

MOS FIELD EFFECT TRANSISTOR 2SK3573

SWITCHING N-CHANNEL POWER MOS FET

DESCRIPTION

The 2SK3573 is N-channel MOS FET device that features a low on-state resistance and excellent switching characteristics, designed for low voltage high current applications such as DC/DC converter with synchronous rectifier.

FEATURES

- 4.5 V drive available
- Low on-state resistance $R_{DS(on)1} = 4.0 \text{ m}\Omega$ MAX. (Vgs = 10 V, ID = 42 A)

• Low gate charge

 $Q_G = 68 \text{ nC TYP.}$ (VDD = 16 V, VGS = 10 V, ID = 83 A)

• Surface mount device available

★ ORDERING INFORMATION

| PART NUMBER | PACKAGE |
|-------------|----------------|
| 2SK3573 | TO-220AB |
| 2SK3573-S | TO-262 |
| 2SK3573-ZK | TO-263 |
| 2SK3573-Z | TO-220SMD Note |

Note TO-220SMD package is produced only in Japan.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS ($T_A = 25$ °C)

| Drain to Source Voltage (Vgs = 0 V) | VDSS | 20 | V | |
|---|-----------------|-------------|----|--|
| Gate to Source Voltage (Vps = 0 V) | Vgss | ±20 | V | |
| Drain Current (DC) (Tc = 25°C) | ID(DC) | ±83 | Α | |
| Drain Current (pulse) Note | D(pulse) | ±332 | Α | |
| Total Power Dissipation (T _A = 25°C) | P _{T1} | 1.5 | W | |
| Total Power Dissipation (Tc = 25°C) | P _{T2} | 105 | W | |
| Channel Temperature | Tch | 150 | °C | |
| Storage Temperature | Tstg | -55 to +150 | °C | |

Note PW \leq 10 μ s, Duty Cycle \leq 1%

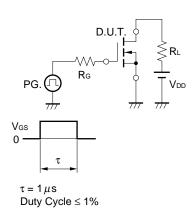
The information in this document is subject to change without notice. Before using this document, please confirm that this is the latest version. Not all devices/types available in every country. Please check with local NEC representative for availability and additional information.

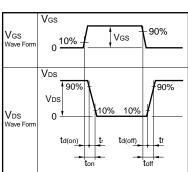


ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (TA = 25°C)

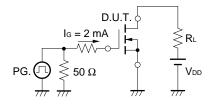
| CHARACTERISTICS | SYMBOL | TEST CONDITIONS | MIN. | TYP. | MAX. | UNIT |
|-------------------------------------|----------------------|---|------|------|------|------|
| Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current | Ipss | V _{DS} = 20 V, V _{GS} = 0 V | | | 10 | μΑ |
| Gate Leakage Current | lgss | $V_{GS} = \pm 20 \text{ V}, V_{DS} = 0 \text{ V}$ | | | ±100 | nA |
| Gate Cut-off Voltage | V _{GS(off)} | V _{DS} = 10 V, I _D = 1 mA | 1.5 | | 2.5 | V |
| Forward Transfer Admittance | yfs | V _{DS} = 10 V, I _D = 42 A | 27 | | | S |
| Drain to Source On-state Resistance | RDS(on)1 | Vgs = 10 V, ID = 42 A | | 2.9 | 4.0 | mΩ |
| | RDS(on)2 | Vgs = 4.5 V, ID = 42 A | | 3.8 | 6.0 | mΩ |
| Input Capacitance | Ciss | V _{DS} = 10 V | | 4000 | | pF |
| Output Capacitance | Coss | Vgs = 0 V | | 1550 | | pF |
| Reverse Transfer Capacitance | Crss | f = 1 MHz | | 570 | | pF |
| Turn-on Delay Time | t d(on) | V _{DD} = 10 V, I _D = 42 A | | 23 | | ns |
| Rise Time | t r | Vgs = 10 V | | 23 | | ns |
| Turn-off Delay Time | td(off) | R _G = 10 Ω | | 110 | | ns |
| Fall Time | t f | | | 40 | | ns |
| Total Gate Charge | Q _G | VDD = 16 V | | 68 | | nC |
| Gate to Source Charge | Qgs | Vgs = 10 V | | 12 | | nC |
| Gate to Drain Charge | Q _{GD} | ID = 83 A | | 18 | | nC |
| Body Diode Forward Voltage | V _{F(S-D)} | IF = 83 A, VGS = 0 V | | 1.0 | | V |
| Reverse Recovery Time | trr | IF = 83 A, VGS = 0 V | | 77 | | ns |
| Reverse Recovery Charge | Qrr | di/dt = 100 A/μs | | 115 | | nC |

TEST CIRCUIT 1 SWITCHING TIME



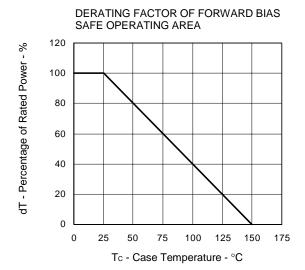


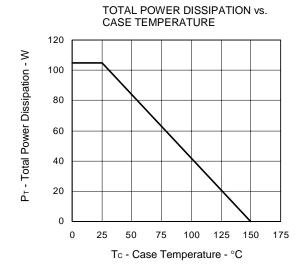
TEST CIRCUIT 2 GATE CHARGE



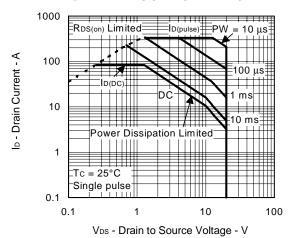


TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS (TA = 25°C)

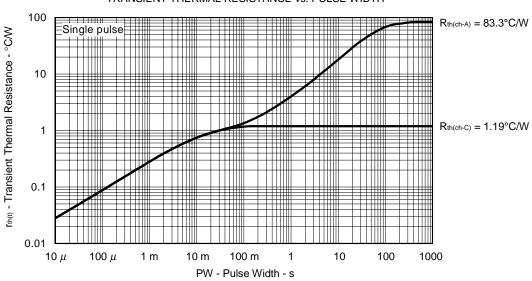




FORWARD BIAS SAFE OPERATING AREA

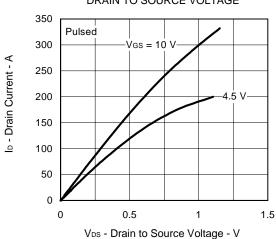


TRANSIENT THERMAL RESISTANCE vs. PULSE WIDTH

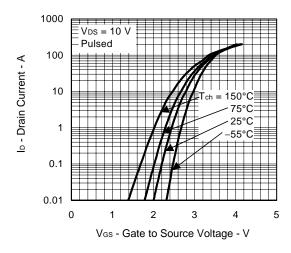


3

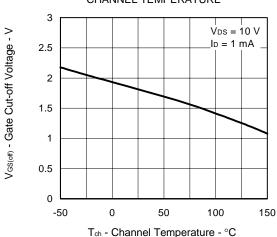
DRAIN CURRENT vs. DRAIN TO SOURCE VOLTAGE



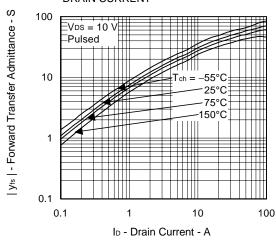
FORWARD TRANSFER CHARACTERISTICS



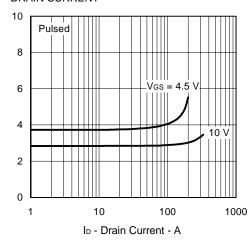
GATE CUT-OFF VOLTAGE vs. CHANNEL TEMPERATURE



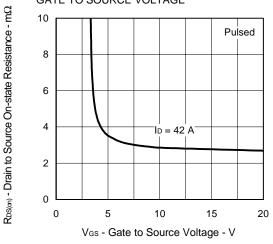
FORWARD TRANSFER ADMITTANCE vs. DRAIN CURRENT



DRAIN TO SOURCE ON-STATE RESISTANCE vs. DRAIN CURRENT



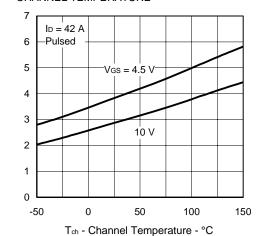
DRAIN TO SOURCE ON-STATE RESISTANCE vs. GATE TO SOURCE VOLTAGE



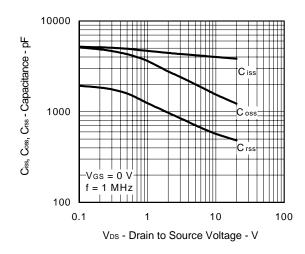
R_{DS(m)} - Drain to Source On-state Resistance - mΩ

NEC

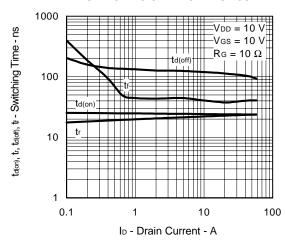
DRAIN TO SOURCE ON-STATE RESISTANCE vs. CHANNEL TEMPERATURE



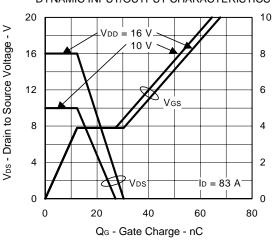
CAPACITANCE vs. DRAIN TO SOURCE VOLTAGE



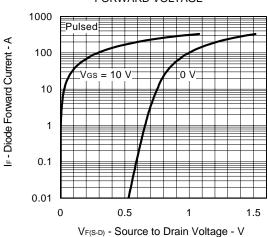
SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS



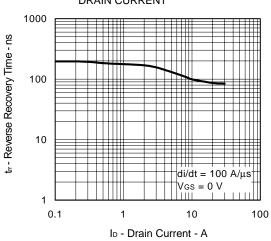
DYNAMIC INPUT/OUTPUT CHARACTERISTICS



SOURCE TO DRAIN DIODE FORWARD VOLTAGE



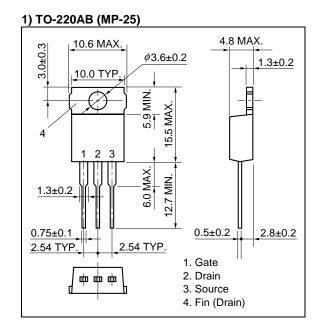
REVERSE RECOVERY TIME vs. DRAIN CURRENT

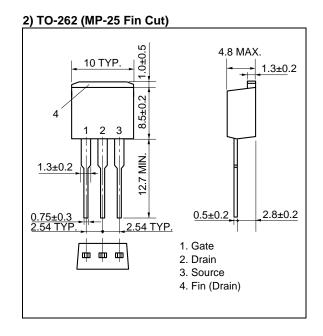


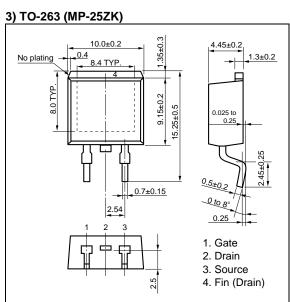
Ves - Gate to Source Voltage - V

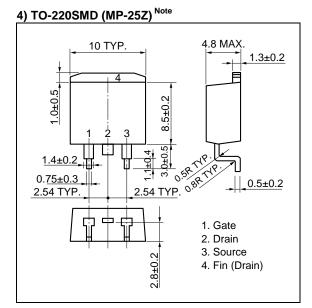


★ PACKAGE DRAWINGS (Unit: mm)



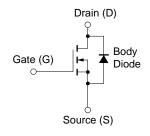






Note This package is produced only in Japan.

EQUIVALENT CIRCUIT



Remark Strong electric field, when exposed to this device, can cause destruction of the gate oxide and ultimately degrade the device operation. Steps must be taken to stop generation of static electricity as much as possible, and quickly dissipate it once, when it has occurred.

[MEMO]

- The information in this document is current as of September, 2002. The information is subject to change without notice. For actual design-in, refer to the latest publications of NEC's data sheets or data books, etc., for the most up-to-date specifications of NEC semiconductor products. Not all products and/or types are available in every country. Please check with an NEC sales representative for availability and additional information.
- No part of this document may be copied or reproduced in any form or by any means without prior written consent of NEC. NEC assumes no responsibility for any errors that may appear in this document.
- NEC does not assume any liability for infringement of patents, copyrights or other intellectual property rights of
 third parties by or arising from the use of NEC semiconductor products listed in this document or any other
 liability arising from the use of such products. No license, express, implied or otherwise, is granted under any
 patents, copyrights or other intellectual property rights of NEC or others.
- Descriptions of circuits, software and other related information in this document are provided for illustrative
 purposes in semiconductor product operation and application examples. The incorporation of these
 circuits, software and information in the design of customer's equipment shall be done under the full
 responsibility of customer. NEC assumes no responsibility for any losses incurred by customers or third
 parties arising from the use of these circuits, software and information.
- While NEC endeavours to enhance the quality, reliability and safety of NEC semiconductor products, customers
 agree and acknowledge that the possibility of defects thereof cannot be eliminated entirely. To minimize
 risks of damage to property or injury (including death) to persons arising from defects in NEC
 semiconductor products, customers must incorporate sufficient safety measures in their design, such as
 redundancy, fire-containment, and anti-failure features.
- NEC semiconductor products are classified into the following three quality grades:
 - "Standard", "Special" and "Specific". The "Specific" quality grade applies only to semiconductor products developed based on a customer-designated "quality assurance program" for a specific application. The recommended applications of a semiconductor product depend on its quality grade, as indicated below. Customers must check the quality grade of each semiconductor product before using it in a particular application.
 - "Standard": Computers, office equipment, communications equipment, test and measurement equipment, audio and visual equipment, home electronic appliances, machine tools, personal electronic equipment and industrial robots
 - "Special": Transportation equipment (automobiles, trains, ships, etc.), traffic control systems, anti-disaster systems, anti-crime systems, safety equipment and medical equipment (not specifically designed for life support)
 - "Specific": Aircraft, aerospace equipment, submersible repeaters, nuclear reactor control systems, life support systems and medical equipment for life support, etc.

The quality grade of NEC semiconductor products is "Standard" unless otherwise expressly specified in NEC's data sheets or data books, etc. If customers wish to use NEC semiconductor products in applications not intended by NEC, they must contact an NEC sales representative in advance to determine NEC's willingness to support a given application.

(Note

- (1) "NEC" as used in this statement means NEC Corporation and also includes its majority-owned subsidiaries.
- (2) "NEC semiconductor products" means any semiconductor product developed or manufactured by or for NEC (as defined above).

M8E 00.4