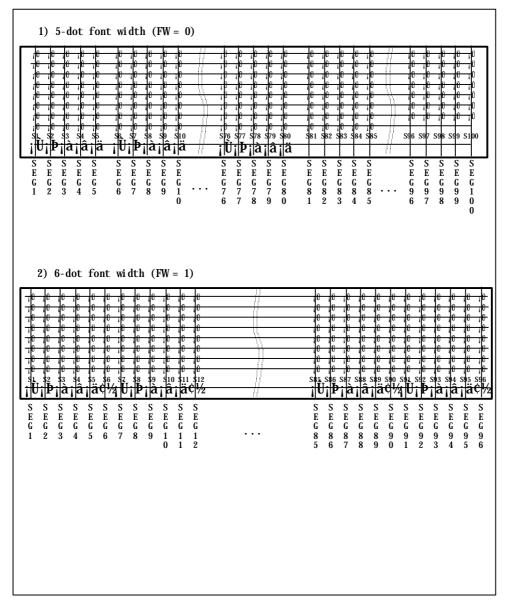


Fig-8. Relationship between SEGRAM and segment display



INSTRUCTION DESCRIPTION

OUTLINE

To overcome the speed difference between internal clock of KS0075 and MPU clock, KS0075performs internal operation by storing control information to IR or DR. The internal operation is determined according to the signal from MPU, composed of read/write and data bus. (refer to Table 6/10)

Instruction can be divided largely four kinds,

- (1) KS0075 function set instructions (set display methods, set data length, etc.)
- (2) address set instructions to internal RAM
- (3) data transfer instructions with internal RAM
- (4) others .

The address of internal RAM is automatically increased or decreased by 1.

When IE = "High", KS0075 is operated according to Instruction Set 1(Table 6) and when IE = "Low", KS0075 is operated according to Instruction Set 2(Table 10).

* Note : During internal operation, Busy Flag (DB7) is read High. Busy Flag check must precede the next instruction.

When an MPU program with Busy Flag(DB7) checking is made, 1/2 fosc (is necessary) for executing the next instruction by the falling edge of the "E" signal after the Busy Flag(DB7) goes to "Low".



(1) INSTRUCTION DESCRIPTION 1 (IE = "High")

Table 6. Instruction Set 1

| Instruction | RE | | | | lı | nstru | ction | Code |) | | | Description | Execution Time |
|------------------------------|----|----|-----|-----|-----|-------|-------|------|-------|-------|-----|---|------------------|
| | | RS | R/W | DB7 | DB6 | DB5 | DB4 | DB3 | DB2 I | DB1 D | В0 | | (fosc = 270 kHz) |
| Clear Display | х | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | Write "20H" to DDRAM. and set DDRAM address to "00H" from AC. | 1.53ms |
| Return Home | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | Х | Set DDRAM address to "00H" from AC and return cursor to its original position if shifted. The contents of DDRAM are not changed. | 1.53ms |
| Power Down Mode | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | PD | Set power down mode bit. PD = "1" :power down mode set, PD = "0" :power down mode disable | 39μs |
| Entry Mode Set | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | I/D | S | Assign cursor moving direction. I/D = "1" : increment, I/D = "0" : decrement and display shift enable bit. S = "1" : make display shift of the enabled lines by the DS4 - DS1 bits in the Shift Enable instruction. S = "0":display shift disable | 39 µs |
| | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | BID | Segment bi-direction function. BID = "1" : Seg100 \rightarrow Seg1, BID = "0" : Seg1 \rightarrow Seg100. | |
| Display ON/OFF Control | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | D | С | В | Set display/cursor/blink on/off D = "1" : display on, D = "0" : display off, C = "1" : cursor on, C = "0" : cursor off, B = "1" : blink on, B = "0" : blink off. | 39 µs |
| Extended function set | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | FW | B/W | NW | Assign font width, black/white inverting of cursor, and 4-line display mode control bit. FW = "1" : 6-dot font width, FW = "0" : 5-dot font width, B/W = "1" : black/white inverting of cursor enable, B/W = "0" : black/white inverting of cursor disable NW = "1" : 4-line display mode, NW = "0" : 1-line or 2-line display mode. | 39 μs |



(Table 6. continued)

| | | | | | | | | | 1 | continued) |
|----------------------------------|----|----|------------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----------------|--|------------|
| | 5- | | Instruction Code | | | | | | 5 | Execution |
| Instruction | RE | | ı | 1 | | | | | Description | Time |
| | | RS | R/W | DB7 | DB6 | DB5 | DB4 | DB3 DB2 DB1 DB0 | | (fosc = |
| | | | | | | | | | Common display abits | 270 kHz) |
| Cursor or Display Shift | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | S/C R/L X X | Cursor or display shift. S/C = "1" : display shift, S/C = "0" : cursor shift, R/L = "1" : shift to right, R/L = "0" : shift to left. | 39 μs |
| Shift Enable | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | DS4 DS3 DS2 DS1 | (when DH = "1") Determine the line for display shift . DS1 = "1/0": 1st line display shift enable/disable DS2 = "1/0": 2nd line display shift enable/disable DS3 = "1/0": 3rd line display shift enable/disable DS4 = "1/0": 4th line display shift enable/disable. | 39 µs |
| Scroll Enable | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | HS4 HS3 HS2 HS1 | (when DH = "0") Determine the line for horizontal smooth scroll. HS1 = "1/0" : 1st line dot scroll enable/disable HS2 = "1/0" : 2nd line dot scroll enable/disable HS3 = "1/0" : 3rd line dot scroll enable/disable HS4 = "1/0" : 4th line dot scroll enable/disable. | 39 µs |
| Function Set | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | DL | N RE(0) DH REV | Set interface data length (DL = "1" : 8-bit, DL = "0" : 4-bit), numbers of display line when NW = "0", (N = "1" : 2-line, N = "0" : 1-line), extension register, RE("0"), shift/scroll enable DH = "1" : display shift enable DH = "0" : dot scroll enable. reverse bit REV = "1" : reverse display, REV = "0" : normal display. | 39 µs |
| | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | DL | N RE(1) BE 0 | Set DL, N, RE("1") and CGRAM/SEGRAM blink enable (BE) BE = " 1/0" : CGRAM/SEGRAM blink enable/disable | 39 μs |



(Table 6. continued)

| | | | | | | | | | | | | (| J. continucu) |
|-------------------------------------|----|----|------------------|----|-------|----------------------------|-------|-----|-----|-----|-----|--|-------------------|
| Instruction | RE | | Instruction Code | | | | | ode | | | | Description | Execution Time |
| | | RS | R/W | DB | 7 DB6 | B6 DB5 DB4 DB3 DB2 DB1 DB0 | | | DB1 | DB0 | | (fosc = 270 kHz) | |
| Set CGRAM Address | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | AC5 | 5 AC4 | AC3 | AC2 | AC1 | AC0 | Set CGRAM address in address counter. | 39 μs |
| Set SEGRAM Address | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | Х | Х | AC3 | AC2 | AC1 | AC0 | Set SEGRAM address in address counter. | 39 μs |
| Set DDRAM Address | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | AC6 | AC5 | AC4 | AC3 | AC2 | AC1 | AC0 | Set DDRAM address in address counter. | 39 μs |
| Set Scroll Quantity | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | Х | SQ5 | SQ4 | SQ3 | SQ2 | SQ1 | SQ0 | Set the quantity of horizontal dot scroll. | 39 μs |
| Read Busy flag and Address | х | 0 | 1 | BF | AC6 | AC5 | AC4 | AC3 | AC2 | AC1 | AC0 | Can be known whether during internal operation or not by reading BF. The contents of address counter can also be read. BF = "1": busy state, BF = "0": ready state. | 0 μs |
| Write Data | Х | 1 | 0 | D7 | D6 | D5 | D4 | D3 | D2 | D1 | D0 | Write data into internal RAM (DDRAM / CGRAM / SEGRAM). | 43 μs |
| Read Data | х | 1 | 1 | D7 | D6 | D5 | D4 | D3 | D2 | D1 | D0 | Read data from internal RAM (DDRAM / CGRAM / SEGRAM). | 43 μs |

^{*} Note : 1. When an MPU program with Busy Flag(DB7) checking is made, 1/2 fosc (is necessary) for executing the next instruction by the "E" signal after the Busy Flag (DB7) goes to "Low".

2. "X": Don't care



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1) Display Clear

| RS | R/W | DB7 | DB6 | DB5 | DB4 | DB3 | DB2 | DB1 | DBO | |
|----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|--|
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | |

Clear all the display data by writing "20H" (space code) to all DDRAM address, and set DDRAM address to "00H" into AC (address counter). Return cursor to the original status, hence, bring the cursor to the left edge on first line of the display. Make entry mode increment (I/D = "1").

2) Return Home: (RE = 0)

| RS | R/W | DB7 | DB6 | DB5 | DB4 | DB3 | DB2 | DB1 | DBO |
|----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | X |

Return Home is cursor return home instruction.

Set DDRAM address to "00H" into the address counter.

Return cursor to its original site and return display to its original status, if shifted.

Contents of DDRAM does not change.

3) Power Down Mode Set: (RE = 1)

| RS | R/W | DB7 | DB6 | DB5 | DB4 | DB3 | DB2 | DB1 | DB0 | |
|----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|---|
| 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | PD | I |

Power down mode enable bit set instruction.

PD = "High", it makes KS0075 suppress current consumption except the current needed for data storage by executing next three functions.

- make the output value of all the COM/SEG ports VDD
- make the COM/SEG output value of extension driver VDD by setting D output to "High" and M output to "Low"
- disable voltage converter to remove the current through the divide resistor of power supply.This instruction can be used as power sleep mode.

When PD = "Low", power down mode becomes disabled.



4) Entry Mode Set

♦ (RE = 0)

| RS | R/W | DB7 | DB6 | DB5 | DB4 | DB3 | DB2 | DB1 | DB0 |
|----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | I/D | S |

Set the moving direction of cursor and display.

I/D : Increment / decrement of DDRAM address (cursor or blink)

When I/D = "High", cursor/blink moves to right and DDRAM address is increased by 1.

When I/D = "Low", cursor/blink moves to left and DDRAM address is decreased by 1.

* CGRAM/SEGRAM operates the same as DDRAM, when read from or write to CGRAM/SEGRAM.

When S = "High", after DDRAM write, the display of enabled line by DS1 - DS4 bits in the Shift Enable instruction is shifted to the right (I/D = "0") or to the left(I/D = "1"). But it will seem as if the cursor does not move.

When S = "Low", or DDRAM read, or CGRAM/SEGRAM read/write operation, shift of display like this function is not performed.

♦ (RE = 1)

| RS | R/W | DB7 | DB6 | DB5 | DB4 | DB3 | DB2 | DB1 | DBO |
|----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | BID |

Set the data shift direction of segment in the application set.

BID : Data Shift Direction of Segment

When BID = "Low", segment data shift direction is set to normal order from SEG1 to SEG100.

When BID = "High", segment data shift direction is set to reverse from SEG100 to SEG1.

By using this instruction, the efficiency of application board area can be raised.



^{*} The BID setting instruction is recommended to be set at the same time level of function set instruction.

^{*} DB1 bit must be set to "1".

5) Display ON/OFF Control (RE = 0)

| RS | R/W | DB7 | DB6 | DB5 | DB4 | DB3 | DB2 | DB1 | DB0 |
|----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | D | С | В |

Control display/cursor/blink ON/OFF 1 bit register.

D : Display ON/OFF control bit

When D = "High", entire display is turned on.

When D = "Low", display is turned off, but display data is remained in DDRAM.

C: Cursor ON/OFF control bit

When C = "High", cursor is turned on.

When C = "Low", cursor is disappeared in current display, but I/D register remains its data.

B: Cursor Blink ON/OFF control bit

When B = "High", cursor blink is on, that performs alternate between all the high data and display character at the cursor position. If fosc has 270 kHz frequency, blinking has 370 ms interval. When B = "Low", blink is off.

6) Extended Function Set (RE = 1)

| RS | R/W | DB7 | DB6 | DB5 | DB4 | DB3 | DB2 | DB1 | DB0 |
|----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | FW | B/W | NW |

FW: Font Width control

When FW = "High", display character font width is assigned to 6-dot and execution time becomes 6/5 times than that of 5-dot font width.

The user font, specified in CGRAM, is displayed into 6-dot font width, bit-5 to bit-0,including the leftmost space bit of CGRAM (refer to Fig-9)

When FW = "Low", 5-dot font width is set.

B/W : Black/White Inversion enable bit

When B/W = "High", black/white inversion at the cursor position is set. In this case C/B bit of display ON/OFF control instruction becomes don't care condition. If fosc has frequency of 270 kHz, inversion has 370 ms intervals.

NW: 4 Line mode enable bit

When NW = "High", 4 line display mode is set. In this case N bit of function set instruction becomes don't care condition.



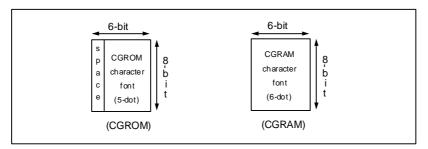


Fig-9. 6-dot font width CGROM/CGRAM

7) Cursor or Display Shift (RE = 0)

| RS | R/W | DB7 | DB6 | DB5 | DB4 | DB3 | DB2 | DB1 | DBO |
|----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | S/C | R/L | - | - |

Shift right/left cursor position or display, with out writing or reading of display data,

Shift right/ert cursor position or display, with out writing or reading or display data,

This instruction is used to correct or search display data.(refer to Table 7)

During 2-line mode display, cursor moves to the 2nd line after 40th digit of 1st line.

In 4-line mode, cursor moves to the next line, only after every 20th digit of the current line.

Note that display shift is performed simultaneously in all the line enabled by DS1 - DS4 in the Shift Enable instruction.

When displays shift is performed the contents of address counter are not changed.

When display shift is performed, the contents of address counter are not changed.

During low power consumption mode, display shift may not be performed normally.

Table 7. Shift patterns according to S/C and R/L bits

| S/C | R/L | Operation |
|-----|-----|---|
| 0 | 0 | Shift cursor to the left, ADDRESS COUNTER is decreased by 1 |
| 0 | 1 | Shift cursor to the right, ADDRESS COUNTER is increased by 1 |
| 1 | 0 | Shift all the display to the left, cursor moves according to the display |
| 1 | 1 | Shift all the display to the right, cursor moves according to the display |



8) Shift/Scroll Enable (RE = 1)

♦ (DH = 0)

| RS | R/W | DB7 | DB6 | DB5 | DB4 | DB3 | DB2 | DB1 | DB0 |
|----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | HS4 | HS3 | HS2 | HS1 |

HS: Horizontal Scroll per Line Enable

This instruction makes valid dot shift by a display line unit.

HS1, HS2, HS3 and HS4 indicate each line to be dot scrolled, and each scroll is performed individually in each line.

If the line in 1-line display mode or the 1st line in 2-line display mode, is to be scrolled set HS1 and HS2 to "High".

If the 2nd line scroll is needed in 2-line mode, set HS3 and HS4 to "High". (refer to Table 8)

♦ (DH = 1)

| RS | R/W | DB7 | DB6 | DB5 | DB4 | DB3 | DB2 | DB1 | DB0 | |
|----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|--|
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | DS4 | DS3 | DS2 | DS1 | |

DS: Display Shift per Line Enable

This instruction selects shifting line to be shifted according to each line mode in display shift right/left instruction.

DS1, DS2, DS3 and DS4 indicate each line to be shifted, and each shift is performed individually in each line.

If DS1 and DS2 is set to "High" (enable) in 2 line mode, only the 1st line is shifted and the 2nd line is not shifted. When only DS1 = "High", only the half of the 1st line is shifted. If all the DS bits (DS1 to DS4) are set to "Low" (disable), no display is shifted.

Table 8. Relationship between DS and COM signal

| Enable bit | Enabled common signals during shift | Description |
|------------|-------------------------------------|--|
| HS1/DS1 | COM1 - COM8 | The part of display line that corresponds to enabled |
| HS2/DS2 | COM9 - COM16 | common signal can be shifted. |
| HS3/DS3 | COM17 - COM24 | |
| HS4/DS4 | COM25 - COM32 | |



9) Function Set

♦ (RE = 0)

| RS | R/W | DB7 | DB6 | DB5 | DB4 | DB3 | DB2 | DB1 | DB0 | |
|----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----------|-----|-----|--|
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | DL | N | RE (0) | DH | REV | |

DL: Interface data length control bit

When DL = "High", it means 8-bit bus mode with MPU.

When DL = "Ligh", it means 4-bit bus mode with MPU. Hence, DL is a signal to select 8-bit or 4-bit bus mode.

In 4-bit bus mode, it is required to transfer 4-bit data twice.

N : Display line number control bit It is variable only when NW bit of extended function set instruction is Low.

When N = "Low", it means 1-line display mode. When N = "High", 2-line display mode is set.

When NW = "High", N bit is invalid, it means 4-line mode independent of N bit.

RE: Extended function registers enable bit

At this instruction, RE must be "Low".

DH: Display shift enable selection bit.

When DH = "High", enable display shift per line.
When DH = "Low", enable smooth dot scroll.

This bit can be accessed only when IE pin input is "High".

REV : Reverse enable bit

When REV = "High", all the display data are reversed. I.e., all the white dots become

black and black dots become white.

When REV = "Low", the display mode set normal display.



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♦ (RE = 1)

| RS | R/W | DB7 | DB6 | DB5 | DB4 | DB3 | DB2 | DB1 | DB0 |
|----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|--------|-----|-----|
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | DL | N | RE (1) | BE | 0 |

DL : Interface data length control bit

When DL = "High", it means 8-bit bus mode with MPU.

When DL = "Low", it means 4-bit bus mode with MPU. Hence, DL is a signal to select

8-bit or 4-bit bus mode.

When 4-bit bus mode, it is required to transfer 4-bit data twice.

N : Display line number control bit

It is variable only when NW bit of extended function set instruction is Low.

When N = "Low", 1-line display mode is set. When N = "High", 2-line display mode is set.

When NW = "High", N bit is invalid, it means 4-line mode independent of N bit.

RE: Extended function registers enable bit

When RE = "High", extended function set registers, SEGRAM address set registers, BID bit, HS/DS bits of shift/scroll enable instruction and BE bits of function set register can be accessed.

BE: CGRAM/SEGRAM data blink enable bit

BE ="High", makes user font of CGRAM and segment of SEGRAM blinking. The quantity of blink is assigned the highest 2 bit of CGRAM/SEGRAM.

10) Set CGRAM Address (RE = 0)

| RS | R/W | DB7 | DB6 | DB5 | DB4 | DB3 | DB2 | DB1 | DB0 |
|----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | AC5 | AC4 | AC3 | AC2 | AC1 | AC0 |

Set CGRAM address to AC.

This instruction makes CGRAM data available from MPU.

11) Set SEGRAM Address (RE = 1)

| RS | R/W | DB7 | DB6 | DB5 | DB4 | DB3 | DB2 | DB1 | DB0 | |
|----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|--|
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | - | - | AC3 | AC2 | AC1 | AC0 | |

Set CGRAM address to AC.

This instruction makes CGRAM data available from MPU.



12) Set DDRAM Address (RE = 0)

| RS | R/W | DB7 | DB6 | DB5 | DB4 | DB3 | DB2 | DB1 | DB0 | |
|----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|--|
| 0 | 0 | 1 | AC6 | AC5 | AC4 | AC3 | AC2 | AC1 | ACO | |

Set DDRAM address to AC.

This instruction makes DDRAM data available from MPU.

In 1-line display mode (N = 0, NW = 0), DDRAM address is from "00H" to "4FH".

In 2-line display mode (N = 1, NW = 0), DDRAM address in the 1st line is from "00H" to "27H", and DDRAM address in the 2nd line is from "40H" to "67H".

In 4-line display mode (NW = 1), DDRAM address is from "00H" to "13H" in the 1st line, from "20H" to "33H" in the 2nd line, from "40H" to "53H" in the 3rd line and $\,$ from "60H" to "73H" in the 4th line.

13) Set Scroll Quantity (RE = 1)

| RS | R/W | DB7 | DB6 | DB5 | DB4 | DB3 | DB2 | DB1 | DBO |
|----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| 0 | 0 | 1 | X | SQ5 | SQ4 | SQ3 | SQ2 | SQ1 | SQ0 |

Setting SQ5 to SQ0, horizontal scroll quantity can be controlled in dot units. (Refer to Table 9) In this case of KS0075 can show hidden areas of DDRAM by executing smooth scroll from 1 to 48 dots.

Table 9. Scroll quantity according to HDS bits

| SQ5 | SQ4 | SQ3 | SQ2 | SQ1 | SQ0 | Function |
|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|----------------------|
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | No shift |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | shift left by 1-dot |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | shift left by 2-dot |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | shift left by 3-dot |
| : | : | : | : | : | : | : |
| 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | shift left by 47-dot |
| 1 | 1 | Х | Х | Х | Х | shift left by 48-dot |



14) Read Busy Flag & Address

| RS | R/W | DB7 | DB6 | DB5 | DB4 | DB3 | DB2 | DB1 | DBO | |
|----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|---|
| 0 | 1 | BF | AC6 | AC5 | AC4 | AC3 | AC2 | AC1 | AC0 | I |

This instruction shows whether KS0075 is in internal operation or not. If the resultant BF is High, the internal operation is in progress and you have to wait until BF to be Low, which by then the next instruction can be performed. In this instruction the value of address counter can also be read.

15) Write data to RAM

| RS | R/W | DB7 | DB6 | DB5 | DB4 | DB3 | DB2 | DB1 | DBO | |
|----|-----|-----|-----|------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|--|
| 1 | 0 | D7 | D6 | D 5 | D4 | D3 | D2 | D1 | DO | |

Write binary 8-bit data to DDRAM/CGRAM/SEGRAM.

The selection of RAM from DDRAM, CGRAM, or SEGRAM, is set by the previous address

set instruction: DDRAM address set, CGRAM address set, SEGRAM address set.

RAM set instruction can also determines the AC direction to RAM.

After write operation, the address is automatically increased/decreased by 1, according to the entry mode.

16) Read data from RAM

| RS | R/W | DB7 | DB6 | DB5 | DB4 | DB3 | DB2 | DB1 | DBO | |
|----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|--|
| 1 | 1 | D7 | D6 | D5 | D4 | D3 | D2 | D1 | D0 | |

Read binary 8-bit data from DDRAM/CGRAM/SEGRAM.

The selection of RAM is set by the previous address set instruction. If address set instruction of RAM is not performed before this instruction, the data that read first is invalid, as the direction of AC is not determined. If RAM data is read several times without RAM address set instruction before read operation, the correct RAM data can be obtained from the second, but the first data would be incorrect, as there is no time margin to transfer RAM data. In DDRAM read operation, cursor shift instruction plays the same role as DDRAM address set instruction: it also transfer RAM data to output data register.

After read operation address counter is automatically increased/decreased by 1 according to the entry mode. After CGRAM/SEGRAM read operation, display shift may not be executed correctly.

In case of RAM write operation, AC is increased/decreased by 1 as in read operation after this. In this time, AC indicates the next address position, but the previous data can only be read by read instruction.



(2) INSTRUCTION DESCRIPTION 2 (IE = "LOW")

Table 10. Instruction Set 2

| Instruction | RE | Instruction Code | | | | | | | | | | Description | Execution Time |
|----------------------------------|----|------------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|-----|-----|------|--|-------------------|
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | (fosc = |
| | | RS | R/W | DB7 | DB6 | DB5 | DB4 | DB3 [| DB2 | DB1 | DB0 | | 270 kHz) |
| Clear Display | Х | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | Write "20H" to DDRAM. and set DDRAM address to "00H" from AC. | 1.53ms |
| Return Home | х | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | Х | Set DDRAM address to "00H" from AC and return cursor to its original position if shifted. The contents of DDRAM are not changed. | 1.53ms |
| Entry Mode Set | Х | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | I/D | S | Assign cursor moving direction. I/D = "1" : increment, I/D = "0" : decrement. and display shift enable bit. S = "1" :make entire display shift of all lines during DDRAM write, S = "0":display shift disable | 39µs |
| Display ON/OFF Control | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | D | С | В | Set display/cursor/blink on/off D = "1" : display on, D = "0" : display off, C = "1" : cursor on, C = "0" : cursor off, B = "1" : blink on, B = "0" : blink off. | 39µs |
| Extended function set | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 1 | FW | B/V | V NW | Assign font width, black/white inverting of cursor, and 4-line display mode control bit. FW = "1" : 6-dot font width, FW = "0" : 5-dot font width, B/W = "1" : black/white inverting of cursor enable, B/W = "0" : black/white inverting of cursor disable NW = "1" : 4-line display mode, NW = "0" : 1-line or 2-line display mode | 39µs |
| Cursor or Display Shift | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | S/C | R/L | Х | Х | Cursor or display shift. S/C = "1" : display shift, S/C = "0" : cursor shift, R/L = "1" : shift to right, R/L = "0" : shift to left | 39µs |



(Table 10. continued)

| | | | | | xecution |
|-------------------------------------|----|----|-----|--|----------|
| Instruction | RE | | | Instruction Code Description | Time |
| | | | | | (fosc = |
| | | RS | R/W | DB7 DB6 DB5 DB4 DB3 DB2 DB1 DB0 2 | 70 kHz) |
| Scroll Enable | 1 | 0 | 0 | Determine the line for horizontal smooth scroll. HS1 = "1/0" : 1st line dot scroll enable/disable HS2 = "1/0" : 2rd line dot scroll enable/disable HS3 = "1/0" : 3rd line dot scroll enable/disable HS3 = "1/0" : 3rd line dot scroll enable/disable HS4 = "1/0" : 4th line dot scroll enable/disable | 39µs |
| Function Set | 0 | 0 | 0 | Set interface data length DL = "1" : 8-bit, DL = "0" : 4-bit numbers of display line when NW = "0", N = "1" : 2-line, N = "0" : 1-line extension register, RE("0"), | 39µs |
| | 1 | 0 | 0 | Set DL, N, RE("1") and O | 39μs |
| Set CGRAM Address | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 1 AC5 AC4 AC3 AC2 AC1 AC0 Set CGRAM address in address counter. | 39µs |
| Set SEGRAM Address | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 1 X X AC3 AC2 AC1 AC0 Set SEGRAM address in address counter. | 39μs |
| Set DDRAM Address | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 AC6 AC5 AC4 AC3 AC2 AC1 AC0 Set DDRAM address in address counter. | 39µs |
| Set Scroll Quantity | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 X QC5 QC4 QC3 QC2 QC1 QC0 Set the quantity of horizontal dot scroll. | 39μs |
| Read Busy flag and Address | х | 0 | 1 | BF AC6 AC5 AC4 AC3 AC2 AC1 AC0 Can be known whether during internal operation or not by reading BF. The contents of address counter can also be read. BF = "1": busy state, BF = "0": ready state. | 0µs |
| Write Data | Х | 1 | 0 | D7 D6 D5 D4 D3 D2 D1 D0 Write data into internal RAM (DDRAM / CGRAM / SEGRAM). | 43μs |
| Read Data | Х | 1 | 1 | D7 D6 D5 D4 D3 D2 D1 D0 Read data from internal RAM (DDRAM / CGRAM / SEGRAM). | 43μs |

^{*} Note: 1. When an MPU program with Busy Flag(DB7) checking is made, 1/2 fosc (is necessary) for executing the next instruction by the falling edge of the "E" signal after the Busy Flag(DB7) goes to "Low"



^{2. &}quot;X" : don't care

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1) Display Clear

| RS | R/W | DB7 | DB6 | DB5 | DB4 | DB3 | DB2 | DB1 | DB0 | |
|----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|---|
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | I |

Clear all the display data by writing "20H" (space code) to all DDRAM address, and set DDRAM address to "00H" into AC (address counter). Return cursor to the original status, hence, bring the cursor to the left edge on first line of the display.

And entry mode is set to increment mode (I/D = "1").

2) Return Home

| RS | R/W | DB7 | DB6 | DB5 | DB4 | DB3 | DB2 | DB1 | DBO | |
|----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|---|
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | Х | I |

Return Home is cursor return home instruction.

Set DDRAM address to "00H" into the address counter. Return cursor to its original site and return display to its original status, if shifted.

Contents of DDRAM does not change.

3) Entry Mode Set

| RS | R/W | DB7 | DB6 | DB5 | DB4 | DB3 | DB2 | DB1 | DB0 | |
|----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|--|
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | I/D | S | |

Set the moving direction of cursor and display.

I/D : Increment / decrement of DDRAM address (cursor or blink)

When I/D = "High", cursor/blink moves to right and DDRAM address is increased by 1.

When I/D = "Low", cursor/blink moves to left and DDRAM address is decreased by 1.

When S = "High", after DDRAM write, the entire display of all lines is shifted to the right (I/D = "0") or to the left(I/D = "1"). But it will seem as if the cursor does not moving. When S = "Low", or DDRAM read, or CGRAM/SEGRAM read/write operation, shift of entire display is not performed.



^{*} CGRAM/SEGRAM operates identically to the DDRAM, when reading from or writing to CGRAM/SEGRAM.

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4) Display ON/OFF Control (RE = 0)

| RS | R/W | DB7 | DB6 | DB5 | DB4 | DB3 | DB2 | DB1 | DB0 | |
|----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|--|
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | D | С | В | |

Control display/cursor/blink ON/OFF 1 bit register.

D : Display ON/OFF control bit

When D = "High", entire display is turned on.

When D = "Low", display is turned off, but display data is remained in DDRAM.

C: Cursor ON/OFF control bit

When C = "High", cursor is turned on.

When C = "Low", cursor is disappeared in current display, but I/D register remains its data.

B: Cursor Blink ON/OFF control bit

When B = "High", cursor blink is on, that performs alternate between all the high data and display character at the cursor position. If fosc has 270 kHz frequency, blinking has 370 ms interval. When B = "Low", blink is off.

5) Extended Function Set (RE = 1)

| RS | R/W | DB7 | DB6 | DB5 | DB4 | DB3 | DB2 | DB1 | DB0 |
|----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | FW | B/W | NW |

FW: Font Width control

When FW = "High", display character font width is assigned to 6-dot and execution time becomes 6/5 times than that of 5-dot font width.

The user font, specified in CGRAM, is displayed into 6-dot font width, bit-5 to bit-0,including the leftmost space bit of CGRAM.(Refer to Fig-10)

When FW = "Low", 5-dot font width is set.

B/W : Black/White Inversion enable bit

When B/W = "High", black/white inversion at the cursor position is set. In this case C/B bit of display ON/OFF control instruction becomes don't care condition. If fosc has frequency of 270 kHz, inversion has 370 ms intervals.

NW: 4 Line mode enable bit

When NW = "High", 4 line display mode is set. In this case N bit of function set instruction becomes don't care condition.



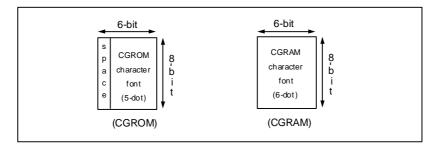


Fig-10. 6-dot font width CGROM/CGRAM

6) Cursor or Display Shift (RE = 0)

| RS | R/W | DB7 | DB6 | DB5 | DB4 | DB3 | DB2 | DB1 | DB0 | |
|----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|---|
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | S/C | R/L | - | - | I |

Shift right/left cursor position or display, without writing or reading of display data

This instruction is used to correct or search display data.(Refer to Table 7)

During 2-line mode display, cursor moves to the 2nd line after 40th digit of 1st line.

In 4-line mode, cursor moves to the next line, only after every 20th digit of the current line.

Note that display shift is performed simultaneously in all the line.

When displayed data is shifted repeatedly, each line shifted individually.

When display shift is performed, the contents of address counter are not changed.

Table 11. Shift patterns according to S/C and R/L bits

| S/C | R/L | Operation |
|-----|-----|---|
| 0 | 0 | Shift cursor to the left, ADDRESS COUNTER is decreased by 1 |
| 0 | 1 | Shift cursor to the right, ADDRESS COUNTER is increased by 1 |
| 1 | 0 | Shift all the display to the left, cursor moves according to the display |
| 1 | 1 | Shift all the display to the right, cursor moves according to the display |



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7) Scroll Enable (RE = 1)

| RS | R/W | DB7 | DB6 | DB5 | DB4 | DB3 | DB2 | DB1 | DB0 |
|----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | HS4 | HS3 | HS2 | HS1 |

HS : Horizontal Scroll per Line Enable

This instruction makes valid dot shift by a display line unit.

HS1, HS2, HS3 and HS4 indicate each line to be dot scrolled, and each scroll is

performed individually in each line.

If the line in 1-line display mode or the 1st line in 2-line display

mode is to be scrolled, set HS1 and HS2 to "High". If the 2nd line scroll is needed in 2-line mode,

set HS3 and HS4 to "High". (refer to Table 8)

8) Function Set

♦ (RE = 0)

| RS | R/W | DB7 | DB6 | DB5 | DB4 | DB3 | DB2 | DB1 | DB0 | |
|----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|--------|-----|-----|--|
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | DL | N | RE (0) | - | - | |

DL : Interface data length control bit

When DL = "High", it means 8-bit bus mode with MPU.

When DL = "Low", it means 4-bit bus mode with MPU. So to speak, DL is a signal to select

8-bit or 4-bit bus mode.

In 4-bit bus mode, it is required to transfer 4-bit data.

N : Display line number control bit

It is variable only when NW bit of extended function set instruction is Low.

When N = "Low", 1-line display mode is set. When N = "High", 2-line display mode is set.

When NW = "High", N bit is invalid, it means 4-line mode independent of N bit.

RE: Extended function registers enable bit

At this instruction, RE must be "Low".



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♦ (RE = 1)

| RS | R/W | DB7 | DB6 | DB5 | DB4 | DB3 | DB2 | DB1 | DBO | |
|----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|--------|-----|-----|--|
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | DL | N | RE (1) | BE | 0 | |

DL: Interface data length control bit

When DL = "High", it means 8-bit bus mode with MPU.

When DL = "Low", it means 4-bit bus mode with MPU. Hence, DL is a signal to select

8-bit or 4-bit bus mode.

In 4-bit bus mode, it is required to transfer 4-bit data twice.

N : Display line number control bit

It is variable only when NW bit of extended function set instruction is Low.

When N = "Low", 1-line is set.
When N = "High", 2-line display mode is set.

When NW = "High", N bit is invalid, 4-line mode independent of N bit.

RE: Extended function registers enable bit

When RE = "High", extended function set registers, SEGRAM address set registers, HS bits of scroll enable instruction and BE bits of function set register can be accessed.

BE: CGRAM/SEGRAM data blink enable bit

If BE is "High", makes user font of CGRAM and segment of SEGRAM blinking. The quantity of blink is assigned the highest 2 bit of CGRAM/SEGRAM.

9) Set CGRAM Address (RE = 0)

| RS | R/W | DB7 | DB6 | DB5 | DB4 | DB3 | DB2 | DB1 | DBO |
|----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | AC5 | AC4 | AC3 | AC2 | AC1 | ACO |

Set CGRAM address to AC.

This instruction makes CGRAM data available from MPU.

10) Set SEGRAM Address (RE = 1)

| RS | R/W | DB7 | DB6 | DB5 | DB4 | DB3 | DB2 | DB1 | DBO |
|----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | - | - | AC3 | AC2 | AC1 | AC0 |

Set SEGRAM address to AC.

This instruction makes SEGRAM data available from MPU.



11) Set DDRAM Address (RE = 0)

| RS | R/W | DB7 | DB6 | DB5 | DB4 | DB3 | DB2 | DB1 | DB0 | |
|----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|---|
| 0 | 0 | 1 | AC6 | AC5 | AC4 | AC3 | AC2 | AC1 | AC0 | Ī |

Set DDRAM address to AC.

This instruction makes DDRAM data available from MPU.

In 1-line display mode (N = 0, NW = 0), DDRAM address is from "00H" to "4FH".

In 2-line display mode (N = 1, NW = 0), DDRAM address in the 1st line is from "00H" to "27H",

and DDRAM address in the 2nd line is from "40H" to "67H".

In 4-line display mode (NW = 1), DDRAM address is from "00H" to "13H" in the 1st line, from

"20H" to "33H" in the 2nd line, from "40H" to "53H" in the 3rd line and from "60H" to "73H" in the 4th line.

12) Set Scroll Quantity (RE = 1)

| RS | R/W | DB7 | DB6 | DB5 | DB4 | DB3 | DB2 | DB1 | DB0 | |
|----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|--|
| 0 | 0 | 1 | X | SQ5 | SQ4 | SQ3 | SQ2 | SQ1 | SQ0 | |

Setting SQ5 to SQ0, horizontal scroll quantity can be controlled in dot units. (Refer to Table 12). In this case of KS0075 execute dot smooth scroll from 1 to 48 dots.

Table 12. Scroll quantity according to HDS bits

| SQ5 | SQ4 | SQ3 | SQ2 | SQ1 | SQ0 | Function |
|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|----------------------|
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | No shift |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | shift left by 1-dot |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | shift left by 2-dot |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | shift left by 3-dot |
| : | : | : | : | : | : | ÷ |
| 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | shift left by 47-dot |
| 1 | 1 | × | × | × | × | shift left by 48-dot |



13) Read Busy Flag & Address

| RS | R/W | DB7 | DB6 | DB5 | DB4 | DB3 | DB2 | DB1 | DBO | |
|----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|--|
| 0 | 1 | BF | AC6 | AC5 | AC4 | AC3 | AC2 | AC1 | AC0 | |

This instruction shows whether KS0075 is in internal operation or not. If the resultant BF is High, it means the internal operation is in progress and should to wait until BF to become "Low".

Which by then the next instruction can be performed. In this instruction value of address counter can also be read.

14) Write data to RAM

| RS | R/W | DB7 | DB6 | DB5 | DB4 | DB3 | DB2 | DB1 | DB0 | |
|----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|---|
| 1 | 0 | D7 | D6 | D5 | D4 | D3 | D2 | D1 | D0 | Ī |

Write binary 8-bit data to DDRAM/CGRAM/SEGRAM.

The selection of RAM from DDRAM, CGRAM, or SEGRAM, is set by the previous address set instruction: DDRAM address set, CGRAM address set, SEGRAM address set. RAM set instruction can also determines the AC direction to RAM. After write operation, the address is automatically increased/decreased by 1, according to the entry mode.

15) Read data from RAM

| RS | R/W | DB7 | DB6 | DB5 | DB4 | DB3 | DB2 | DB1 | DBO | |
|----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|---|
| 1 | 1 | D7 | D6 | D5 | D4 | D3 | D2 | D1 | DO | Ī |

Read binary 8-bit data from DDRAM/CGRAM/SEGRAM.

The selection of RAM is set by the previous address set instruction. If address set instruction of RAM is not performed before this instruction, the data that read first is invalid, as the direction of AC is not determined. If the RAM data is read several times without RAM address set instruction before read operation, the correct RAM data from

the second, but the first data would be incorrect, as there is no time margin to transfer RAM data. In case of DDRAM read operation, cursor shift instruction plays the same role as DDRAM address set instruction: it also transfer RAM data to output data register. After read operation address counter is automatically increased/decreased by 1 according to the entry mode. After CGRAM/SEGRAM read operation, display shift may not be executed correctly.

* In case of RAM write operation, AC is increased/decreased by 1 like read operation after this. In this time, AC indicates the next address position, but the previous data can only be read by read instruction.



INTERFACE WITH MPU

KS0075 can transfer data in bus mode (4-bit or 8-bit) or serial mode with MPU. Hence, both types of 4 or 8-bit MPU can be used. In case of 4-bit bus mode, data transfer is performed by twice to transfer 1 byte data.

- (1) When interfacing data length are 4-bit, only 4 ports, from DB4 to DB7, are used as data bus.

 At first higher 4-bit (in case of 8-bit bus mode, the contents of DB4 DB7) are transferred, and then lower 4-bit (in case of 8-bit bus mode, the contents of DB0 DB3) are transferred. So transfer is performed by twice. Busy Flag outputs "High" after the second transfer is ended.
- (2) When interfacing data length are 8-bit, transfer is performed at a time through 8 ports, from DB0 to DB7.
- (3) If IM is set to "Low", serial transfer mode is set.



Interface with MPU in Bus Mode

1) Interface with 8-bits MPU

If 8-bits MPU is used, KS0075 can connect directly with that. In this case, port E, RS, R/W and DB0 to DB7 need to interface each other. Example of timing sequence is shown below.

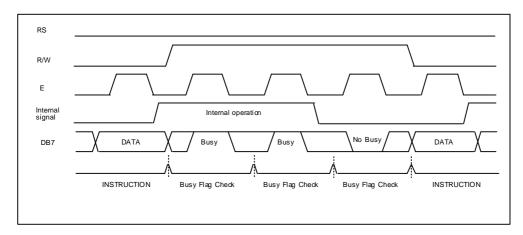


Fig 11. Example of 8-bit Bus Mode Timing Sequence

2) Interface with 4-bits MPU

If 4-bits MPU is used, KS0075 can connect directly with this.

In this case, port E, RS, R/W and DB4 to DB7 need to interface each other. The transfer is performed by twice. Example of timing sequence is shown below.

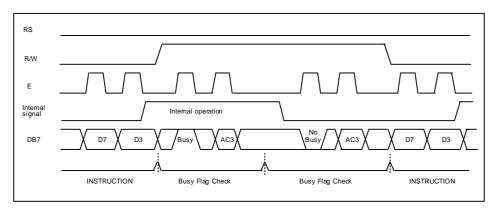


Fig 12. Example of 4-bit Bus Mode Timing Sequence



Interface with MPU in Serial Mode

When IM port input is "Low", serial interface mode is started. At this time, all three ports, SCLK (synchronizing transfer clock), SID (serial input data), and SOD (serial output data), are used. If KS0075 is to be used with other chips, chip select port (cs) be used.

By setting CS to "Low", KS0075 can receive SCLK input. If CS is set to "High", KS0075 reset the internal transfer counter.

Before transfer real data, start byte has to be transferred. It is composed of succeeding 5 "High" bits, read write control bit (R/W), register selection bit (RS), and end bit that indicates the end of start byte. Whenever succeeding 5 "High" bits are detected by KS0075, it resets serial transfer counter and prepares to receive next information.

The next input data are register selection bit which determine which register is to be used, and read write control bit that determine the direction of data. Then end bit is transferred, which must have "Low" value to show the end of start byte. (Refer to Fig 13. Fig 14)

(1) Write Operation (R/W = 0)

After start byte is transferred from MPU to KS0075, 8-bit data is transferred which is divided into 2 bytes, each byte has 4 bit's real data and 4 bit's partition token data. For example, if real data is "10110001" (D0 - D7), then serially transferred data becomes "1011 0000 0001 0000" where 2nd and 4th 4 bits must be "0000" for safe transfer.

To transfer several bytes continuously without changing R/W bit and RS bit, start byte transfer is needed only at first starting time. I.e., after first start byte is transferred, real data succeeding can be transferred.

(2) Read Operation (R/W = 1)

After start byte is transferred to KS0075, MPU can receive 8-bit data through the SOD port at a time from the LSB. Wait time is needed to insert between start byte and data reading, as internal reading from RAM requires some delay.

Continuous data reading is possible such as serial write operation. It also needs only one start bytes, only if some delay between reading operations of each byte is inserted. During the reading operation, KS0075 observes succeeding 5 "High" from MPU. If detected, KS0075 restarts serial operation at once and prepares to receive RS bit. So in continuous reading operation, SID port must be "Low".



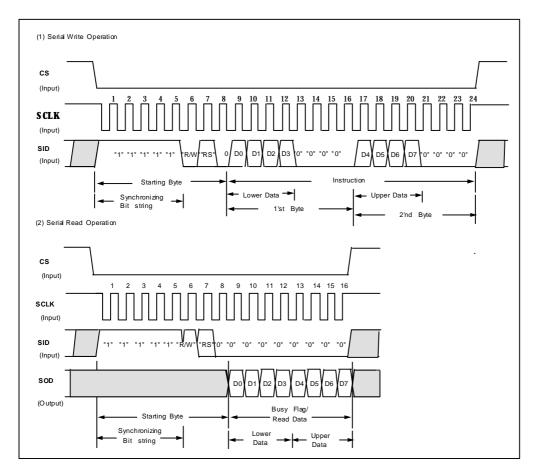


Fig 13. Timing Diagram of Serial Data Transfer



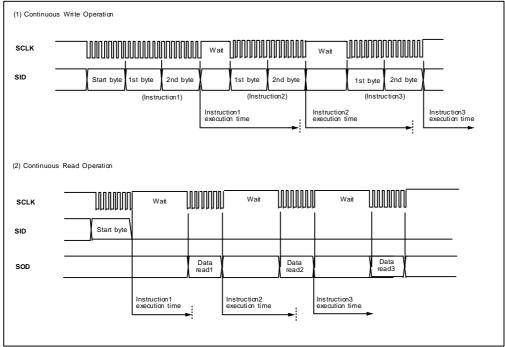
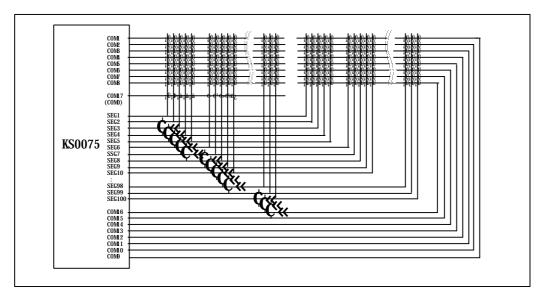


Fig 14. Timing Diagram of Continuous Data Transfer

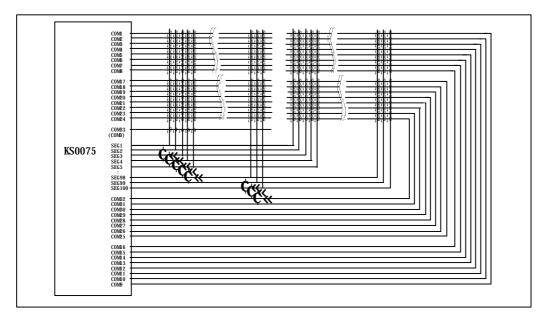


APPLICATION INFORMATION ACCORDING TO LCD PANEL

1) LCD Panel: 40 character x 1 line format (5-dot font,1/17 duty)

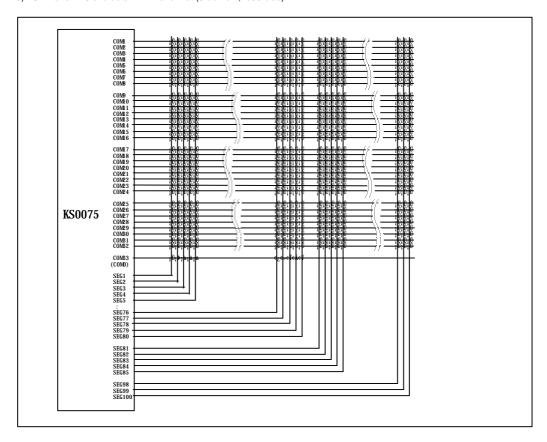


2) LCD Panel : 40 character \times 2 line format (5-dot font, 1/33 duty)



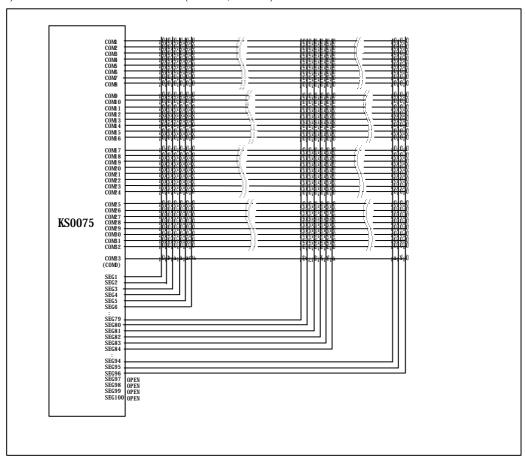


3) LCD Panel: 20 character × 4 line format (5-dot font, 1/33 bias)











INITIALIZING

1) Initializing by Internal Reset Circuit

When the power is turned on, KS0075 is initialized automatically by power on reset circuit. During the initialization, the following instructions are executed, and BF(Busy Flag) is kept "High" (busy state) to the end of initialization.

i) Display Clear instruction

Write "20H" to all DDRAM

ii) Set Functions instruction

DL = 1:8-bit bus mode

N = 1 : 2-line display mode

RE = 0 : Extension register disable

BE = 0 : CGRAM/SEGRAM blink OFF DH = 0 : Horizontal scroll enable

REV = 0 : Normal display (Not reversed display)

iii) Control Display ON/OFF instruction

D = 0 : Display OFF

C = 0 : Cursor OFF

B = 0 : Blink OFF

iv) Set Entry Mode instruction

I/D = 1: Increment by 1

S = 0: No entire display shift

BID = 0 : Normal direction segment port

v) Set Extension Function instruction

FW = 0:5-dot font width character display

B/W = 0 : Normal cursor (8th line)

NW = 0 : Not 4-line display mode, 2-line mode is set because of N("1")

vi) Enable Shift instruction

HS = 0000 : Scroll per line disable DS = 0000 : Shift per line disable

vii) Set scroll Quantity instruction

SQ = 000000 : Not scroll

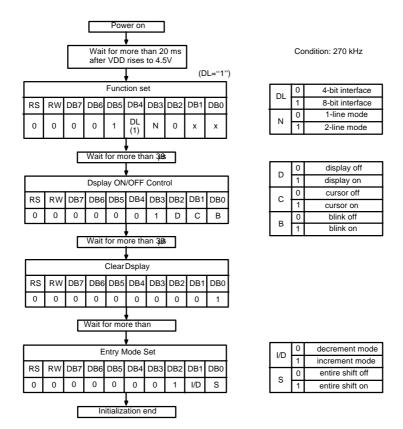
2) Initializing by Hardware RESET input

When RESET pin = "Low", KS0075 can be initialized like the case of power on reset. During the power on reset operation, this pin is ignored.



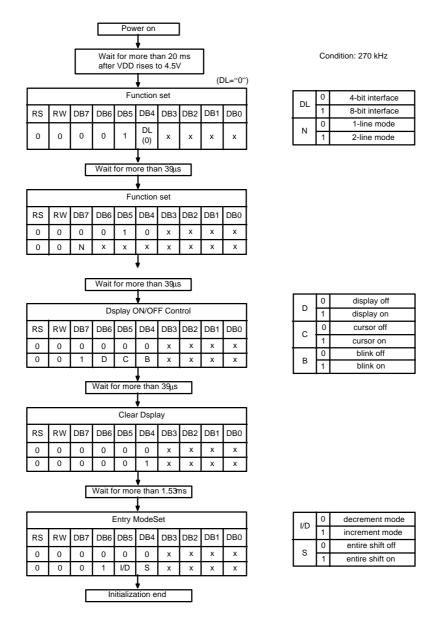
INITIALIZING BY INSTRUCTION

1) 8-bit interface mode





2) 4-bit interface mode





EXAMPLE OF INSTRUCTION AND DISPLAY CORRESPONDENCE

| 1. Power | Supply | on | : | Initialized by the internal |
|----------|--------|----|---|-----------------------------|
| | | | 1 | power on reset circuit. |

| RS | RW | DB7 | DB6 | DB5 | DB4 | DB3 | DB2 | DB1 | DBO |
|----|----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| | | | | | | | | | |



| | | - 1 |
|--|--|-----|
| | | - 1 |
| | | |

2. Function Set : 8-bit, 1-line, RE(0)

| RS | RW | DB7 | DB6 | DB5 | DB4 | DB3 | DB2 | DB1 | DBO |
|----|----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | X | X |



3. Display ON/OFF Control : Display/Cursor on

| RS | RW | DB7 | DB6 | DB5 | DB4 | DB3 | DB2 | DB1 | DBO |
|----|----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 |



4. Entry Mode Set: Increment

| RS | RW | DB7 | DB6 | DB5 | DB4 | DB3 | DB2 | DB1 | DBO |
|----|----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 |



5. Write Data to DDRAM: Write S

| RS | RW | DB7 | DB6 | DB5 | DB4 | DB3 | DB2 | DB1 | DBO |
|----|----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 |

S

6. Write Data to DDRAM: Write A

| RS | RW | DB7 | DB6 | DB5 | DB4 | DB3 | DB2 | DB1 | DBO |
|----|----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |

SA_

7. Write Data to DDRAM: Write M

| RS | RW | DB7 | DB6 | DB5 | DB4 | DB3 | DB2 | DB1 | DBO |
|----|----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 |

SAM

8. Write data to DDRAM: Write S

| RS | RW | DB7 | DB6 | DB5 | DB4 | DB3 | DB2 | DB1 | DBO |
|----|----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 |

SAMS_



9. Write data to DDRAM: Write U

| RS | RW | DB7 | DB6 | DB5 | DB4 | DB3 | DB2 | DB1 | DBO |
|----|----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 |

SAMSU_

10. Write data to DDRAM: Write N

| RS | RW | DB7 | DB6 | DB5 | DB4 | DB3 | DB2 | DB1 | DBO |
|----|----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 |

SAMSUN_

11. Write data to DDRAM: Write G

| RS | RW | DB7 | DB6 | DB5 | DB4 | DB3 | DB2 | DB1 | DBO |
|----|----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 |

SAMSUNG_

12. Cursor or Display Shift: Cursor shift to right

| RS | RW | DB7 | DB6 | DB5 | DB4 | DB3 | DB2 | DB1 | DBO |
|----|----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | Х | Х |

SAMSUNG _

 $13. \ \ \, \textbf{Entry Mode Set} \, : \, \, \textbf{Entire display shift enable} \,$

| RS | RW | DB7 | DB6 | DB5 | DB4 | DB3 | DB2 | DB1 | DBO |
|----|----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 |

SAMSUNG _

14. Write data to DDRAM: Write K

| RS | RW | DB7 | DB6 | DB5 | DB4 | DB3 | DB2 | DB1 | DBO |
|----|----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 |

AMSUNG K_

15. Write data to DDRAM: Write S

| RS | RW | DB7 | DB6 | DB5 | DB4 | DB3 | DB2 | DB1 | DBO |
|----|----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 |

MSUNG KS_

16. Write data to DDRAM: Write 0

| RS | RW | DB7 | DB6 | DB5 | DB4 | DB3 | DB2 | DB1 | DBO |
|----|----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

SUNG KSO_



| 17. | Write | data | to | DDRAM: | Write | 0 |
|-----|-------|------|----|--------|-------|---|
|-----|-------|------|----|--------|-------|---|

| RS | RW | DB7 | DB6 | DB5 | DB4 | DB3 | DB2 | DB1 | DBO |
|----|----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

UNG KSOO_

18. Write data to DDRAM: Write 7

| RS | RW | DB7 | DB6 | DB5 | DB4 | DB3 | DB2 | DB1 | DBO |
|----|----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 |

NG KS007_

19. Write data to DDRAM: Write 3

| RS | RW | DB7 | DB6 | DB5 | DB4 | DB3 | DB2 | DB1 | DBO |
|----|----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 |

G KS0073_

20. Cursor or Display Shift: Cursor shift left

| RS | RW | DB7 | DB6 | DB5 | DB4 | DB3 | DB2 | DB1 | DBO |
|----|----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | X | X |

G KS007<u>3</u>

21. Write Data to DDRAM: Write 5

| RS | RW | DB7 | DB6 | DB5 | DB4 | DB3 | DB2 | DB1 | DBO |
|----|----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 |

KS0075_

22. Return Home

| RS | RW | DB7 | DB6 | DB5 | DB4 | DB3 | DB2 | DB1 | DBO |
|----|----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | X |

SAMSUNG KS0075

23. Clear Display

| RS | RW | DB7 | DB6 | DB5 | DB4 | DB3 | DB2 | DB1 | DBO |
|----|----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |





| 2) | ΙE | = | "H | Hic | ηľ | • |
|----|----|---|----|-----|----|---|

 $\begin{tabular}{ll} {\bf 1.} & {\bf Power \, Supply \, on \, : \, Initialized by \, \, the \, \, internal \, } \\ & {\bf power \, on \, \, reset \, circuit.} \\ \end{tabular}$

| RS | RW | DB7 | DB6 | DB5 | DB4 | DB3 | DB2 | DB1 | DBO |
|----|----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| | | | | | | | | | |



2. Function Set: 8-bit, RE(1)

| RS | RW | DB7 | DB6 | DB5 | DB4 | DB3 | DB2 | DB1 | DBO |
|----|----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 |



3. Extended Function Set: 5-font, 4-line

| RS | RW | DB7 | DB6 | DB5 | DB4 | DB3 | DB2 | DB1 | DBO |
|----|----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 |



4. Function Set: RE(0)

| | | | (| -, | | | | | |
|----|----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| RS | RW | DB7 | DB6 | DB5 | DB4 | DB3 | DB2 | DB1 | DBO |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |



 $5. \ \ Display \ ON/OFF \ Control: \ \ Display/Cursoron$

| RS | RW | DB7 | DB6 | DB5 | DB4 | DB3 | DB2 | DB1 | DBO |
|----|----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 |



6. Write data to DDRAM: Write S

| RS | RW | DB7 | DB6 | DB5 | DB4 | DB3 | DB2 | DB1 | DBO |
|----|----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 |





7. Write data to DDRAM: Write A

| R | S | RW | DB7 | DB6 | DB5 | DB4 | DB3 | DB2 | DB1 | DB0 |
|---|---|----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| 1 | | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |

SA_

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12. Write data to DDRAM: Write G

| RS | RW | DB7 | DB6 | DB5 | DB4 | DB3 | DB2 | DB1 | DB0 |
|----|----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 |

SAMSUNG_

13. Set DDRAM Address 20H

| RS | RW | DB7 | DB6 | DB5 | DB4 | DB3 | DB2 | DB1 | DB0 |
|----|----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

SAMSUNG -

14. Write data to DDRAM: Write K

| RS | RW | DB7 | DB6 | DB5 | DB4 | DB3 | DB2 | DB1 | DB0 |
|----|----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 |

SAMSUNG K_

:

19. Write data to DDRAM: Write 5

| RS | RW | DB7 | DB6 | DB5 | DB4 | DB3 | DB2 | DB1 | DB0 |
|----|----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 |

SAMSUNG KS0075_

20. Set DDRAM Address 40H

| RS | RW | DB7 | DB6 | DB5 | DB4 | DB3 | DB2 | DB1 | DB0 |
|----|----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

SAMSUNG KS0075



21. Write data to DDRAM: Write L

| RS | RW | DB7 | DB6 | DB5 | DB4 | DB3 | DB2 | DB1 | DB0 |
|----|----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 |

SAMSUNG KS0075 L_

:

30. Write data to DDRAM: Write R

| RS | RW | DB7 | DB6 | DB5 | DB4 | DB3 | DB2 | DB1 | DB0 |
|----|----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |

SAMSUNG KS0075 LCD DRIVER_

31. Set DDRAM Address 60H

| RS | RW | DB7 | DB6 | DB5 | DB4 | DB3 | DB2 | DB1 | DB0 |
|----|----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

SAMSUNG KS0075 LCD DRIVER

:

43. Write data to DDRAM: Write R

| RS | RW | DB7 | DB6 | DB5 | DB4 | DB3 | DB2 | DB1 | DB0 |
|----|----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |

SAMSUNG KS0075 LCD DRIVER & CONTROLLER_

44. Function Set: RE("0"), DH("1")

| RS | RW | DB7 | DB6 | DB5 | DB4 | DB3 | DB2 | DB1 | DB0 |
|----|----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 |

SAMSUNG KS0075 LCD DRIVER & CONTROLLER_

45. Function Set: RE("1")

| RS | RW | DB7 | DB6 | DB5 | DB4 | DB3 | DB2 | DB1 | DB0 |
|----|----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 |

SAMSUNG KS0075 LCD DRIVER & CONTROLLER_



46. Shift/Scroll Enable: DS4("1"), DS3/2/1("0")

| RS | RW | DB7 | DB6 | DB5 | DB4 | DB3 | DB2 | DB1 | DBO |
|----|----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

SAMSUNG KS0075 LCD DRIVER & CONTROLLER_

47. Function Set: RE("0")

| RS | RW | DB7 | DB6 | DB5 | DB4 | DB3 | DB2 | DB1 | DBO |
|----|----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 |

SAMSUNG KS0075 LCD DRIVER & CONTROLLER_

48. Cursor or Display Shift: Display shift to left

| RS | RW | DB7 | DB6 | DB5 | DB4 | DB3 | DB2 | DB1 | DBO |
|----|----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | X | X |

SAMSUNG KS0075 LCD DRIVER CONTROLLER_

49. Cursor or Display Shift: Display shift to left

| RS | RW | DB7 | DB6 | DB5 | DB4 | DB3 | DB2 | DB1 | DBO |
|----|----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | X | X |

SAMSUNG KS0075 LCD DRIVER CONTROLLER_

50. Cursor or Display Shift: Display shift to left

| RS | RW | DB7 | DB6 | DB5 | DB4 | DB3 | DB2 | DB1 | DBO |
|----|----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | X | X |

SAMSUNG KS0075 LCD DRIVER ONTROLLER_

51. Cursor or Display Shift: Display shift to left

| | | | | | | 1 3 | | | |
|----|----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| RS | RW | DB7 | DB6 | DB5 | DB4 | DB3 | DB2 | DB1 | DBO |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | X | X |

SAMSUNG KS0075 LCD DRIVER NTROLLER_



| 52. | Return | Home |
|-----|--------|------|
| | | |

| RS | RW | DB7 | DB6 | DB5 | DB4 | DB3 | DB2 | DB1 | DB0 |
|----|----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | Х |

SAMSUNG KS0075 LCDDRIVER & CONTROLLER

53. Function Set : RE("0"), REV("1")

| RS | RW | DB7 | DB6 | DB5 | DB4 | DB3 | DB2 | DB1 | DB0 |
|----|----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 |

SAMSUNG KS0075 LCDDRIVER & CONTROLLER

54. Cursor or Display Shift : Display shift to right

| RS | RW | DB7 | DB6 | DB5 | DB4 | DB3 | DB2 | DB1 | DB0 |
|----|----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | Х | Х |

SAMSUNG KS0075 LCDDRIVER & CONTROLLER

55. Cursor or Display Shift : Display shift to right

| RS | RW | DB7 | DB6 | DB5 | DB4 | DB3 | DB2 | DB1 | DB0 |
|----|----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | Х | Х |

SAMSUNG KS0075 LCDDRIVER & CONTROLLER

56. Return Home

| I | RS | RW | DB7 | DB6 | DB5 | DB4 | DB3 | DB2 | DB1 | DB0 |
|---|----|----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| l | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | Х |

SAMSUNG KS0075 LCDDRIVER & CONTROLLER

57. Function Set : RE("0"), REV("0")

| RS | RW | DB7 | DB6 | DB5 | DB4 | DB3 | DB2 | DB1 | DB0 |
|----|----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

SAMSUNG KS0075 LCDDRIVER & CONTROLLER



| 58. | Function | Set | : | RE (| ["1"] |) |
|-----|-----------------|-----|---|------|-------|---|
| | | | | | | |

| RS | RW | DB7 | DB6 | DB5 | DB4 | DB3 | DB2 | DB1 | DBO |
|----|----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 |

SAMSUNG
KS0075
LCD DRIVER
& CONTROLLER

59. Entry Mode Set : BID("1")

| RS | RW | DB7 | DB6 | DB5 | DB4 | DB3 | DB2 | DB1 | DBO |
|----|----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 |

SAMSUNG KS0075 LCD DRIVER 8 CONTROLLER

60. Write Data to DDRAM: Write B

| RS | RW | DB7 | DB6 | DB5 | DB4 | DB3 | DB2 | DB1 | DBO |
|----|----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |

Bamsung K50075 LCD Driver & Controller

61. Write Data to DDRAM: Write I

| RS | RW | DB7 | DB6 | DB5 | DB4 | DB3 | DB2 | DB1 | DBO |
|----|----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 |

BIMSUNG KS0075 LCD DRIVER 8 CONTROLLER

62. Write Data to DDRAM: Write D

| RS | RW | DB7 | DB6 | DB5 | DB4 | DB3 | DB2 | DB1 | DBO |
|----|----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |

BIDSUNG KS0075 LCD Driver & Controller

63. Clear Display

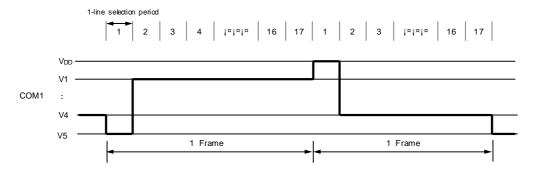
| RS | RW | DB7 | DB6 | DB5 | DB4 | DB3 | DB2 | DB1 | DBO |
|----|----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |





FRAME FREQUENCY

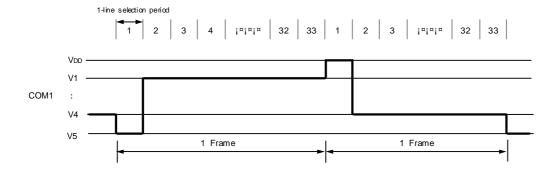
1) 1/17 duty cycle



| Item | Display Font Width | | | | |
|-------------------------|--------------------|------------------|--|--|--|
| | 5-dot font width | 6-dot font width | | | |
| 1-line selection period | 200 clocks | 240 clocks | | | |
| Frame frequency | 79.4Hz | 66.2Hz | | | |

^{*} fosc = 270 kHz (1 clock = 3.7µs)

2) 1/33 duty cycle



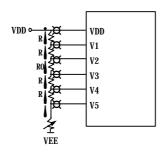
| Item | Display Font Width | | | | |
|-------------------------|--------------------|------------------|--|--|--|
| | 5-dot font width | 6-dot font width | | | |
| 1-line selection period | 100 clocks | 120 clocks | | | |
| Frame frequency | 81.8Hz | 68.2Hz | | | |

^{*} fosc = 270 kHz (1 clock = 3.7 μs)

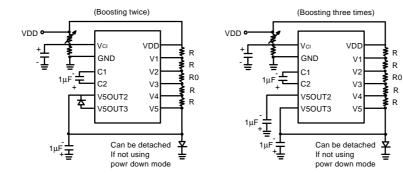


POWER SUPPLY FOR DRIVING LCD PANEL

1) When an external power supply is used



2) When an internal booster is used



- * 1. Boosted output voltage should not exceed the maximum value (13 V) of the LCD driving voltage. Especially, a voltage of over 4.3V should not be input to the reference voltage (Vci) when boosting three times.
 - 2. A voltage of over 5.5V should not be input to the reference voltage (Vci) when boosting twice.
 - 3. The value of resistance, according to the number of lines, duty ratio and the bias, is shown below. (Refer to Table 13)

Table 13. Duty Ratio and Power Supply for LCD Driving

| Item | | Da | ata |
|--------------------|----------------------|------|--------|
| Number of lines | | 1 | 2 or 4 |
| Duty ratio | | 1/17 | 1/33 |
| Bias | | 1/5 | 1/6.7 |
| Divided resistance | Divided resistance R | | R |
| R0 | | R | 2.7R |



MAXIMUM ABSOLUTE RATE

| Characteristic | Symbol | Value | Unit |
|--------------------------|------------------|--|------|
| Power Supply Voltage (1) | V_{DD} | -0.3 ~ +7.0 | V |
| Power Supply Voltage (2) | V_{LCD} | V _{DD} -15.0 ~ V _{DD} +0.3 | V |
| Input Voltage | V _{IN} | -0.3 ~ V _{DD} +0.3 | V |
| Operating Temperature | T _{OPR} | -30 ~ +85 | °C |
| Storage Temperature | T _{STG} | -55 ~ +125 | °C |

^{*} Voltage greater than above may damage to the circuit (VDD \ge V1 \ge V2 \ge V3 \ge V4 \ge V5)



ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

DC Characteristics (VDD = 2.7V \sim 5.5V, Ta=-30 \sim + 85 $^{\circ}$ C)

| Characteristic | Symbol | Condition | | Min | Тур | Max | Unit |
|-------------------------|---------------------------------|------------------------------|--|---------------------|------|--------------------|------|
| Operating Voltage | V _{DD} | | - | | - | 5.5 | V |
| Supply Current | I _{DD} | Internal oscil | lation or external clock. | - | 0.15 | 0.3 | mA |
| | | (V _{DD} =3 | .0V,fosc=270KHz) | | | | |
| Input Voltage (1) | V _{IH1} | | - | $0.7V_{DD}$ | 1 | V_{DD} | |
| (Except OSC1) | V _{IL1} | V | _{DD} =2.7 to 3.0 | -0.3 | - | 0.2V _{DD} | - |
| | | Vı | _{DD} =3.0 to 5.5 | -0.3 | - | 0.6 | |
| Input Voltage (2) | V _{IH2} | | - | 0.7V _{DD} | - | V_{DD} | V |
| (Osc1) | V _{IL2} | | - | - | - | $0.2V_{DD}$ | |
| Output Voltage (1) | V _{OH1} | Ic | _{DH} = -0.1 mA | 0.75V _{DD} | - | - | V |
| (DB0 To DB7) | V _{OL1} | ı | _{OL} = 0.1 mA | - | - | 0.2V _{DD} | |
| Output Voltage(2) | V _{OH2} | | I _O = -40 μA | 0.8V _{DD} | - | - | V |
| (Except DB0 To Db7) | V _{OL1} | | I _O = 40 μA | | - | 0.2V _{DD} | |
| Voltage Drop | Vd _{COM} | ı | I _O = ± 0.1mA | | - | 1 | V |
| | Vd _{SEG} | | | | - | 1 | |
| Input Leakage Current | I _{LKG} | V | V _{IN} =0V to V _{DD} | | - | 1 | μΑ |
| Low Input Current | I _{IL} | V _{IN} | V _{IN} =0V, V _{DD} =3V | | -50 | -120 | |
| | | | (PULL UP) | | | | |
| Internal Clock | fosc | Rf= | =91[kΩ] ± 2% | 190 | 270 | 350 | KHz |
| (external Rf) | | | (V _{DD} =5V) | | | | |
| External Clock | f _{EC} | | | 125 | 270 | 410 | KHz |
| | duty | | - | 45 | 50 | 55 | % |
| | t _R , t _F | | | = | - | 0.2 | μs |
| Voltage Converter Out2 | V _{OUT2} | Ta = | 25 °C, C=1μF, | -3.0 | -4.2 | - | V |
| (Vci = 4.5V) | | I _{OI} | $I_{OUT} = 0.25 \text{mA},$ | | | | |
| Voltage Converter Out3 | V _{OUT3} | f _{osc} =270KHz | | -4.3 | -5.1 | - | |
| (Vci = 2.7V) | | | | | | | |
| Voltage Converter Input | Vci | - | | 1.0 | - | 4.5 | |
| LCD Driving Voltage | V _{LCD} | V _{DD} -V5 1/5 Bias | | 3.0 | - | 13.0 | V |
| | | | 1/6.7 Bias | | - | 13.0 | |



AC Characteristics

(V_{DD} =4.5~ 5.5V, Ta=-30 ~ +85 $^{\circ}$ C)

| Mode | Item | Symbol | Min | Тур | Max | Unit |
|-------------------|--------------------------------|---------------------------------|-----|-----|-----|------|
| | E Cycle Time | tc, | 500 | - | - | |
| | E Rise / Fall Time | t _R , t _F | - | - | 20 | |
| | E Pulse Width (High, Low) | tw | 230 | - | - | ns |
| (1) Write Mode | R/W and RS Setup Time | tsu1 | 40 | - | - | |
| (refer to Fig-15) | R/W and RS Hold Time | t _H 1 | 10 | - | - | |
| | Data Setup Time | tsu2 | 60 | - | - | |
| | Data Hold Time | t _H 2 | 10 | - | - | |
| | E Cycle Time | tc | 500 | - | - | |
| | E Rise / Fall Time | t _R ,t _F | - | - | 20 | |
| | E Pulse Width (High, Low) | tw | 230 | - | - | ns |
| (2) Read Mode | R/W and RS Setup Time | tsu | 40 | - | - | |
| (refer to Fig-16) | R/W and RS Hold Time | t _H | 10 | - | - | |
| | Data Output Delay Time | t _D | - | - | 160 | |
| | Data Hold Time | t _{DH} | 5 | - | - | |
| | Serial Clock Cycle Time | tc | 0.5 | - | 20 | μs |
| | Serial Clock Rise/Fall Time | t _R ,t _F | - | - | 50 | |
| | Serial Clock Width (High, Low) | tw | 200 | - | - | |
| (3) Serial | Chip Select Setup Time | tsu1 | 60 | - | - | |
| Interface Mode | Chip Select Hold Time | t _{H1} | 20 | - | - | ns |
| (refer to Fig-17) | Serial Input Data Setup Time | tsu2 | 100 | - | - | |
| | Serial Input Data Hold Time | t _{H2} | 100 | - | - | |
| | Serial Output Data Delay Time | t _D | - | - | 160 | |
| | Serial Output Data Hold Time | t _{DH} | 5 | - | - | |

AC Characteristics (continued)

(V_{DD}=2.7 \sim 5.5V, Ta=-30 \sim +85 $^{\circ}$ C)

| Mode | Item | Symbol | Min | Тур | Max | Unit |
|-------------------|--------------------------------|---------------------------------|------|-----|-----|------|
| | E Cycle Time | tc, | 1000 | - | - | |
| | E Rise / Fall Time | t _R , t _F | - | - | 25 | |
| | E Pulse Width (High, Low) | tw | 450 | - | - | ns |
| (4) Write Mode | R/W and RS Setup Time | tsu1 | 60 | - | - | |
| (refer to Fig-15) | R/W and RS Hold Time | t _H 1 | 20 | - | - | |
| | Data Setup Time | tsu2 | 195 | - | - | |
| | Data Hold Time | t _H 2 | 10 | - | - | |
| | E Cycle Time | tc | 1000 | - | - | |
| | E Rise / Fall Time | t _R ,t _F | - | - | 25 | |
| | E Pulse Width (High, Low) | tw | 450 | - | - | ns |
| (5) Read Mode | R/W and RS Setup Time | tsu | 60 | - | - | |
| (refer to Fig-16) | R/W and RS Hold Time | t _H | 20 | - | - | |
| | Data Output Delay Time | t _D | = | - | 360 | |
| | Data Hold Time | t _{DH} | 5 | - | - | |
| | Serial Clock Cycle Time | tc | 1 | - | 20 | μs |
| | Serial Clock Rise/Fall Time | t _R ,t _F | - | - | 50 | |
| | Serial Clock Width (High, Low) | tw | 400 | - | - | |
| (6) Serial | Chip Select Setup Time | tsu1 | 60 | - | - | |
| Interface Mode | Chip Select Hold Time | t _H 1 | 20 | - | - | ns |
| (refer to Fig-17) | Serial Input Data Setup Time | tsu2 | 200 | - | - | |
| | Serial Input Data Hold Time | t _H 2 | 200 | - | - | 1 |
| | Serial Output Data Delay Time | t _D | - | - | 360 | 1 |
| | Serial Output Data Hold Time | t _{DH} | 5 | - | - | 1 |

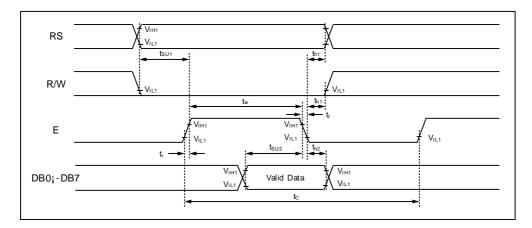


Fig-15. Write Mode

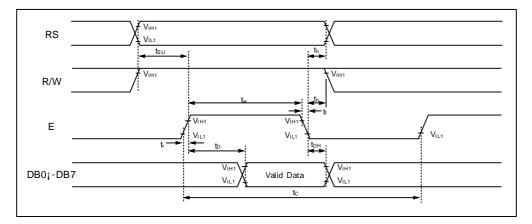


Fig-16. Read Mode



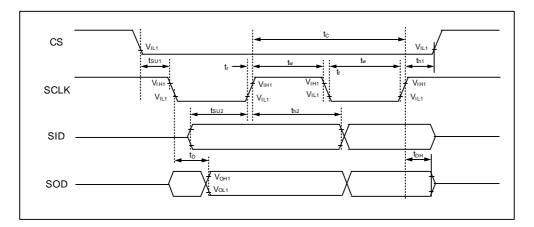


Fig-17. Serial Interface Mode

Reset Timing

 $(V_{DD} = 2.7 \sim 5.5V, Ta = -30 \sim +85 \, ^{\circ}C)$

| Item | Symbol | Min | Тур | Max | Unit |
|-----------------------|------------------|-----|-----|-----|------|
| Reset low level width | t _{RES} | 10 | - | - | ms |
| (refer to Fig-18) | | | | | |

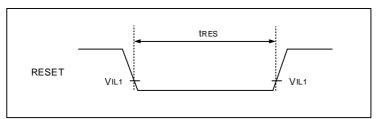


Fig-18. Reset Timing Diagram

