

March 2010

FDMS7670AS

N-Channel PowerTrench[®] SyncFETTM 30 V, 42 A, 3 m Ω

Features

- Max $r_{DS(on)}$ = 3.0 m Ω at V_{GS} = 10 V, I_D = 21 A
- Max $r_{DS(on)}$ = 3.2 m Ω at V_{GS} = 7 V, I_D = 19 A
- Advanced Package and Silicon combination for low r_{DS(on)} and high efficiency
- SyncFET Schottky Body Diode
- MSL1 robust package design
- 100% UIL tested
- RoHS Compliant

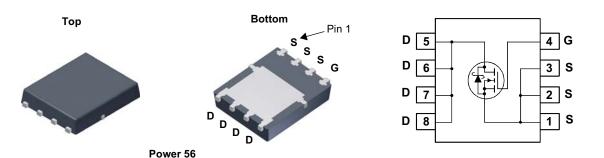


General Description

The FDMS7670AS has been designed to minimize losses in power conversion application. Advancements in both silicon and package technologies have been combined to offer the lowest $r_{\text{DS}(\text{on})}$ while maintaining excellent switching performance. This device has the added benefit of an efficient monolithic Schottky body diode.

Applications

- Synchronous Rectifier for DC/DC Converters
- Notebook Vcore/ GPU low side switch
- Networking Point of Load low side switch
- Telecom secondary side rectification



MOSFET Maximum Ratings T_C = 25 °C unless otherwise noted

Symbol	Parameter	Parameter			
V_{DS}	Drain to Source Voltage			30	V
V _{GS}	Gate to Source Voltage		(Note 4)	±20	V
	Drain Current -Continuous (Package limited)	T _C = 25 °C		42	
I _D	-Continuous (Silicon limited)	T _C = 25 °C		113	
	-Continuous	T _A = 25 °C	(Note 1a)	22	A
	-Pulsed			150	
dv/dt	MOSFET dv/dt			1.8	V/ns
E _{AS}	Single Pulse Avalanche Energy		(Note 3)	98	mJ
D	Power Dissipation	T _C = 25 °C		65	w
P_{D}	Power Dissipation	T _A = 25 °C	(Note 1a)	2.5	vv
T _J , T _{STG}	Operating and Storage Junction Temperature Range			-55 to +150	°C

Thermal Characteristics

$R_{\theta JC}$	Thermal Resistance, Junction to Case	1.9	°C/W
$R_{\theta JA}$	Thermal Resistance, Junction to Ambient (Note 1a)	50	C/VV

Package Marking and Ordering Information

Device Marking	Device	Package	Reel Size	Tape Width	Quantity
FDMS7670AS	FDMS7670AS	Power 56	13 "	12 mm	3000 units

Electrical Characteristics T_A = 25 °C unless otherwise noted

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Units
Off Chara	cteristics					
BV _{DSS}	Drain to Source Breakdown Voltage	I _D = 1 mA, V _{GS} = 0 V	30			V
$\frac{\Delta BV_{DSS}}{\Delta T_{J}}$	Breakdown Voltage Temperature Coefficient	I _D = 10 mA, referenced to 25 °C		14		mV/°C
I _{DSS}	Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	V _{DS} = 24 V, V _{GS} = 0 V			500	μΑ
I _{GSS}	Gate to Source Leakage Current, Forward	V _{GS} = 20 V, V _{DS} = 0 V			100	nA

On Characteristics (Note 2)

V _{GS(th)}	Gate to Source Threshold Voltage	$V_{GS} = V_{DS}$, $I_D = 1 \text{ mA}$	1.2	1.6	3.0	V
$\frac{\Delta V_{GS(th)}}{\Delta T_J}$	Gate to Source Threshold Voltage Temperature Coefficient	I _D = 10 mA, referenced to 25 °C		-5		mV/°C
_	Static Drain to Source On Resistance	V _{GS} = 10 V, I _D = 21 A		2.4	3.0	mΩ
		V _{GS} = 7 V, I _D = 19 A		2.5	3.2	
r _{DS(on)}		$V_{GS} = 4.5 \text{ V}, I_D = 17 \text{ A}$		3.0	3.5	11152
		V _{GS} = 10 V, I _D = 21 A, T _J = 125 °C		3.0	3.8	
9 _{FS}	Forward Transconductance	V _{DS} = 5 V, I _D = 21 A		300		S

Dynamic Characteristics

C _{iss}	Input Capacitance	V - 15 V V - 0 V	3175	4225	pF
Coss	Output Capacitance	V _{DS} = 15 V, V _{GS} = 0 V, f = 1 MHz	1175	1565	pF
C _{rss}	Reverse Transfer Capacitance	1 - 1 WH12	110	165	pF
R_q	Gate Resistance		1.3	2.6	Ω

Switching Characteristics

t _{d(on)}	Turn-On Delay Time		14	25	ns
t _r	Rise Time	V _{DD} = 15 V, I _D = 21 A,	6	12	ns
t _{d(off)}	Turn-Off Delay Time	V_{GS} = 10 V, R_{GEN} = 6 Ω	35	56	ns
t _f	Fall Time		5	10	ns
Q_g	Total Gate Charge	V _{GS} = 0 V to 10 V	47	66	nC
Q_g	Total Gate Charge	$V_{GS} = 0 \text{ V to } 4.5 \text{ V}$ $V_{DD} = 15 \text{ V}$	22	31	nC
Q_{gs}	Gate to Source Gate Charge	I _D = 21 A	8.5		nC
Q_{gd}	Gate to Drain "Miller" Charge		4.9		nC

Drain-Source Diode Characteristics

V _{SD} Source to Drain Diode Forward Voltage	Source to Drain Diode, Ferward Voltage	$V_{GS} = 0 \text{ V}, I_{S} = 2 \text{ A}$ (Note 2)		0.43	0.7	\/
	$V_{GS} = 0 \text{ V}, I_S = 21 \text{ A}$ (Note 2)		0.75	1.2	'	
t _{rr}	Reverse Recovery Time	L = 21 A di/dt = 200 A/		35	56	ns
Q _{rr}	Reverse Recovery Charge	I _F = 21 A, di/dt = 300 A/ μs		41	67	nC

Notes:

^{1.} R_{BJA} is determined with the device mounted on a 1in² pad 2 oz copper pad on a 1.5 x 1.5 in. board of FR-4 material. R_{BJC} is guaranteed by design while R_{BCA} is determined by the user's board design.



a. 50 °C/W when mounted on a 1 in² pad of 2 oz copper.



 b. 125 °C/W when mounted on a minimum pad of 2 oz copper.

- 2. Pulse Test: Pulse Width < 300 μ s, Duty cycle < 2.0%.
- 3. E_{AS} of 98 mJ is based on starting T_J = 25 $^{\circ}$ C, L = 1 mH, I_{AS} = 14 A, V_{DD} = 27 V, V_{GS} = 10 V. 100% test at L = 0.3 mH, I_{AS} = 21 A.
- 4. As an N-ch device, the negative Vgs rating is for low duty cycle pulse occurrence only. No continuous rating is implied.

Typical Characteristics T_J = 25 °C unless otherwise noted

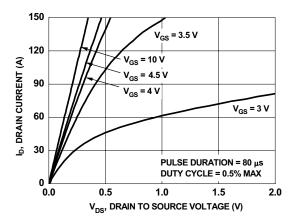


Figure 1. On-Region Characteristics

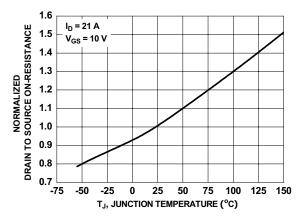


Figure 3. Normalized On-Resistance vs Junction Temperature

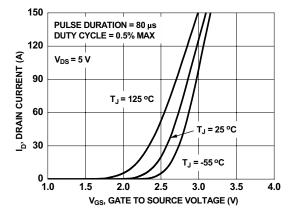


Figure 5. Transfer Characteristics

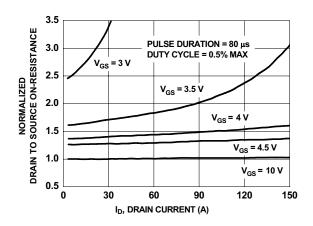


Figure 2. Normalized On-Resistance vs Drain Current and Gate Voltage

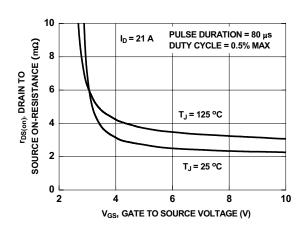


Figure 4. On-Resistance vs Gate to Source Voltage

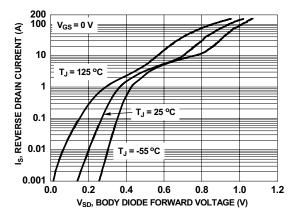


Figure 6. Source to Drain Diode Forward Voltage vs Source Current

Typical Characteristics T_J = 25 °C unless otherwise noted

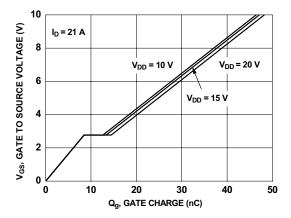


Figure 7. Gate Charge Characteristics

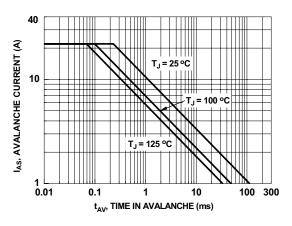


Figure 9. Unclamped Inductive Switching Capability

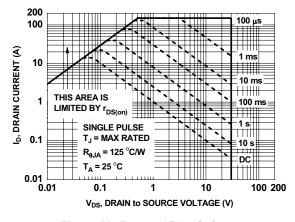


Figure 11. Forward Bias Safe Operating Area

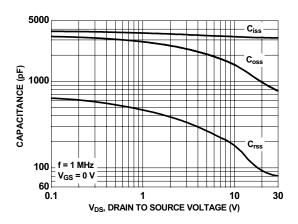


Figure 8. Capacitance vs Drain to Source Voltage

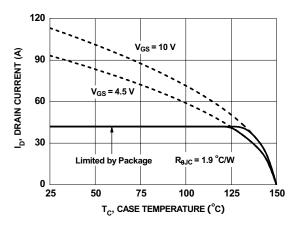


Figure 10. Maximum Continuous Drain Current vs Case Temperature

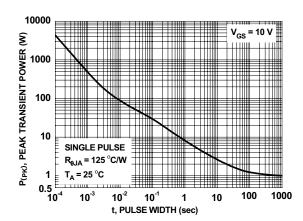


Figure 12. Single Pulse Maximum Power Dissipation

Typical Characteristics T_J = 25 °C unless otherwise noted

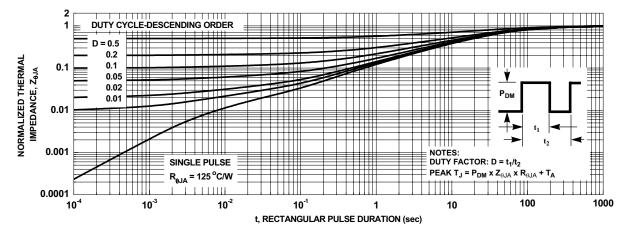


Figure 13. Junction-to-Ambient Transient Thermal Response Curve

Typical Characteristics (continued)

SyncFET Schottky body diode Characteristics

Fairchild's SyncFET process embeds a Schottky diode in parallel with PowerTrench MoSFET. This diode exhibits similar characteristics to a discrete external Schottky diode in parallel with a MOSFET. Figure 14 shows the reverses recovery characteristic of the FDMS7670AS.

Schottky barrier diodes exhibit significant leakage at high temperature and high reverse voltage. This will increase the power in the device.

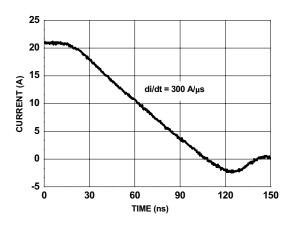


Figure 14. FDMS7670AS SyncFET body diode reverse recovery characteristic

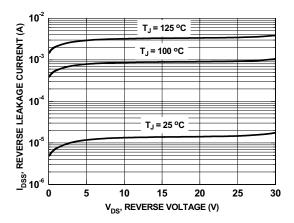
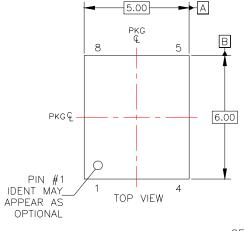
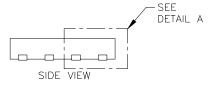
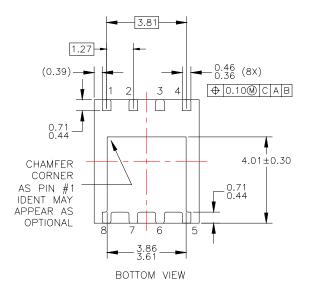


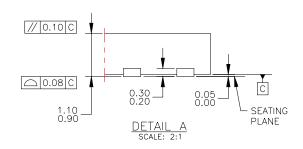
Figure 15. SyncFET body diode reverses leakage versus drain-source voltage

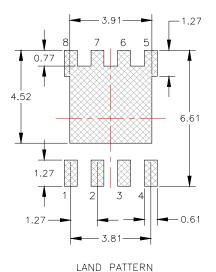
Dimensional Outline and Pad Layout



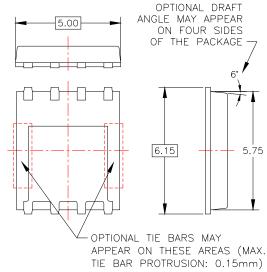








RECOMMENDATION



NOTES: UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED

- PACKAGE STANDARD REFERENCE:
 JEDEC MO-240, ISSUE A, VAR. AA,
 DATED OCTOBER 2002.
 ALL DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETERS.
 DIMENSIONS DO NOT INCLUDE BURRS
 OR MOLD FLASH. MOLD FLASH OR
 BURRS DOES NOT EXCEED 0.10MM.
 DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER
 ASME Y14.5M-1994.
 DRAWING FILE NAME: POFNOBAREV4
- DRAWING FILE NAME: PQFN08AREV4





TRADEMARKS

The following includes registered and unregistered trademarks and service marks, owned by Fairchild Semiconductor and/or its global subsidiaries, and is not intended to be an exhaustive list of all such trademarks.

AccuPower™ Auto-SPM™ Build it Now™ CorePLUS™ CorePOWER™ CROSSVOLT™ CTL™ Current Transfer Logic™ DEUXPEED® Dual Cool™ EcoSPARK®

Fairchild®

EfficentMax™

Fairchild Semiconductor® FACT Quiet Series™ **FACT** FAST[®] FastvCore™

FETBench™ FlashWriter® *

F-PFS™

FRFET® Global Power ResourceSM

Green FPS™ Green FPS™ e-Series™

Gmax™ GTO™ IntelliMAX™ ISOPLANAR™ MegaBuck™ MICROCOUPLER™

MicroFET[™] MicroPak™ MicroPak2™ MillerDrive™ MotionMax™ Motion-SPM™ OptiHiT™ OPTOLOGIC® OPTOPLANAR®

PDP SPM™ Power-SPM™ PowerTrench® PowerXS™

Programmable Active Droop™ **OFET®**

QSTM Quiet Series™ RapidConfigure[™]

Saving our world, 1mW/W/kW at a time™ SignalWise™

SmartMax™ SMART START™ SPM[®] STEALTH™

SuperFET™ SuperSOT™-3 SuperSOT™-6 SuperSOT™-8 SupreMOS™ SyncFET™

Sync-Lock™ SYSTEM®*

The Power Franchise® bwer' franchise TinyBoost™ TinyBuck™ TinyCalc™ TinyLogic[®] TINYOPTO™ TinyPower™ TinyPWM™ TinyWire™ TriFault Detect™ TRUECURRENT™*

UHC[®] Ultra FRFET™ UniFET™ VCX™ VisualMax™ XS™

μSerDes™

*Trademarks of System General Corporation, used under license by Fairchild Semiconductor.

FAIRCHILD SEMICONDUCTOR RESERVES THE RIGHT TO MAKE CHANGES WITHOUT FURTHER NOTICE TO ANY PRODUCTS HEREIN TO IMPROVE RELIABILITY, FUNCTION, OR DESIGN. FAIRCHILD DOES NOT ASSUME ANY LIABILITY ARISING OUT OF THE APPLICATION OR USE OF ANY PRODUCT OR CIRCUIT DESCRIBED HEREIN, NEITHER DOES IT CONVEY ANY LICENSE UNDER ITS PATENT RIGHTS, NOR THE RIGHTS OF OTHERS. THESE SPECIFICATIONS DO NOT EXPAND THE TERMS OF FAIRCHILD'S WORLDWIDE TERMS AND CONDITIONS. SPECIFICALLY THE WARRANTY THEREIN, WHICH COVERS THESE PRODUCTS.

LIFE SUPPORT POLICY
FAIRCHILD'S PRODUCTS ARE NOT AUTHORIZED FOR USE AS CRITICAL COMPONENTS IN LIFE SUPPORT DEVICES OR SYSTEMS WITHOUT THE EXPRESS WRITTEN APPROVAL OF FAIRCHILD SEMICONDUCTOR CORPORATION.

- Life support devices or systems are devices or systems which, (a) are intended for surgical implant into the body or (b) support or sustain life, and (c) whose failure to perform when properly used in accordance with instructions for use provided in the labeling, can be reasonably expected to result in a significant injury of the user.
- A critical component in any component of a life support, device, or system whose failure to perform can be reasonably expected to cause the failure of the life support device or system, or to affect its safety or effectiveness.

ANTI-COUNTERFEITING POLICY

Fairchild Semiconductor Corporation's Anti-Counterfeiting Policy. Fairchild's Anti-Counterfeiting Policy is also stated on our external website, www.Fairchildsemi.com, under Sales Support.

Counterfeiting of semiconductor parts is a growing problem in the industry. All manufactures of semiconductor products are experiencing counterfeiting of their parts. Customers who inadvertently purchase counterfeit parts experience many problems such as loss of brand reputation, substandard performance, failed application, and increased cost of production and manufacturing delays. Fairchild is taking strong measures to protect ourselves and our customers from the proliferation of counterfeit parts. Fairchild strongly encourages customers to purchase Fairchild parts either directly from Fairchild or from Authorized Fairchild Distributors who are listed by country on our web page cited above. Products customers buy either from Fairchild directly or from Authorized Fairchild Distributors are genuine parts, have full traceability, meet Fairchild's quality standards for handing and storage and provide access to Fairchild's full range of up-to-date technical and product information. Fairchild and our Authorized Distributors will stand behind all warranties and will appropriately address and warranty issues that may arise. Fairchild will not provide any warranty coverage or other assistance for parts bought from Unauthorized Sources. Fairchild is committed to combat this global problem and encourage our customers to do their part in stopping this practice by buying direct or from authorized distributors.

PRODUCT STATUS DEFINITIONS **Definition of Terms**

Datasheet Identification Product Status Definition		Definition
Advance Information	Formative / In Design	Datasheet contains the design specifications for product development. Specifications may change in any manner without notice.
Preliminary	First Production	Datasheet contains preliminary data; supplementary data will be published at a later date. Fairchild Semiconductor reserves the right to make changes at any time without notice to improve design.
No Identification Needed	Full Production	Datasheet contains final specifications. Fairchild Semiconductor reserves the right to make changes at any time without notice to improve the design.
Obsolete	Not In Production	Datasheet contains specifications on a product that is discontinued by Fairchild Semiconductor. The datasheet is for reference information only.

Rev 147