

ULTRA-FAST HIGH VOLTAGE DIODE

MAIN PRODUCT CHARACTERISTICS

I _{F(AV)}	5A
V _{RRM}	600V
t _{rr} (typ)	20ns
V _F (max)	1.5V

FEATURES AND BENEFITS

- SPECIFIC TO "FREEWHEEL MODE" OPERATIONS: Freewheel or Booster Diode.
- ULTRA-FAST AND SOFT RECOVERY.
- VERY LOW OVERALL POWER LOSSES IN BOTH THE DIODE AND THE COMPANION TRANSISTOR.
- HIGH FREQUENCY OPERATIONS.
- HIGH DISSIPATION MINIATURE PACKAGE.
- SURFACE MOUNT TECHNOLOGY COMPATIBLE.

DESCRIPTION

The TURBOSWITCH is a very high performance series of ultra-fast high voltage power diodes from 600V to 1200V.

TURBOSWITCH, A family, drastically cuts losses in both the diode and the associated switching IGBT or MOSFET in all "Freewheel Mode" operations and is particularly suitable and efficient



in motor control freewheel applications and in booster diode applications in Power Factor Control circuitries.

Packaged in a very high performance surface mount package PSO-10, this 600V device is particularly intended for use on 240V domestic mains.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Unit
V _{RRM}	Repetitive peak reverse voltage	600	V
V _{RSM}	Non repetitive peak reverse voltage	600	V
I _{F(RMS)}	RMS forward current (All pins connected)	17	A
I _{FRM}	Repetitive peak forward current (tp = 5 µs, f = 5kHz)	65	A
T _j	Max operating junction temperature	- 65 to + 150	°C
T _{stg}	Storage temperature	- 65 to + 150	°C

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THERMAL AND POWER DATA

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Value	Unit
R _{th(j-c)}	Junction to case thermal resistance		3.5	°C/W
P ₁	Conduction power dissipation (see fig. 2)	I _{F(AV)} = 5A δ = 0.5 T _c = 118°C	9	W
P _{max}	Total power dissipation P _{max} = P ₁ + P ₃ (P ₃ = 10% P ₁)	T _c = 115°C	10	W

STATIC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (see Fig.2)

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions		Min	Typ	Max	Unit
V _F	Forward voltage drop	I _F = 5A	T _j = 25°C			1.75	V
			T _j = 125°C			1.5	
I _R	Reverse leakage current	V _R = 0.8 x V _{RRM}	T _j = 25°C			100	μA
			T _j = 125°C			2	mA

Test pulses widths : * tp = 380 μs, duty cycle < 2%

** tp = 5 ms , duty cycle < 2%

DYNAMIC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS
TURN-OFF SWITCHING (see Fig.3)

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
t _{rr}	Reverse recovery time	T _j = 25°C I _F = 0.5 A I _R = 1A I _{rr} = 0.25A I _F = 1A dI _F /dt = -50A/μs V _R = 30V		20	50	ns
I _{RM}	Maximum reverse recovery current	T _j = 125°C V _R = 400V I _F = 5A dI _F /dt = -40 A/μs dI _F /dt = -500 A/μs		11	3	A
S factor	Softness factor	T _j = 125°C V _R = 400V I _F = 5A dI _F /dt = -500 A/μs		0.55		/

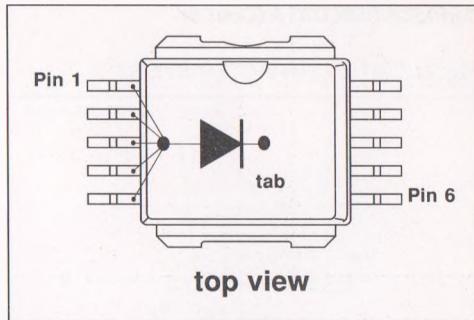
TURN-ON SWITCHING (see Fig.4)

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
t _{fr}	Forward recovery time	T _j = 25°C I _F = 5A dI _F /dt = 40 A/μs measured at, 1.1 × V _{Fmax}			500	ns
V _{Fp}	Peak forward voltage	T _j = 25°C I _F = 5A dI _F /dt = 40 A/μs			10	V

PIN OUT configuration in PowerSO-10 :

Anode = pin 1 to 5

Cathode = connected to base tab

**APPLICATION DATA**

The TURBOSWITCH "A" is especially designed to provide the lowest overall power losses in any "FREEWHEEL Mode" application (Fig.1) considering both the diode and the companion

transistor, thus optimizing the overall performance in the end application.

The way of calculating the power losses is given below:

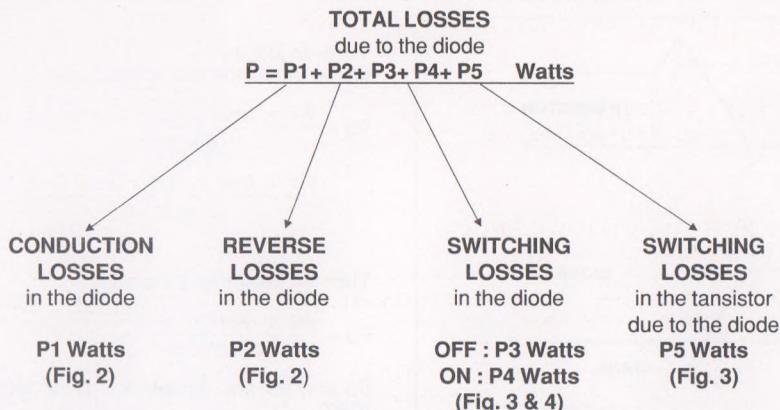
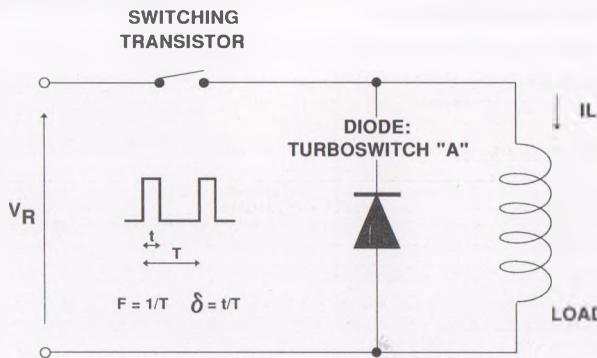
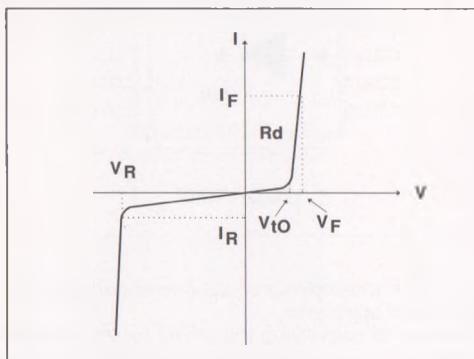


Fig. 1 : "FREEWHEEL" MODE.



APPLICATION DATA (Cont'd)

Fig. 2: STATIC CHARACTERISTICS

**Conduction losses :**

$$P_1 = V_{TO} \cdot I_F(AV) + R_d \cdot I_F^2(\text{RMS})$$

with

$$V_{TO} = 1.15 \text{ V}$$

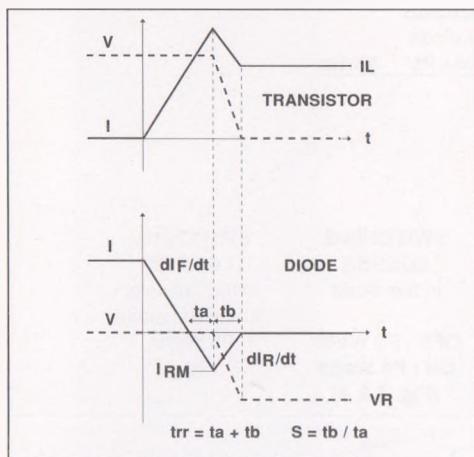
$$R_d = 0.070 \text{ Ohm}$$

(Max values at 125°C)

Reverse losses :

$$P_2 = V_R \cdot I_R \cdot (1 - \delta)$$

Fig. 3: TURN-OFF CHARACTERISTICS

**Turn-on losses :**

(in the transistor, due to the diode)

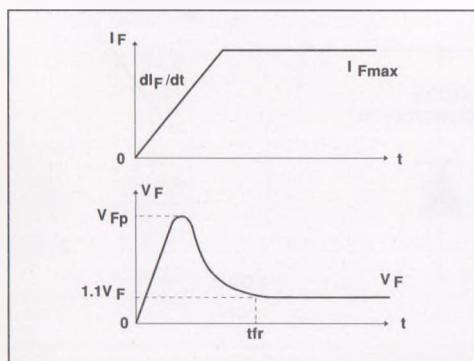
$$P_5 = \frac{V_R \times I_{RM}^2 \times (3 + 2 \times S) \times F}{6 \times dI/dt} + \frac{V_R \times I_{RM} \times I_L \times (S + 2) \times F}{2 \times dI/dt}$$

Turn-off losses (in the diode) :

$$P_3 = \frac{V_R \times I_{RM}^2 \times S \times F}{6 \times dI/dt}$$

P3 and P5 are suitable for power MOSFET and IGBT

Fig. 4: TURN-ON CHARACTERISTICS

**Turn-on losses :**

$$P_4 = 0.4 (V_{FP} - V_F) \cdot I_{Fmax} \cdot t_{fr} \cdot F$$

Fig 5 : Conduction losses versus average current

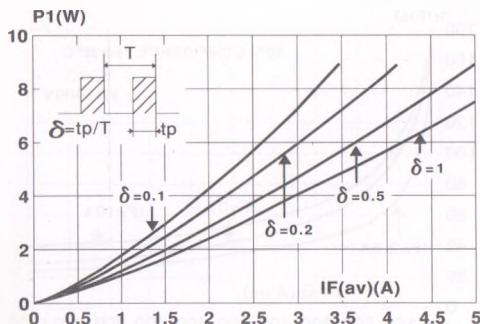
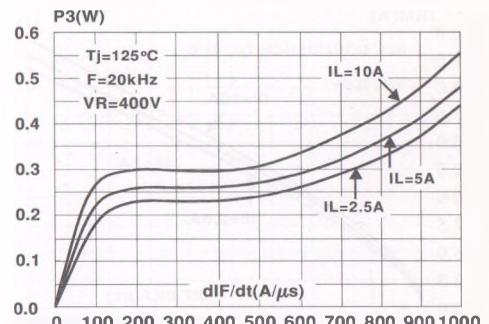
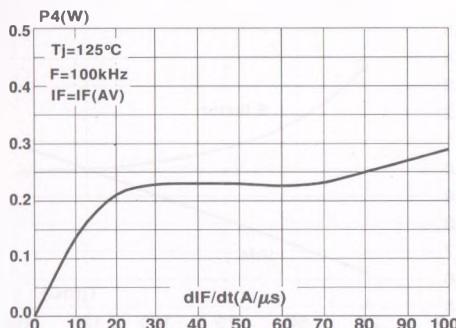
Fig 6 : Switching OFF losses versus dI/dt Fig 7 : Switching ON losses versus dI/dt 

Fig 8 : Switching losses in transistor due to the diode

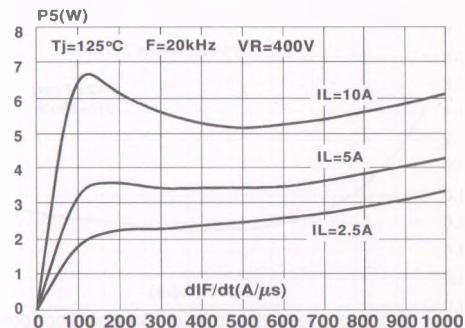


Fig 9 : Forward voltage drop versus forward current

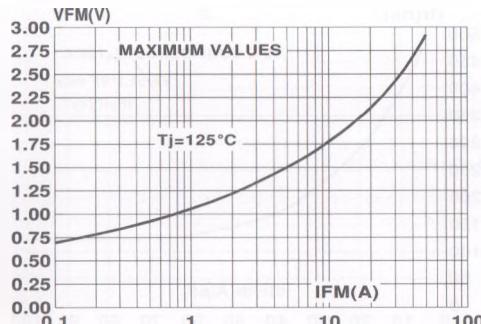


Fig 10 : Relative variation of thermal transient impedance junction to case versus pulse duration

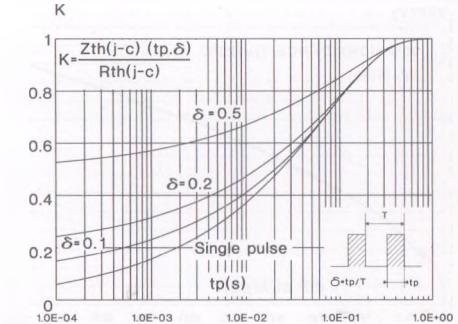


Fig 11 : Peak reverse recovery current versus dIF/dt

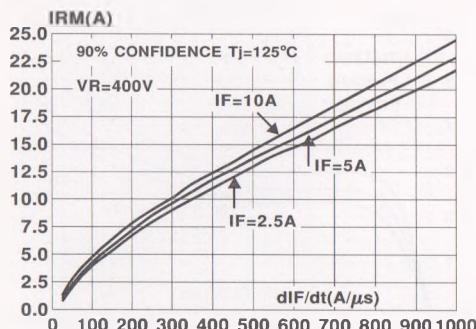


Fig 13 : Softness factor (tb/ta) versus dIF/dt

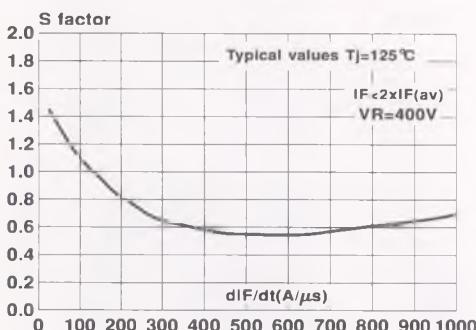


Fig 15 : Transient peak forward voltage versus dIF/dt

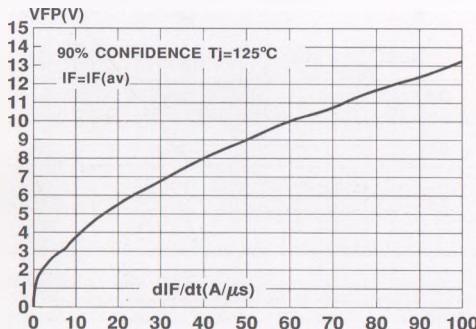


Fig 12 : Reverse recovery time versus dIF/dt

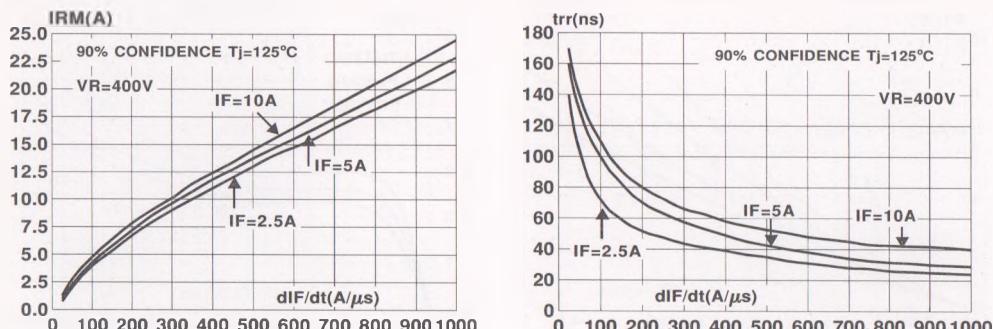


Fig 14 : Relative variation of dynamic parameters versus junction temperature (Reference $T_j=125^\circ\text{C}$)

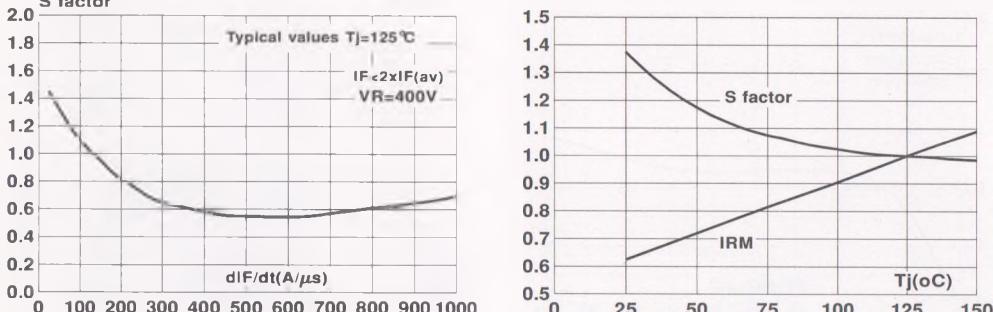


Fig 16 : Forward recovery time versus dIF/dt

