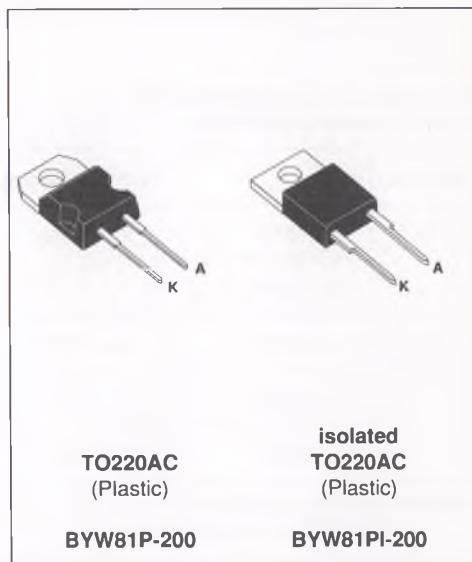


## HIGH EFFICIENCY FAST RECOVERY RECTIFIER DIODES

### FEATURES

- SUITED FOR SMPS
- VERY LOW FORWARD LOSSES
- NEGLIGIBLE SWITCHING LOSSES
- HIGH SURGE CURRENT CAPABILITY
- HIGH AVALANCHE ENERGY CAPABILITY
- INSULATED VERSION :
  - Insulating voltage = 2500 V<sub>RMS</sub>
  - Capacitance = 7 pF



### DESCRIPTION

Single chip rectifier suited for switchmode power supply and high frequency DC to DC converters. Packaged in TO220AC this device is intended for use in low voltage, high frequency inverters, free wheeling and polarity protection applications.

### ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Symbol	Parameter			Value	Unit
I <sub>F(RMS)</sub>	RMS forward current			35	A
I <sub>F(AV)</sub>	Average forward current $\delta = 0.5$	BYW81P	T <sub>c</sub> =115°C	15	A
		BYW81PI	T <sub>c</sub> =90°C	15	
I <sub>FSM</sub>	Surge non repetitive forward current		t <sub>p</sub> =10ms sinusoidal	200	A
T <sub>stg</sub> T <sub>j</sub>	Storage and junction temperature range			- 40 to + 150 - 40 to + 150	°C °C

Symbol	Parameter	BYW81P-/PI-				Unit
		50	100	150	200	
V <sub>RRM</sub>	Repetitive peak reverse voltage	50	100	150	200	V

## THERMAL RESISTANCE

Symbol	Parameter		Value	Unit
$R_{th} (j-c)$	Junction to case	BYW81P	2.0	°C/W
		BYW81PI	3.5	

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS  
STATIC CHARACTERISTICS

Symbol	Test Conditions		Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
$I_R^*$	$T_j = 25^\circ C$	$V_R = V_{RRM}$			20	$\mu A$
	$T_j = 100^\circ C$				1.5	mA
$V_F^{**}$	$T_j = 125^\circ C$	$I_F = 12 A$			0.85	V
	$T_j = 125^\circ C$	$I_F = 25 A$			1.05	
	$T_j = 25^\circ C$	$I_F = 25 A$			1.15	

Pulse test : \*  $t_p = 5 \text{ ms}$ , duty cycle < 2 %\*\*  $t_p = 380 \mu s$ , duty cycle < 2 %

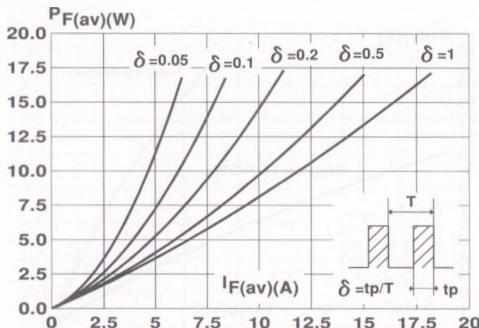
To evaluate the conduction losses use the following equation :

$$P = 0.65 \times I_F(AV) + 0.016 \times I_F^2(RMS)$$

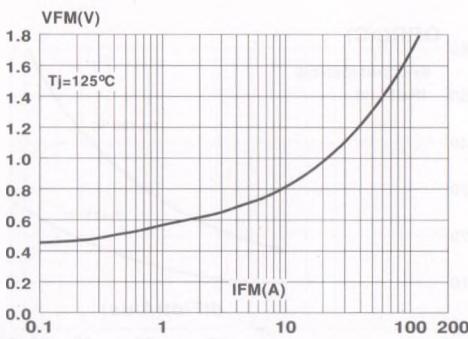
## RECOVERY CHARACTERISTICS

Symbol	Test Conditions		Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
trr	$T_j = 25^\circ C$	$I_F = 0.5A$	$I_{rr} = 0.25A$			25
		$I_R = 1A$				ns
tfr	$T_j = 25^\circ C$	$I_F = 1A$	$dI_F/dt = -50A/\mu s$			40
		$V_{FR} = 30V$				
V <sub>FP</sub>	$T_j = 25^\circ C$	$I_F = 1A$	$tr = 10 \text{ ns}$		15	ns
		$V_{FR} = 1.1 \times V_F$				

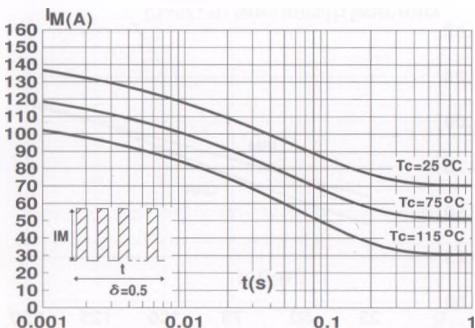
**Fig.1 :** Average forward power dissipation versus average forward current.



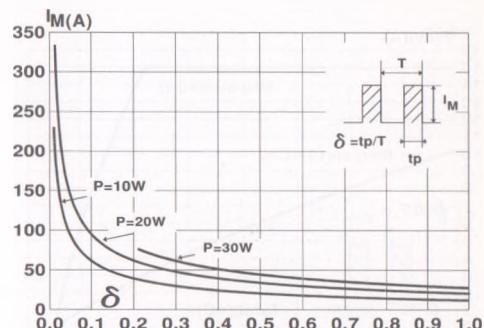
**Fig.3 :** Forward voltage drop versus forward current (maximum values).



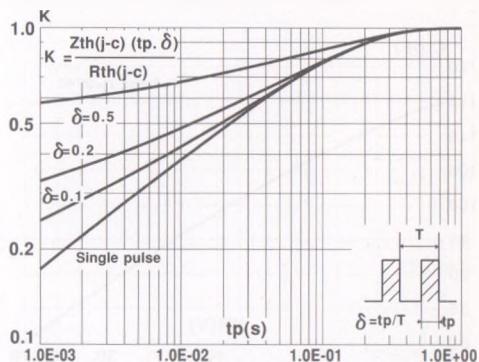
**Fig.5 :** Non repetitive surge peak forward current versus overload duration.  
(BYW81P)



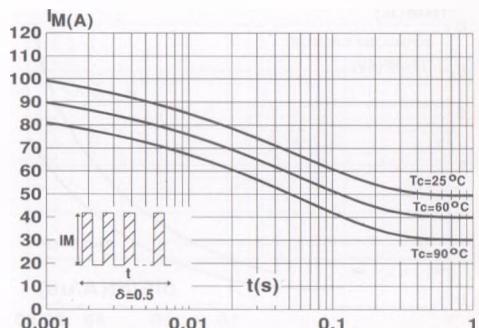
**Fig.2 :** Peak current versus form factor.



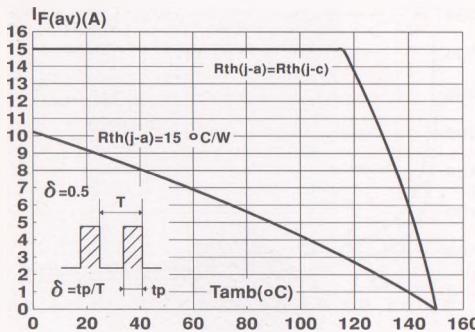
**Fig.4 :** Relative variation of thermal impedance junction to case versus pulse duration.



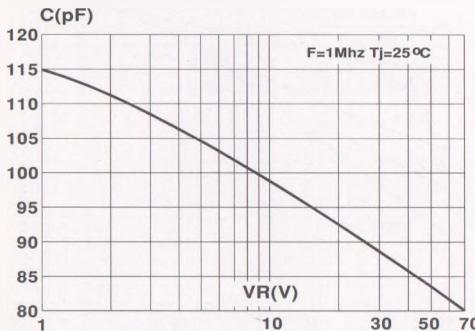
**Fig.6 :** Non repetitive surge peak forward current versus overload duration.  
(BYW81P)



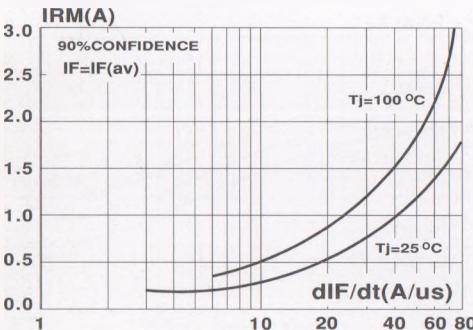
**Fig.7** : Average current versus ambient temperature.  
(duty cycle : 0.5) (BYW81P)



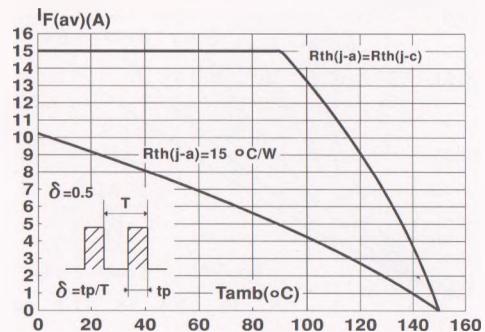
**Fig.9** : Junction capacitance versus reverse voltage applied (Typical values).



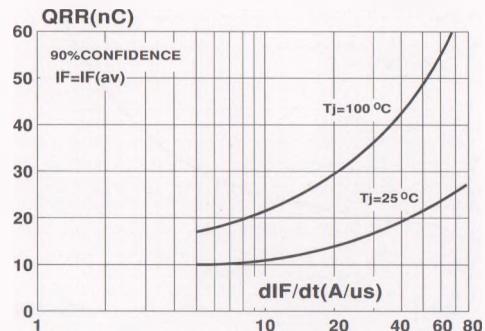
**Fig.11** : Peak reverse current versus  $dI/dt$ .



**Fig.8** : Average current versus ambient temperature.  
(duty cycle : 0.5) (BYW81PI)



**Fig.10** : Recovery charges versus  $dI/dt$ .



**Fig.12** : Dynamic parameters versus junction temperature.

