DISCRETE SEMICONDUCTORS

DATA SHEET

BLW76HF/VHF power transistor

Product specification File under Discrete Semiconductors, SC08a August 1986





BLW76

DESCRIPTION

N-P-N silicon planar epitaxial transistor intended for use in class-AB or class-B operated high power transmitters in the h.f. and v.h.f. bands. The transistor presents excellent performance as a linear amplifier in the h.f. band. It is resistance stabilized and is guaranteed to withstand severe load

mismatch conditions. Transistors are delivered in matched her groups.

The transistor has a $\frac{1}{2}$ " flange envelope with a ceramic cap. All leads are isolated from the flange.

QUICK REFERENCE DATA

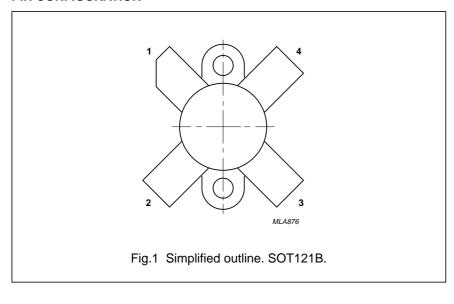
R.F. performance up to $T_h = 25$ °C

MODE OF OPERATION	V _{CE} V	I _{C(ZS)}	f MHz	P _L W	G _p dB	η %	d ₃ dB
s.s.b. (class-AB)	28	0,05	1,6 – 28	8 – 80 (P.E.P.)	> 13	> 35 ⁽¹⁾	< -30
c.w. (class-B)	28	_	108	80	typ. 7,9	typ. 70	_

Note

1. At 80 W P.E.P.

PIN CONFIGURATION



PINNING - SOT121B.

PIN	DESCRIPTION					
1	collector					
2	emitter					
3	base					
4	emitter					

PRODUCT SAFETY This device incorporates beryllium oxide, the dust of which is toxic. The device is entirely safe provided that the BeO disc is not damaged.

HF/VHF power transistor

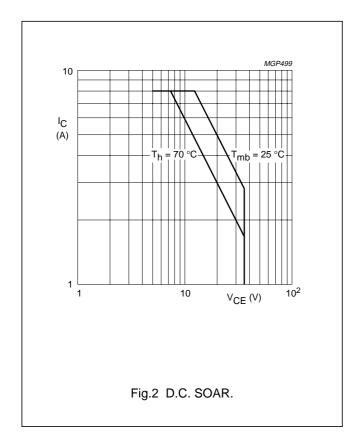
BLW76

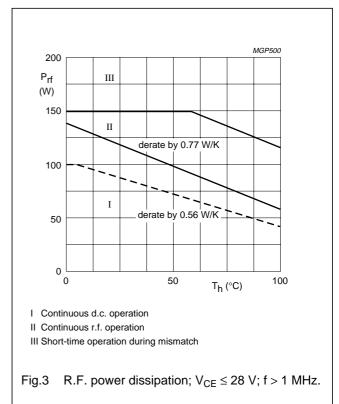
RATINGS

Limiting values in accordance with the Absolute Maximum System (IEC 134)

Collector-emitter voltage $(V_{BE} = 0)$

peak value	V_{CESM}	max.	70 V	/
Collector-emitter voltage (open base)	$V_{\sf CEO}$	max.	35 V	/
Emitter-base voltage (open collector)	V_{EBO}	max.	4 V	/
Collector current (average)	$I_{C(AV)}$	max.	8 A	Ą
Collector current (peak value); f > 1 MHz	I_{CM}	max.	20 A	4
R.F. power dissipation (f > 1 MHz); $T_{mb} = 25 ^{\circ}C$	P_{rf}	max.	140 V	N
Storage temperature	T_{stg}	-65 to	+ 150 °	C
Operating junction temperature	T_j	max.	200 °	C
R.F. power dissipation (f > 1 MHz); T_{mb} = 25 °C Storage temperature	P _{rf} T _{stg}	max. -65 to	140 V + 150 °	N N





THERMAL RESISTANCE

(dissipation = 60 W; T_{mb} = 82 °C, i.e. T_h = 70 °C)

From junction to mounting base (d.c. dissipation)

From junction to mounting base (r.f. dissipation)

From mounting base to heatsink

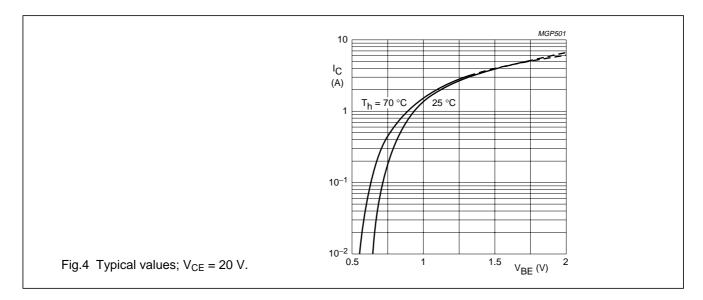
 $R_{th j-mb(dc)} = 1,92 \text{ K/W}$ $R_{th j-mb(rf)} = 1,33 \text{ K/W}$ $R_{th mb-h} = 0,2 \text{ K/W}$

BLW76

$T_j = 25$ °C unless otherwise specified				
Collector-emitter breakdown voltage				
$V_{BE} = 0; I_C = 50 \text{ mA}$	$V_{(BR) CES}$	>	70 V	
Collector-emitter breakdown voltage				
open base; I _C = 50 mA	$V_{(BR)CEO}$	>	35 V	
Emitter-base breakdown voltage				
open collector; I _E = 10 mA	$V_{(BR)EBO}$	>	4 V	
Collector cut-off current				
$V_{BE} = 0; V_{CE} = 35 \text{ V}$	I _{CES}	<	10 mA	
D.C. current gain ⁽¹⁾				
$I_C = 4 A; V_{CE} = 5 V$	h _{FE}		15 to 80	
D.C. current grain ratio of matched devices ⁽¹⁾				
$I_C = 4 A; V_{CE} = 5 V$	h _{FE1} /h _{FE2}	<	1,2	
Collector-emitter saturation voltage ⁽¹⁾				
$I_C = 12,5 \text{ A}; I_B = 2,5 \text{ A}$	V_{CEsat}	typ.	2,5 V	
Transition frequency at $f = 100 \text{ MHz}^{(2)}$				
$-I_E = 4 \text{ A}; V_{CB} = 28 \text{ V}$	f_T	typ.	315 MH	Z
$-I_E = 12,5 \text{ A}; V_{CB} = 28 \text{ V}$	f_T	typ.	305 MH	Z
Collector capacitance at f = 1 MHz				
$I_E = I_e = 0; V_{CB} = 28 \text{ V}$	C_c	typ.	125 pF	
Feedback capacitance at f = 1 MHz				
$I_C = 50 \text{ mA}; V_{CE} = 28 \text{ V}$	C_{re}	typ.	85 pF	
Collector-flange capacitance	C_{cf}	typ.	3 pF	

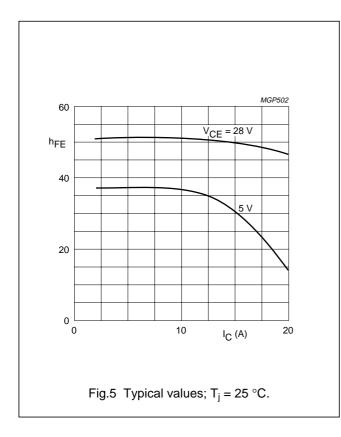
Notes

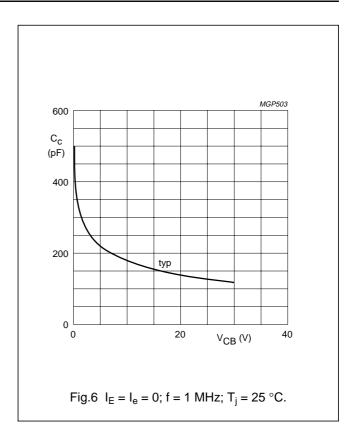
- 1. Measured under pulse conditions: $t_p \leq 300~\mu s;~\delta \leq 0{,}02.$
- 2. Measured under pulse conditions: $t_p \leq 50~\mu s;~\delta \leq 0{,}01.$

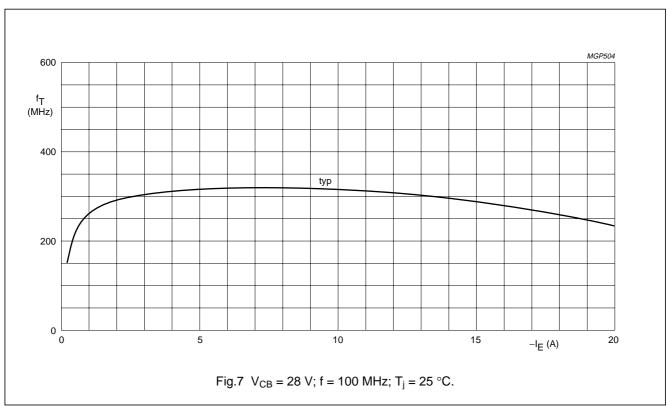


HF/VHF power transistor

BLW76







HF/VHF power transistor

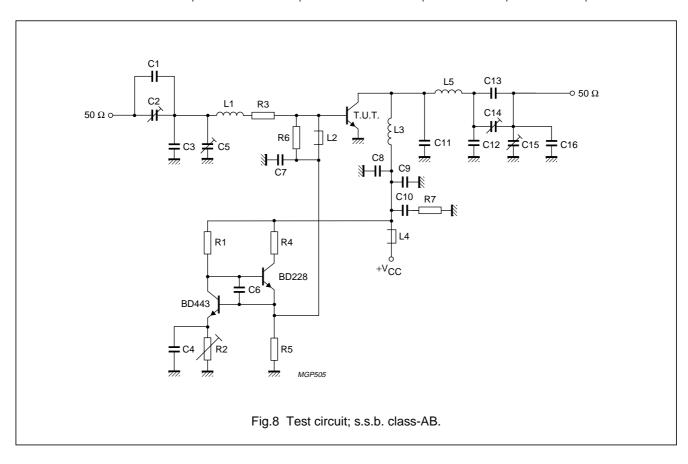
BLW76

APPLICATION INFORMATION

 $R.F.\ performance\ in\ s.s.b.\ class-AB\ operation\ (linear\ power\ amplifier)$

 V_{CE} = 28 V; T_h = 25 °C; f_1 = 28,000 MHz; f_2 = 28,001 MHz

OUTPUT POWER	G_p	η _{dt} (%)	I _C (A)	d ₃	d ₅	I _{C(ZS)}
W	dB	at 80 W	/ P.E.P.	dB	dB	Α
8 to 80 (P.E.P.)	> 13	> 35	< 4,1	< -30	< -30	0,05



HF/VHF power transistor

BLW76

List of components:

C1 = 27 pF ceramic capacitor (500 V)

C2 = 100 pF air dielectric trimmer (single insulated rotor type)

C3 = 100 pF polystyrene capacitor

C4 = C6 = C9 = 100 nF polyester capacitor

C5 = 280 pF air dielectric trimmer (single non-insulated rotor type)

C7 = C8 = 3.9 nF ceramic capacitor

C10 = 2,2 μF moulded metallized polyester capacitor

C11 = 180 pF polystyrene capacitor

C12 = 2×68 pF ceramic capacitors in parallel (500 V)

C13 = 120 pF polystyrene capacitor

C14 = C15 = 280 pF air dielectric trimmer (single insulated rotor type)

C16 = 56 pF ceramic capacitor (500 V)

L1 = 108 nH; 4 turns Cu wire (1,6 mm); int. dia. 8,7 mm; length 11,2 mm; leads $2 \times 7 \text{ mm}$

L2 = L4 = Ferroxcube wide-band h.f. choke, grade 3B (cat. no. 4312 020 36640)

L3 = 88 nH; 3 turns Cu wire (1,6 mm); int. dia. 8,0 mm; length 8,0 mm; leads 2×7 mm

L5 = 120 nH; 4 turns Cu wire (1,6 mm); int. dia. 9,3 mm; length 11,2 mm; leads 2×7 mm

R1 = 1,5 k Ω (± 5%) carbon resistor (0,5 W)

R2 = 10Ω wirewound potentiometer (3 W)

R3 = 0.9Ω ; parallel connection of $2 \times 1.8 \Omega$ carbon resistors ($\pm 5\%$; 0.5 W each)

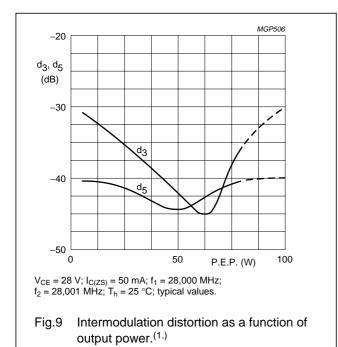
R4 = 60Ω ; parallel connection of 2 × 120 Ω wirewound resistors (5,5 W each)

R5 = $56 \Omega (\pm 5\%)$ carbon resistor (0,5 W)

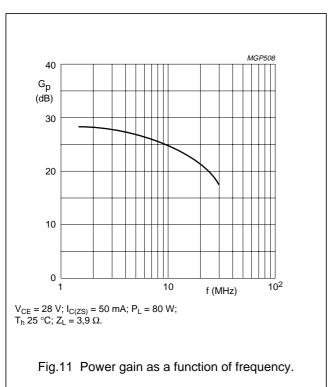
R6 = $33 \Omega (\pm 5\%)$ carbon resistor (0,5 W)

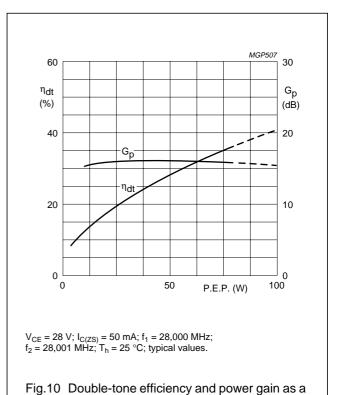
R7 = $4.7 \Omega (\pm 5\%)$ carbon resistor (0.5 W)

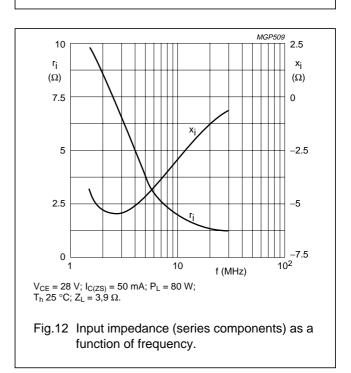
BLW76



 Stated intermodulation distortion figures are referred to the according level of either of the equal amplified tones. Relative to the according peak envelope powers these figures should be increased by 6 dB.







function of output power.

Figs 11 and 12 are typical curves and hold for an unneutralized amplifier in s.s.b. class-AB operation.

August 1986

HF/VHF power transistor

BLW76

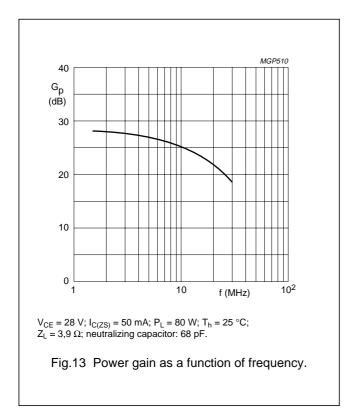
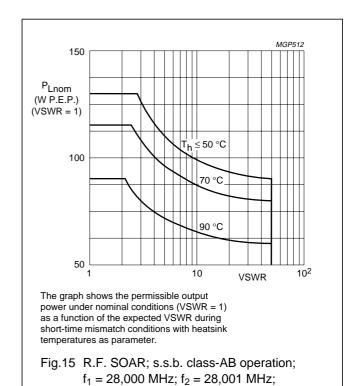


Fig.14 Input impedance (series components) as a function of frequency.

Figs 13 and 14 are typical curves and hold for a push-pull amplifier with cross-neutralization in s.s.b. class-AB operation.



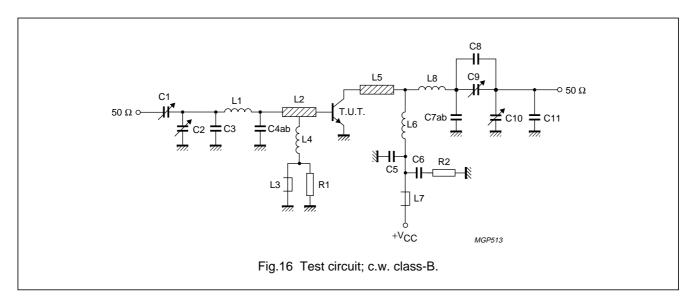
 $V_{CE} = 28 \text{ V}; R_{th \text{ mb-h}} = 0.2 \text{ K/W}.$

HF/VHF power transistor

BLW76

R.F. performance in c.w. operation (unneutralized common-emitter class-B circuit); T_h = 25 °C

f (MHz)	V _{CE} (V)	P _L (W)	P _S (W)	G _p (dB)	I _C (A)	η (%)	_ z _i (Ω)	Y _L (mS)
108	28	80	typ. 13	typ. 7,9	typ. 4,1	typ. 70	0,85 + j1,0	174 – j40



List of components:

C1 = C9 = C10 = 4 to 40 pF film dielectric trimmer (cat. no. 2222 809 07008)

C2 = 5 to 60 pF film dielectric trimmer (cat. no. 2222 809 07011)

C3 = 22 pF ceramic capacitor (500 V)

C4ab = 2×82 pF ceramic capacitors in parallel (500 V)

C5 = 270 pF polystyrene capacitor

C6 = 100 nF polyester capacitor

C7a = 8,2 pF ceramic capacitor (500 V)

C7b = 10 pF ceramic capacitor (500 V)

C 8 = 5,6 pF ceramic capacitor (500 V)

C11 = 10 pF ceramic capacitor (500 V)

L1 = 21 nH; 2 turns Cu wire (1,0 mm); int. dia. 4,0 mm; length 3,5 mm; leads $2 \times 5 \text{ mm}$

L2 = L5 = 2,4 nH; strip (12 mm \times 6 mm); tap for L4 at 6 mm from transistor

L3 = L7 = Ferroxcube wide-band h.f. choke, grade 3B (cat. no. 4312 020 36640)

L4 = 100 nH; 7 turns closely wound enamelled Cu wire (0,5 mm); int. dia. 3 mm; leads 2×5 mm

10

L6 = 49 nH; 2 turns Cu wire (1,6 mm); int. dia. 9,0 mm; length 4,7 mm; leads $2 \times 5 \text{ mm}$

L8 = 56 nH; 2 turns Cu wire (1,6 mm); int. dia. 10,0 mm; length 4,5 mm; leads $2 \times 5 \text{ mm}$

L2 and L5 are strips on a double Cu-clad printed-circuit board with epoxy fibre-glass dielectric.

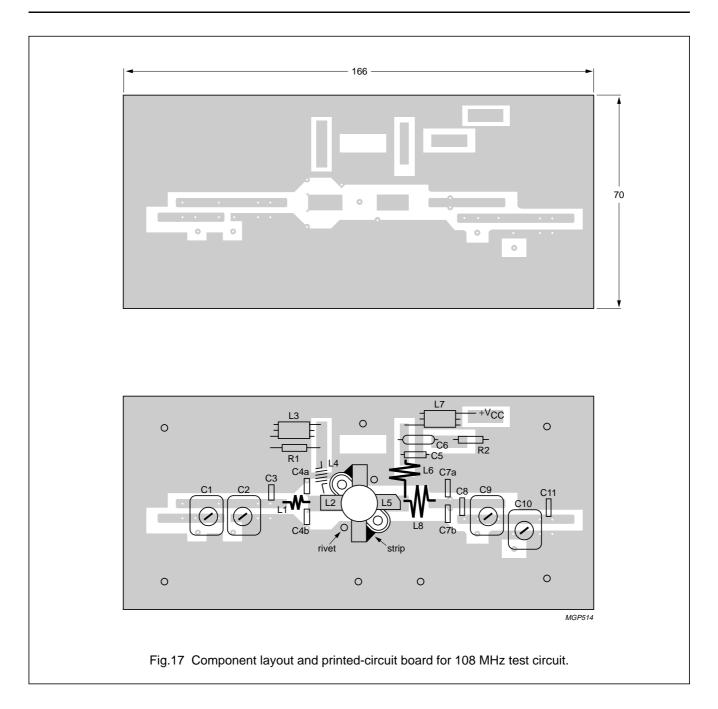
R1 = R2 = 10Ω (± 10%) carbon resistor

Component layout and printed-circuit board for 108 MHz test circuit are shown in Fig.17.

August 1986

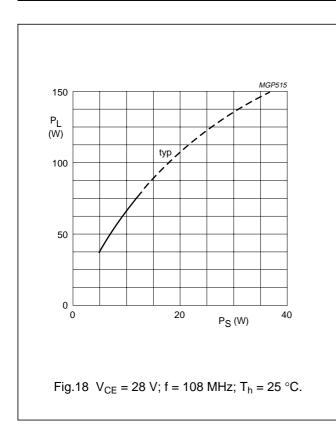
HF/VHF power transistor

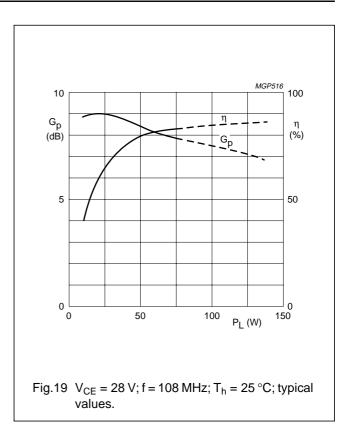
BLW76

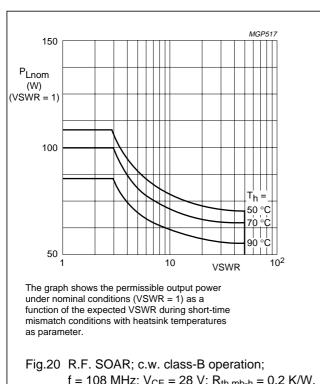


The circuit and the components are situated on one side of the epoxy fibre-glass board, the other side being fully metallized to serve as earth. Earth connections are made by means of hollow rivets, whilst under the emitter leads Cu straps are used for a direct contact between upper and lower sheets.

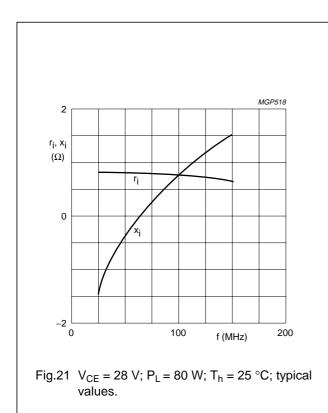
BLW76







BLW76



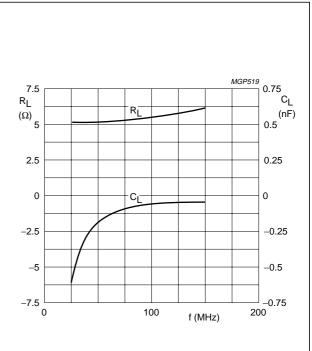
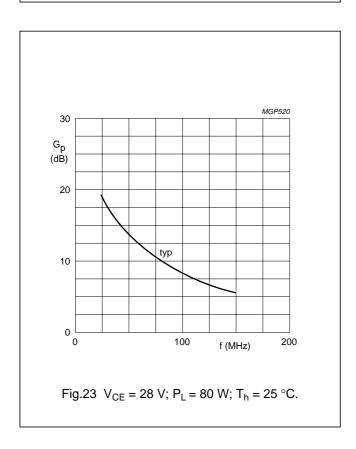


Fig.22 V_{CE} = 28 V; P_L = 80 W; T_h = 25 °C; typical values.

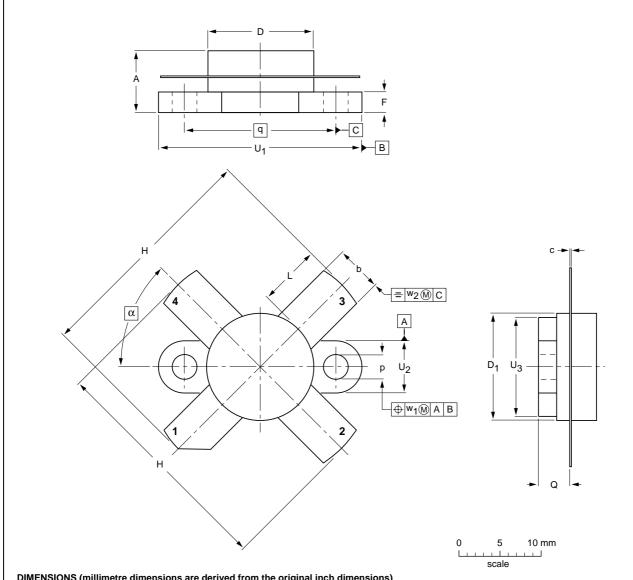


BLW76

PACKAGE OUTLINE

Flanged ceramic package; 2 mounting holes; 4 leads

SOT121B



UNIT	A	b	С	D	D ₁	F	н	L	р	Q	q	U ₁	U ₂	U ₃	w ₁	w ₂	α
mm	7.27 6.17	5.82 5.56	0.16 0.10	12.86 12.59	12.83 12.57		28.45 25.52		3.30 3.05	4.45 3.91	18.42	24.90 24.63	6.48 6.22	12.32 12.06	0.51	1.02	45°
inches	0.286 0.243	0.229 0.219	0.006 0.004	0.506 0.496	0.505 0.495	0.105 0.095	1.120 1.005	0.312 0.249	0.130 0.120	0.175 0.154	0.725	0.98 0.97		0.485 0.475		0.04	40"

OUTLINE		REFER	EUROPEAN ISSUE DATE			
VERSION	IEC	JEDEC	EIAJ		PROJECTION	ISSUE DATE
SOT121B						97-06-28

HF/VHF power transistor

BLW76

DEFINITIONS

Data Sheet Status	
Objective specification	This data sheet contains target or goal specifications for product development.
Preliminary specification	This data sheet contains preliminary data; supplementary data may be published later.
Product specification	This data sheet contains final product specifications.
Limiting values	

Limiting values given are in accordance with the Absolute Maximum Rating System (IEC 134). Stress above one or more of the limiting values may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only and operation of the device at these or at any other conditions above those given in the Characteristics sections of the specification is not implied. Exposure to limiting values for extended periods may affect device reliability.

Application information

Where application information is given, it is advisory and does not form part of the specification.

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