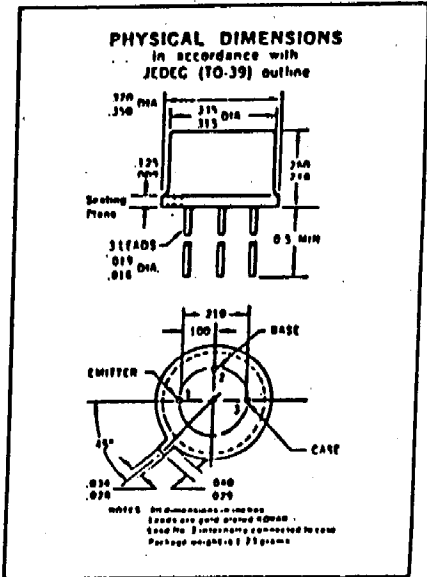


2N5042

PNP HIGH CURRENT AMPLIFIER

- EXCELLENT BETA LINEARITY - $\frac{h_{FE} @ 500 \text{ mA}}{h_{FE} @ 150 \text{ mA}} = 0.75$ (min.)
- LOW SATURATION VOLTAGE - $V_{CE(sat)} = 0.45$ (typ.) @ $I_C = 1.0 \text{ A}, I_B = 33 \text{ mA}$
- HIGH BREAKDOWN VOLTAGE - $V_{CRO} = 40 \text{ V}$ (min.) @ $I_C = 30 \text{ mA}$
- LOW DISTORTION - 0.5% (typ.) @ 5.0 WATTS



ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (Note 1)

| | |
|--|-----------------|
| Maximum Temperatures | -65°C to +200°C |
| Storage Temperature | +200°C |
| Operating Junction Temperature | +300°C |
| Lead Temperature (Soldering, 60 second time limit) | |
| Maximum Power Dissipation | |
| Total Dissipation | 4.0 Watts |
| at 25°C Case Temperature (Notes 2 & 3) | 0.8 Watt |
| at 25°C Ambient Temperature (Notes 2 & 3) | |
| Maximum Voltages | |
| V_{CBO} Collector to Base Voltage | -40 Volts |
| V_{CRO} Collector to Emitter Voltage (Note 4) | -40 Volts |
| V_{EO} Emitter to Base Voltage | -5.0 Volts |

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25°C Free Air Temperature unless otherwise noted)

| SYMBOL | CHARACTERISTIC | MIN. | TYP. | MAX. | UNITS | TEST CONDITIONS |
|------------------------------|---|-------|-------|------|---------------|--|
| h_{FEZ} | DC Pulse Current Gain Ratio (Note 5) | 0.75 | 0.85 | | | $h_{FE1} @ I_C = 150 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = -1.0 \text{ V}$ |
| h_{FE1} | DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 5) | 40 | 75 | 150 | | $h_{FE2} @ I_C = 500 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = -1.0 \text{ V}$ |
| h_{FE2} | DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 5) | 30 | 65 | | | $I_C = 150 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = -1.0 \text{ V}$ |
| h_{FE3} | DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 5) | 30 | 85 | 225 | | $I_C = 500 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = -1.0 \text{ V}$ |
| h_{FE4} | DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 5) | | | | | $I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = -1.0 \text{ V}$ |
| $V_{CRO(sust)}$ | Collector to Emitter Sustaining Voltage (Notes 4 & 5) | -40 | | | Volts | $I_C = 30 \text{ mA}$ (pulsed) $I_B = 0$ |
| BV_{CBO} | Collector to Base Breakdown Voltage | -40 | | | Volts | $I_C = 100 \mu\text{A}$ $I_E = 0$ |
| BV_{EBO} | Emitter to Base Breakdown Voltage | -5.0 | | | Volts | $I_C = 0$ $I_E = 10 \mu\text{A}$ |
| $V_{CE(sat)}$ | Pulsed Collector Saturation Voltage (Note 5) | -0.09 | -0.25 | | Volt | $I_C = 150 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 15 \text{ mA}$ |
| $V_{CE(sat)}$ | Pulsed Collector Saturation Voltage (Note 5) | -0.20 | -0.50 | | Volt | $I_C = 500 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 50 \text{ mA}$ |
| $V_{CE(sat)}$ | Pulsed Collector Saturation Voltage (Note 5) | -0.45 | -1.3 | | Volts | $I_C = 1.0 \text{ A}$ $I_B = 100 \text{ mA}$ |
| $V_{BE(on)}$ | Pulsed Base Emitter On Voltage (Note 5) | -0.69 | -0.75 | | Volt | $I_C = 20 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = -5.0 \text{ V}$ |
| $V_{BE(sat)}$ | Pulsed Base Saturation Voltage (Note 5) | -0.82 | -1.1 | | Volts | $I_C = 150 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 15 \text{ mA}$ |
| $V_{BE(sat)}$ | Pulsed Base Saturation Voltage (Note 5) | -0.85 | -1.1 | | Volts | $I_C = 500 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 50 \text{ mA}$ |
| $V_{BE(sat)}$ | Pulsed Base Saturation Voltage (Note 5) | -0.95 | -1.2 | | Volts | $I_C = 1.0 \text{ A}$ $I_B = 100 \text{ mA}$ |
| I_{CBO} | Collector Cutoff Current | | 0.2 | 50 | nA | $I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = -30 \text{ V}$ |
| $I_{CBO}(150^\circ\text{C})$ | Collector Cutoff Current | | 1.0 | 20 | μA | $I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = -30 \text{ V}$ |
| I_{EBO} | Emitter Cutoff Current | | 0.1 | 50 | nA | $I_C = 0$ $V_{EB} = -4.0 \text{ V}$ |
| h_{fe} | High Frequency Current Gain ($f = 100 \text{ MHz}$) | 1.0 | 2.0 | 5.0 | | $I_C = 50 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = -10 \text{ V}$ |
| C_{cb} | Collector to Base Capacitance ($f = 1.0 \text{ MHz}$) | | 15 | 35 | pF | $I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = -10 \text{ V}$ |
| C_{eb} | Emitter to Base Capacitance ($f = 1.0 \text{ MHz}$) | | 75 | 120 | pF | $I_C = 0$ $V_{EB} = -0.5 \text{ V}$ |
| t_{on} | Turn On Time (Note 6) | | 23 | | ns | $I_C \approx 500 \text{ mA}$ $I_{B1} \approx 50 \text{ mA}$ |
| t_{off} | Turn Off Time (Note 6) | | 200 | | ns | $I_C \approx 500 \text{ mA}$ $I_{B1} = I_{B2} \approx 50 \text{ mA}$ |
| NF | Narrow Band Noise Figure ($f = 1.0 \text{ kHz}$) | | 1.0 | | dB | $V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{ V}$ $R_s = 1.0 \text{ k}\Omega$ |

NOTES:
 1) These ratings are limiting values above which the serviceability of any individual semiconductor device may be impaired.
 2) These are steady state limits. The factory should be consulted on applications involving pulsed or low duty cycle operations.
 3) These ratings give a maximum junction temperature of 200°C and junction to case thermal resistance of 43.8°C/Watt (derating factor of 22.8 mW/°C); junction to ambient thermal resistance of 219°C/Watt (derating factor of 4.56 mW/°C).
 4) This rating refers to a high current point where collector-to-emitter voltage is lowest.
 Pulse Conditions: length = 300 μs ; duty cycle = 1%.
 See switching circuit for exact values of I_C , I_{B1} , and I_{B2} .