

MOS FIELD EFFECT TRANSISTOR 2SK3483

SWITCHING N-CHANNEL POWER MOS FET INDUSTRIAL USE

DESCRIPTION

The 2SK3483 is N-Channel MOS Field Effect Transistor designed for high current switching applications.

FEATURES

• Low On-State Resistance

 $R_{\text{DS(on)1}}$ = 52 $m\Omega$ MAX. (Vgs = 10 V, Ip = 14 A)

 $R_{DS(on)2} = 59 \text{ m}\Omega \text{ MAX.} \text{ (Vgs} = 4.5 \text{ V, Ip} = 14 \text{ A)}$

- Low Ciss: Ciss = 2300 pF TYP.
- Built-in Gate Protection Diode
- TO-251/TO-252 package

ORDERING INFORMATION

PART NUMBER	PACKAGE		
2SK3483	TO-251		
2SK3483-Z	TO-252		

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (TA = 25°C)

Drain to Source Voltage (Vgs = 0V)	VDSS	100	V
Gate to Source Voltage (Vps = 0V)	Vgss	±20	V
Drain Current (DC)	I _{D(DC)}	±28	Α
Drain Current (Pulse) Note1	D(pulse)	±60	Α
Total Power Dissipation (Tc = 25°C)	PT	40	W
Total Power Dissipation (T _A = 25°C)	PT	1.0	W
Channel Temperature	Tch	150	°C
Storage Temperature	T _{stg}	-55 to +150	°C
Single Avalanche Current Note2	IAS	25	Α
Single Avalanche Energy Note2	Eas	62.5	mJ

(TO-251)

(TO-252)



Notes 1. PW \leq 10 μ s, Duty cycle \leq 1%

2. Starting T_{ch} = 25°C, R_G = 25 Ω , V_{GS} = 20 \rightarrow 0 V

The information in this document is subject to change without notice. Before using this document, please confirm that this is the latest version.

Not all devices/types available in every country. Please check with local NEC representative for availability and additional information.

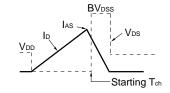


ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (TA = 25°C)

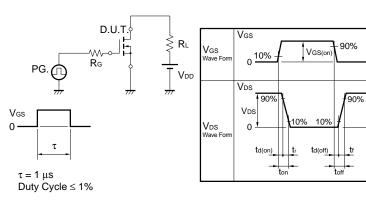
CHARACTERISTICS	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	Ipss	Vps = 100 V, Vgs = 0 V			10	μΑ
Gate Leakage Current	lgss	Vgs = ±20 V, Vps = 0 V			±10	μΑ
Gate Cut-off Voltage	V _{GS(off)}	V _{DS} = 10 V, I _D = 1 mA	1.5	2.0	2.5	V
Forward Transfer Admittance	yfs	V _{DS} = 10 V, I _D = 14 A	9.0	18		S
Drain to Source On-state Resistance	RDS(on)1	V _G S = 10 V, I _D = 14 A		41	52	mΩ
	RDS(on)2	V _{GS} = 4.5 V, I _D = 14 A		45	59	mΩ
Input Capacitance	Ciss	V _{DS} = 10 V		2300		pF
Output Capacitance	Coss	V _{GS} = 0 V		230		pF
Reverse Transfer Capacitance	Crss	f = 1 MHz		120		pF
Turn-on Delay Time	td(on)	V _{DD} = 50 V, I _D = 14 A		12		ns
Rise Time	tr	V _{GS} = 10 V		9		ns
Turn-off Delay Time	td(off)	$R_G = 0 \Omega$		53		ns
Fall Time	tf			5		ns
Total Gate Charge	Q _G	V _{DD} = 80 V		49		nC
Gate to Source Charge	Qgs	V _{GS} = 10 V		7		nC
Gate to Drain Charge	Q _{GD}	ID = 28 A		13		nC
Body Diode Forward Voltage	V _F (S-D)	IF = 28 A, VGS = 0 V		1.0		V
Reverse Recovery Time	trr	IF = 28 A, VGS = 0 V		73		ns
Reverse Recovery Charge	Qrr	di/dt = 100 A/μs		175		nC

TEST CIRCUIT 1 AVALANCHE CAPABILITY

$\begin{array}{c} \text{D.U.T.} \\ \text{Rg} = 25 \Omega \\ \text{VGS} = 20 \rightarrow 0 \text{ V} \\ \end{array}$



TEST CIRCUIT 2 SWITCHING TIME



TEST CIRCUIT 3 GATE CHARGE

20

0

0

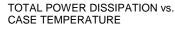
25

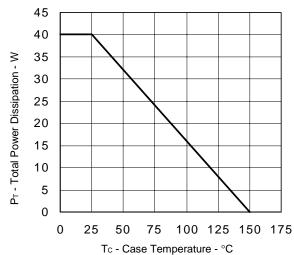
TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS (TA = 25°C)



50

DERATING FACTOR OF FORWARD BIAS

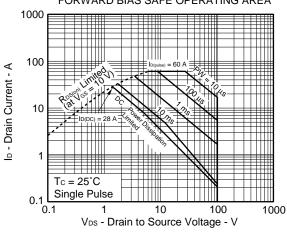




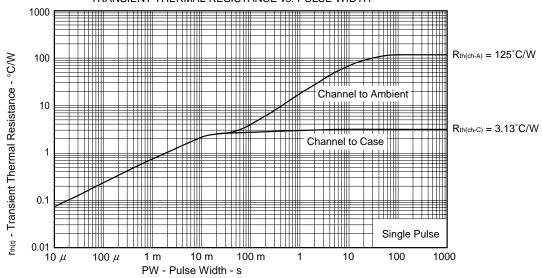


 \mbox{Tc} - Case Temperature - $^{\circ}\mbox{C}$

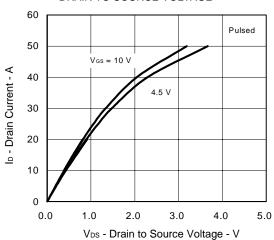
75 100 125 150 175



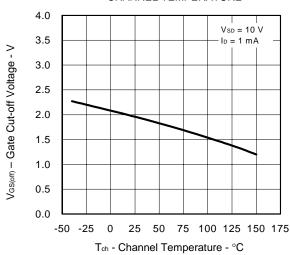
TRANSIENT THERMAL RESISTANCE vs. PULSE WIDTH



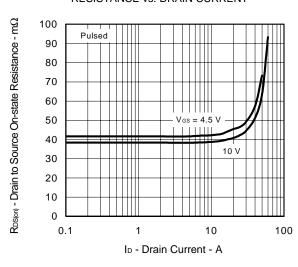
DRAIN CURRENT vs. DRAIN TO SOURCE VOLTAGE



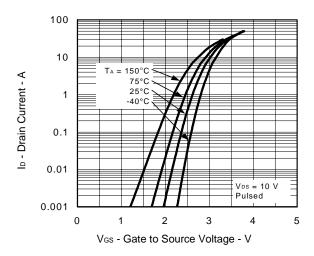
GATE CUT-OFF VOLTAGE vs. CHANNEL TEMPERATURE



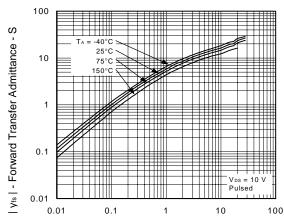
DRAIN TO SOURCE ON-STATE RESISTANCE vs. DRAIN CURRENT



FORWARD TRANSFER CHARACTERISTICS

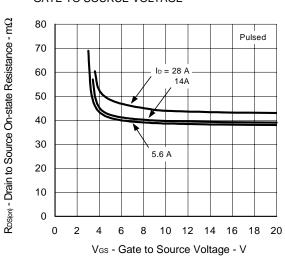


FORWARD TRANSFER ADMITTANCE vs. DRAIN CURRENT

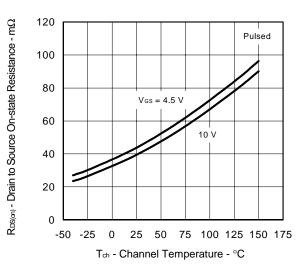


ID - Drain Current - A

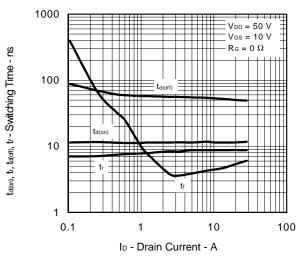
DRAIN TO SOURCE ON-STATE RESISTANCE vs. GATE TO SOURCE VOLTAGE



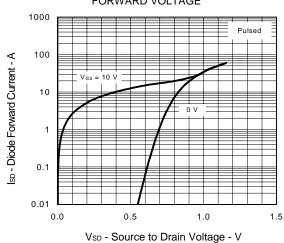
DRAIN TO SOURCE ON-STATE RESISTANCE vs. CHANNEL TEMPERATURE



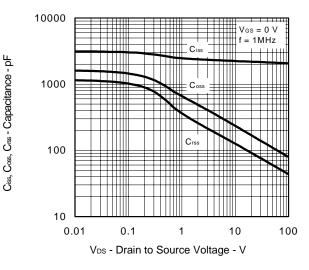
SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS



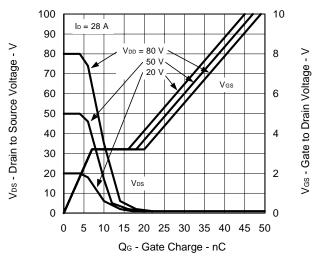
SOURCE TO DRAIN DIODE FORWARD VOLTAGE



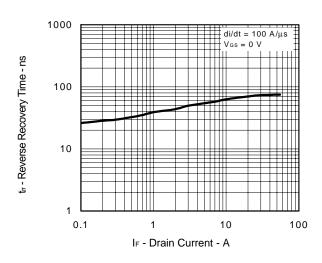
CAPACITANCE vs. DRAIN TO SOURCE VOLTAGE



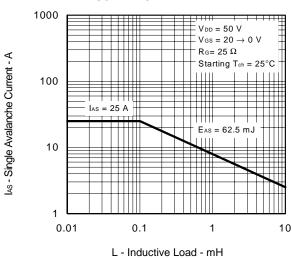
DYNAMIC INPUT/OUTPUT CHARACTERISTICS



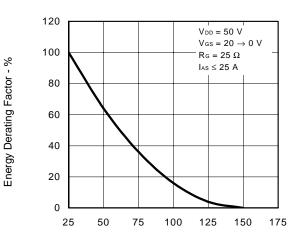
REVERSE RECOVERY TIME vs. DRAIN CURRENT



SINGLE AVALANCHE CURRENT vs. INDUCTIVE LOAD



SINGLE AVALANCHE ENERGY DERATING FACTOR

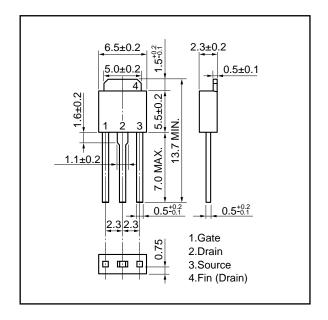


Starting T_{ch} - Starting Channel Temperature - $^{\circ}C$

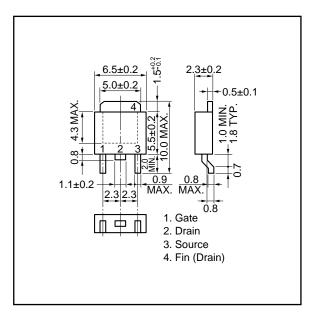


PACKAGE DRAWINGS (Unit: mm)

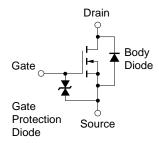
1) TO-251 (MP-3)



2) TO-252 (MP-3Z)



EQUIVALENT CIRCUIT



Remark The diode connected between the gate and source of the transistor serves as a protector against ESD. When this device actually used, an additional protection circuit is externally required if a voltage exceeding the rated voltage may be applied to this device.

7

- The information in this document is current as of April, 2002 The information is subject to change
 without notice. For actual design-in, refer to the latest publications of NEC's data sheets or data
 books, etc., for the most up-to-date specifications of NEC semiconductor products. Not all products
 and/or types are available in every country. Please check with an NEC sales representative for
 availability and additional information.
- No part of this document may be copied or reproduced in any form or by any means without prior written consent of NEC. NEC assumes no responsibility for any errors that may appear in this document.
- NEC does not assume any liability for infringement of patents, copyrights or other intellectual property rights of
 third parties by or arising from the use of NEC semiconductor products listed in this document or any other
 liability arising from the use of such products. No license, express, implied or otherwise, is granted under any
 patents, copyrights or other intellectual property rights of NEC or others.
- Descriptions of circuits, software and other related information in this document are provided for illustrative
 purposes in semiconductor product operation and application examples. The incorporation of these
 circuits, software and information in the design of customer's equipment shall be done under the full
 responsibility of customer. NEC assumes no responsibility for any losses incurred by customers or third
 parties arising from the use of these circuits, software and information.
- While NEC endeavours to enhance the quality, reliability and safety of NEC semiconductor products, customers
 agree and acknowledge that the possibility of defects thereof cannot be eliminated entirely. To minimize
 risks of damage to property or injury (including death) to persons arising from defects in NEC
 semiconductor products, customers must incorporate sufficient safety measures in their design, such as
 redundancy, fire-containment, and anti-failure features.
- NEC semiconductor products are classified into the following three quality grades:
 - "Standard", "Special" and "Specific". The "Specific" quality grade applies only to semiconductor products developed based on a customer-designated "quality assurance program" for a specific application. The recommended applications of a semiconductor product depend on its quality grade, as indicated below. Customers must check the quality grade of each semiconductor product before using it in a particular application.
 - "Standard": Computers, office equipment, communications equipment, test and measurement equipment, audio and visual equipment, home electronic appliances, machine tools, personal electronic equipment and industrial robots
 - "Special": Transportation equipment (automobiles, trains, ships, etc.), traffic control systems, anti-disaster systems, anti-crime systems, safety equipment and medical equipment (not specifically designed for life support)
 - "Specific": Aircraft, aerospace equipment, submersible repeaters, nuclear reactor control systems, life support systems and medical equipment for life support, etc.

The quality grade of NEC semiconductor products is "Standard" unless otherwise expressly specified in NEC's data sheets or data books, etc. If customers wish to use NEC semiconductor products in applications not intended by NEC, they must contact an NEC sales representative in advance to determine NEC's willingness to support a given application.

(Note)

- (1) "NEC" as used in this statement means NEC Corporation and also includes its majority-owned subsidiaries.
- (2) "NEC semiconductor products" means any semiconductor product developed or manufactured by or for NEC (as defined above).