

## FAST RECOVERY RECTIFIER DIODES

- SOFT RECOVERY
- VERY HIGH VOLTAGE
- SMALL RECOVERY CHARGE


 DO 27 A  
 (Plastic)

**APPLICATIONS**

- ANTISATURATION DIODES FOR TRANSISTOR BASE DRIVE
- SNUBBER DIODES

**ABSOLUTE RATINGS** (limiting values)

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Unit
$I_{F\text{RM}}$	Repetitive Peak Forward Current	50	A
$I_{F\text{(AV)}}$	Average Forward Current*	3	A
$I_{FSM}$	Surge non Repetitive Forward Current	100	A
$P_{\text{tot}}$	Power Dissipation*	3.75	W
$T_{\text{stg}}$ $T_j$	Storage and Junction Temperature Range	- 40 to 150	°C
$T_L$	Maximum Lead Temperature for Soldering during 10s at 4mm from Case	230	°C

Symbol	Parameter	BYT 13-			Unit
		600	800	1000	
$V_{RRM}$	Repetitive Peak Reverse Voltage	600	800	1000	V

**THERMAL RESISTANCE**

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Unit
$R_{\text{th(j-a)}}$	Junction-ambient*	25	°C/W

\* On infinite heatsink with 10mm lead length.

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

### STATIC CHARACTERISTICS

Symbol	Test Conditions		Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
$I_R$	$T_J = 25^\circ C$	$V_R = V_{RRM}$			20	$\mu A$
$V_F$	$T_J = 25^\circ C$	$I_F = 3A$			1.3	V

### RECOVERY CHARACTERISTICS

Symbol	Test Conditions				Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
$t_{rr}$	$T_J = 25^\circ C$	$I_F = 0.5A$	$I_R = 1A$	$I_{rr} = 0.25A$			150	ns

To evaluate the conduction losses use the following equations :

$$V_F = 0.95 + 0.050 I_F \quad P = 0.95 \times I_F(AV) + 0.050 I_F^2(RMS)$$

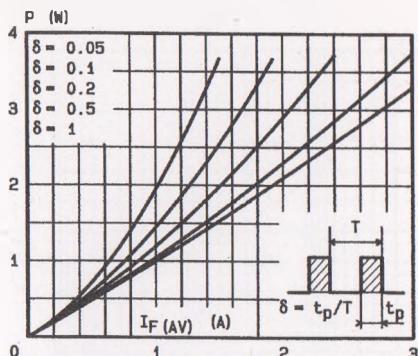


Fig.1 - Maximum average power dissipation versus average forward current.

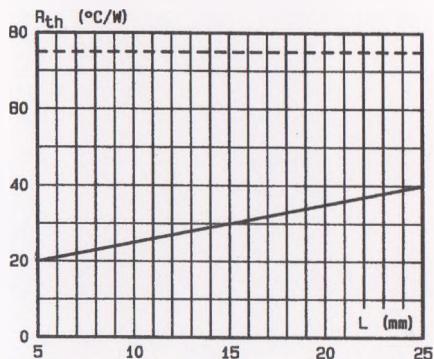


Fig.3 - Thermal resistance versus lead length.

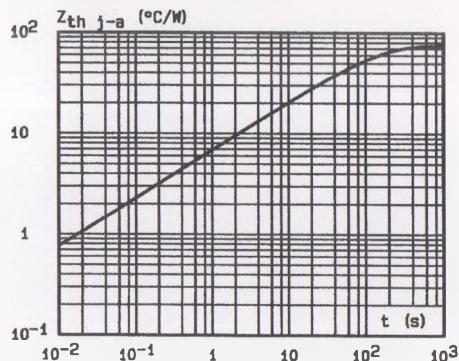


Fig.4 - Transient thermal impedance junction-ambient for mounting n°2 versus pulse duration ( $L = 10$  mm).

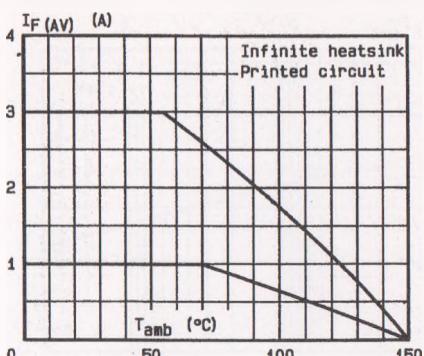


Fig.2 - Average forward current versus ambient temperature.

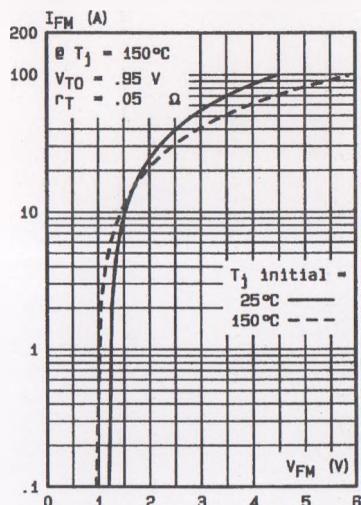
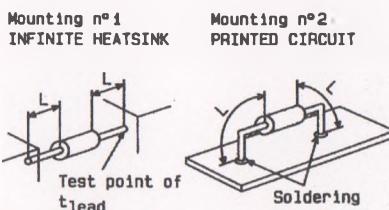
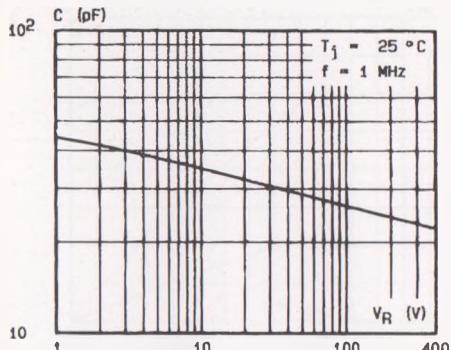
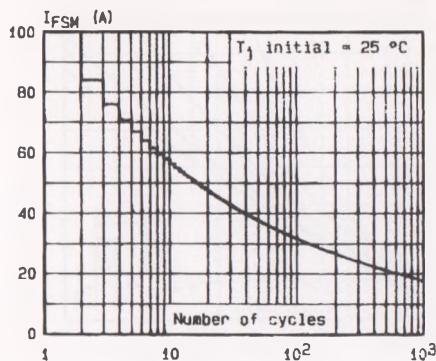


Fig.5 - Peak forward current versus peak forward voltage drop (maximum values).



**Fig.6 - Capacitance versus reverse applied voltage**



**Fig.7 - Non repetitive surge peak current versus number of cycles**