# **DUAL NAND SCHMITT TRIGGER**

S5413 N7413

\$5413-A,F,W • N7413-A,F

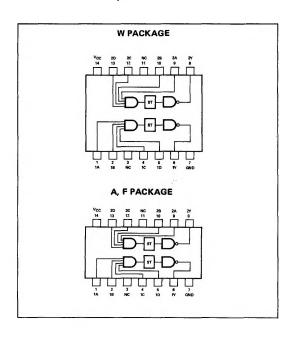
DIGITAL 54/74 TTL SERIES

### DESCRIPTION

The 5413 and 7413 dual Schmitt triggers consist of two identical Schmitt-trigger circuits in monolithic integrated circuit form. Logically, each circuit functions as a four-input NAND gate, but because of the Schmitt action, the gate has different input threshold levels for positive- and negative-going signals. The hysteresis, or backlash, which is the difference between the two threshold levels, is typically 800mV.

An important design feature is the built-in temperature compensation which ensures very high stability of the threshold levels and the hysteresis over a very wide temperature range. Typically, the hysteresis changes by 3% over the temperature range of -55°C to 125°C and the upper threshold changes by 1% over the same range. The 5413/7413 can be triggered from the slowest of input ramps and still give clean, jitter-free output signals. It can not be triggered from straight dc levels.

These circuits are fully compatible with most other TTL, DTL, or MSI circuits. The 5413 is characterized for operation over the full military temperature range of -55°C to 125°C; the 7413 is characterized for operation from 0°C to 70°C.



#### RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

		5413 7413						
		MIN	NOM	MAX	MIN	NOM	MAX	UNIT
Supply Voltage V <sub>CC</sub>		4.5	5	5.5	4.75	5	5.25	v
	High Logic Level Low Logic Level			20 10			20 10	
Operating Free-Air Temperature Range, 1	ΤΑ	-55	0	125	0	25	70	°c
Maximum Input Rise and Fall Times		No Restriction		No Restriction				

# ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (over recommended operating free-air temperature range unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS*		MIN	TYP**	MAX	UNIT
V <sub>T+</sub>	Positive-going threshold voltage	V <sub>CC</sub> = 5V		1.5	1.7	2	V
VT-	Negative-going threshold voltage	VCC = 5V		0.6	0.9	1.1	<b>\</b>
$V_{T+}-V_{T-}$	Hysteresis	V <sub>CC</sub> = 5V		0.4	8.0		v
Vi	Input clamp voltage	$V_{CC} = MIN,$	I <sub>I</sub> = -12mA			-1.5	V
V <sub>OH</sub>	High-level output voltage	V <sub>CC</sub> = MIN, I <sub>OH</sub> = -800μA	V <sub>I</sub> = 0.6V,	2.4	3.3		\ v
VOL	Low-level output voltage	V <sub>CC</sub> = MiN, I <sub>OL</sub> = 16mA	V <sub>1</sub> = 2V,		0.22	0.4	V
IT+	Input current at positive-going threshold	V <sub>CC</sub> = 5V,	VI = VT+		-0.65		mA
I <sub>T-</sub>	Input current at negative-going threshold	V <sub>CC</sub> = 5V,	V1 = VT-		-0.85		mA
i <sub>l</sub>	Input current at maximum input voltage	V <sub>CC</sub> = MAX,	V <sub>I</sub> = 5.5V			1	mA
чн	High-level input current	$V_{CC} = MAX$	V <sub>1</sub> = 2.4V			40	μА
li L	Low-level input current	$V_{CC} = MAX$	V <sub>I</sub> = 0.4V		-1	-1.6	mA
los	Short-circuit output current†	VCC = MAX,		-18		-55	mA
ССН	Supply current, high-level output	V <sub>CC</sub> = MAX,	VI = 0		14	23	mA
CCL	Supply current, low-level output	V <sub>CC</sub> = MAX,	V <sub>I</sub> = 4.5V		20	32	mA

## SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS, $V_{CC} = 5V$ , $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ , N = 10

	PARAMETER	TEST (	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT	
<sup>t</sup> PLH	Propagation delay time, low-to- high-level output	C <sub>L</sub> = 15pF,	R <sub>L</sub> = 400Ω		18	27	ns
<sup>t</sup> PHL	Propagation delay time, high-to- low-level output	C <sub>L</sub> = 15pF,	$R_L$ = 400 $\Omega$		15	22	ns

- \* For conditions shown as MIN or MAX, use the appropriate value specified under recommended operating conditions for the applicable device type
- •• All typical values are at  $V_{CC} = 5V$ ,  $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ .
- 1 Not more than one output should be shorted at a time.

### TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

