PD -9.1584

International
IOR Rectifier

PRELIMINARY

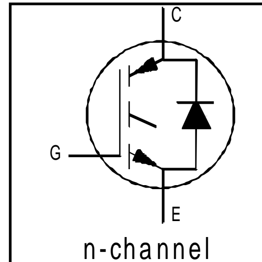
IRG4PC40KD

INSULATED GATE BIPOLAR TRANSISTOR WITH ULTRAFAST SOFT RECOVERY DIODE

Short Circuit Rated
UltraFast IGBT

Features

- Short Circuit Rated UltraFast: Optimized for high operating frequencies >5.0 kHz , and Short Circuit Rated to 10µs @ 125°C, V_{GE} = 15V
- Generation 4 IGBT design provides tighter parameter distribution and higher efficiency than Generation 3
- IGBT co-packaged with HEXFRED™ ultrafast, ultra-soft-recovery anti-parallel diodes for use in bridge configurations
- Industry standard TO-247AC package



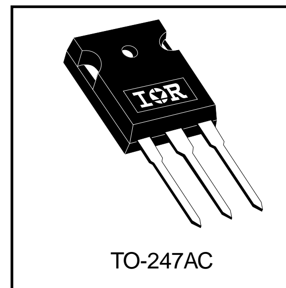
V_{CES} = 600V

$V_{CE(on)\ typ.}$ = 2.1V

@V_{GE} = 15V, I_C = 25A

Benefits

- Generation 4 IGBT's offer highest efficiencies available
- HEXFRED diodes optimized for performance with IGBT's . Minimized recovery characteristics require less/no snubbing
- Designed to be a "drop-in" replacement for equivalent industry-standard Generation 3 IR IGBT's



TO-247AC

Absolute Maximum Ratings

	Parameter	Max.	Units
V_{CES}	Collector-to-Emitter Voltage	600	V
I_C @ T_C = 25°C	Continuous Collector Current	42	A
I_C @ T_C = 100°C	Continuous Collector Current	25	
I_{CM}	Pulsed Collector Current ①	84	
I_{LM}	Clamped Inductive Load Current ②	84	
I_F @ T_C = 100°C	Diode Continuous Forward Current	15	
I_{FM}	Diode Maximum Forward Current	84	
t_{sc}	Short Circuit Withstand Time	10	µs
V_{GE}	Gate-to-Emitter Voltage	± 20	V
P_D @ T_C = 25°C	Maximum Power Dissipation	160	W
P_D @ T_C = 100°C	Maximum Power Dissipation	65	
T_J T_{STG}	Operating Junction and Storage Temperature Range	-55 to +150	°C
	Soldering Temperature, for 10 sec.	300 (0.063 in. (1.6mm) from case)	
	Mounting Torque, 6-32 or M3 Screw.	10 lbf•in (1.1 N•m)	

Thermal Resistance

	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
$R_{\theta JC}$	Junction-to-Case - IGBT	----	----	0.77	°C/W
$R_{\theta JC}$	Junction-to-Case - Diode	----	----	1.7	
$R_{\theta CS}$	Case-to-Sink, flat, greased surface	----	0.24	----	
$R_{\theta JA}$	Junction-to-Ambient, typical socket mount	----	----	40	
Wt	Weight	----	6 (0.21)	----	g (oz)

Electrical Characteristics @ T_J = 25°C (unless otherwise specified)

	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions
$V_{(BR)CES}$	Collector-to-Emitter Breakdown Voltage③	600	—	—	V	V_{GE} = 0V, I_C = 250µA
$\Delta V_{(BR)CES}/\Delta T_J$	Temperature Coeff. of Breakdown Voltage	—	0.46	—	V/°C	V_{GE} = 0V, I_C = 1.0mA
$V_{CE(on)}$	Collector-to-Emitter Saturation Voltage	—	2.10	2.6	V	I_C = 25A; V_{GE} = 15V
		—	2.70	—		I_C = 42A; See Fig. 2, 5
		—	2.14	—		I_C = 25A, T_J = 150°C
$V_{GE(th)}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	3.0	—	6.0		V_{CE} = V_{GE}, I_C = 250µA
$\Delta V_{GE(th)}/\Delta T_J$	Temperature Coeff. of Threshold Voltage	—	-13	—	mV/°C	V_{CE} = V_{GE}, I_C = 250µA
g_{fe}	Forward Transconductance ④	7.0	14	—	S	V_{CE} = 100V, I_C = 25A
I_{CES}	Zero Gate Voltage Collector Current	—	—	250	µA	V_{GE} = 0V, V_{CE} = 600V
		—	—	3500		V_{GE} = 0V, V_{CE} = 600V, T_J = 150°C
V_{FM}	Diode Forward Voltage Drop	—	1.3	1.7	V	I_C = 15A; See Fig. 13
		—	1.2	1.6		I_C = 15A, T_J = 150°C
I_{GES}	Gate-to-Emitter Leakage Current	—	—	±100	nA	V_{GE} = ±20V

Switching Characteristics @ T_J = 25°C (unless otherwise specified)

	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions
Q_g	Total Gate Charge (turn-on)	—	120	180	nC	I_C = 25A
Q_{ge}	Gate - Emitter Charge (turn-on)	—	16	24		V_{CC} = 400V; See Fig.8
Q_{gc}	Gate - Collector Charge (turn-on)	—	51	77		V_{GE} = 15V
$t_{d(on)}$	Turn-On Delay Time	—	53	—	ns	
t_r	Rise Time	—	33	—		T_J = 25°C
$t_{d(off)}$	Turn-Off Delay Time	—	110	160		I_C = 25A, V_{CC} = 480V
t_f	Fall Time	—	100	150		V_{GE} = 15V, R_G = 10Ω
E_{on}	Turn-On Switching Loss	—	0.95	—	mJ	Energy losses include "tail"
E_{off}	Turn-Off Switching Loss	—	0.76	—		See Fig. 9,10,14
E_{ts}	Total Switching Loss	—	1.71	2.3		
t_{sc}	Short Circuit Withstand Time	10	—	—	µs	V_{CC} = 360V, T_J = 125°C V_{GE} = 15V, R_G = 10Ω , V_{CPK} < 500V
$t_{d(on)}$	Turn-On Delay Time	—	52	—	ns	T_J = 150°C,
t_r	Rise Time	—	37	—		I_C = 25A, V_{CC} = 480V
$t_{d(off)}$	Turn-Off Delay Time	—	220	—		V_{GE} = 15V, R_G = 10Ω
t_f	Fall Time	—	140	—		Energy losses include "tail"
E_{ts}	Total Switching Loss	—	2.67	—	mJ	See Fig. 11,14
L_E	Internal Emitter Inductance	—	13	—	nH	Measured 5mm from package
C_{ies}	Input Capacitance	—	1600	—	pF	V_{GE} = 0V
C_{oes}	Output Capacitance	—	130	—		V_{CC} = 30V; See Fig. 7
C_{res}	Reverse Transfer Capacitance	—	55	—		ƒ = 1.0MHz
t_{rr}	Diode Reverse Recovery Time	—	42	60	ns	T_J = 25°C; See Fig. 14
		—	74	120		T_J = 125°C; I_F = 15A
I_{rr}	Diode Peak Reverse Recovery Current	—	4.0	6.0	A	T_J = 25°C; See Fig. 15
		—	6.5	10		T_J = 125°C; V_R = 200V
Q_{rr}	Diode Reverse Recovery Charge	—	80	180	nC	T_J = 25°C; See Fig. 16
		—	220	600		T_J = 125°C; di/dt = 200Aµs
$di_{(rec)M}/dt$	Diode Peak Rate of Fall of Recovery During t_b	—	188	—	A/µs	T_J = 25°C; See Fig. 17
		—	160	—		T_J = 125°C

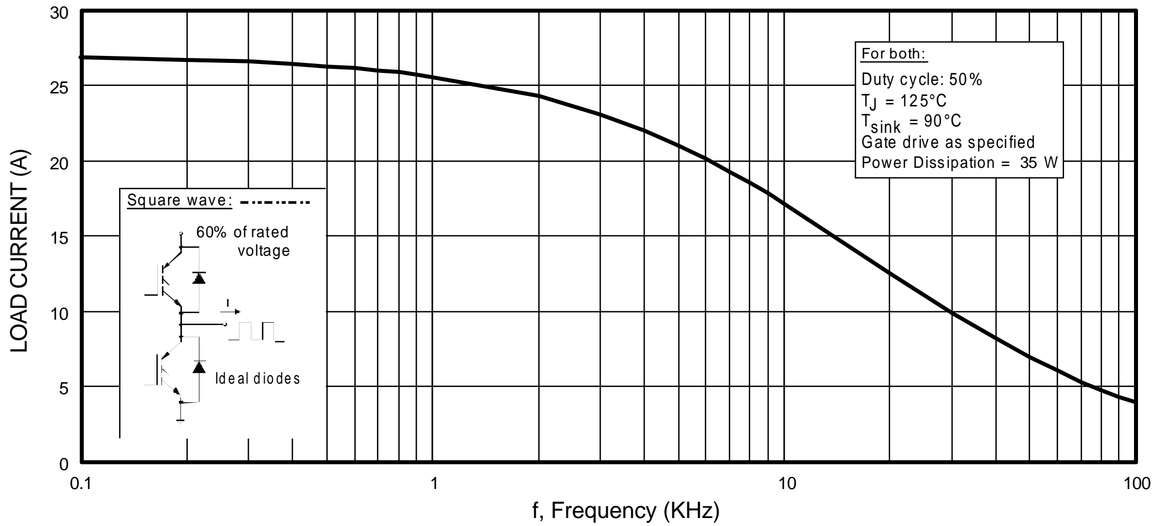


Fig. 1 - Typical Load Current vs. Frequency
(Load Current = I_{RMS} of fundamental)

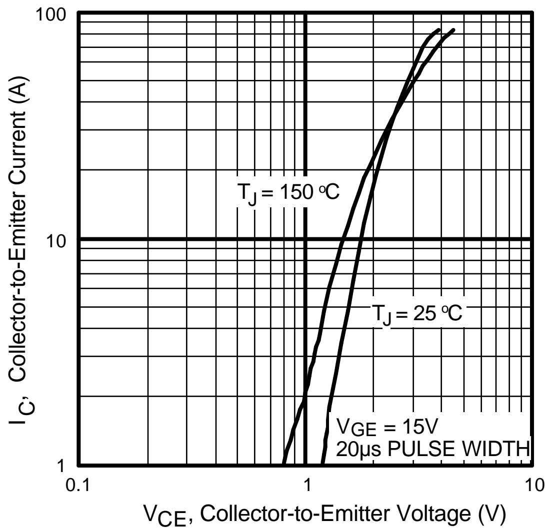


Fig. 2 - Typical Output Characteristics

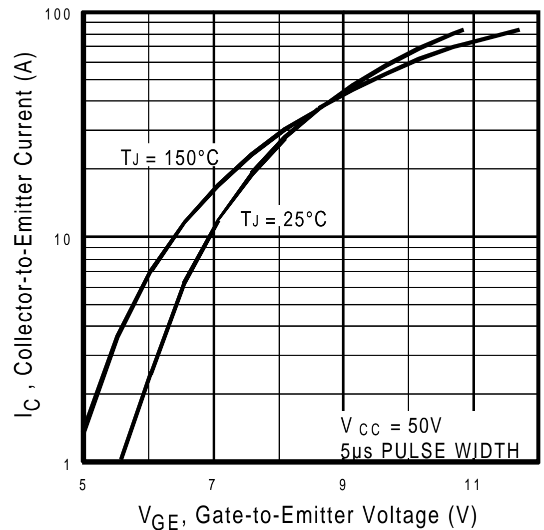


Fig. 3 - Typical Transfer Characteristics

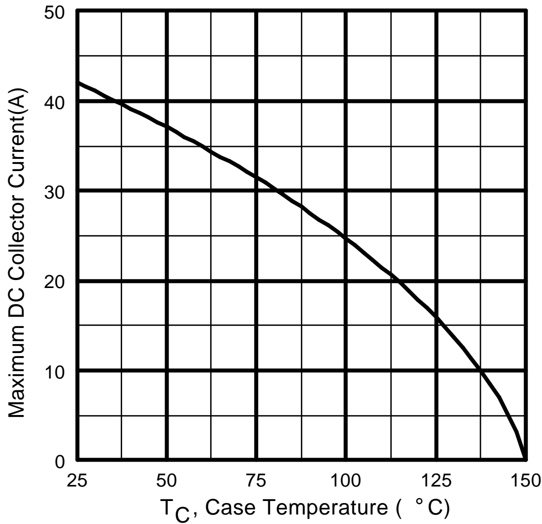


Fig. 4 - Maximum Collector Current vs. Case Temperature

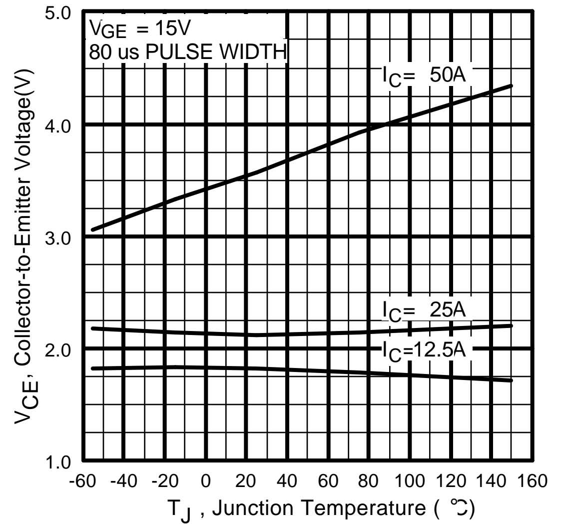


Fig. 5 - Typical Collector-to-Emitter Voltage vs. Junction Temperature

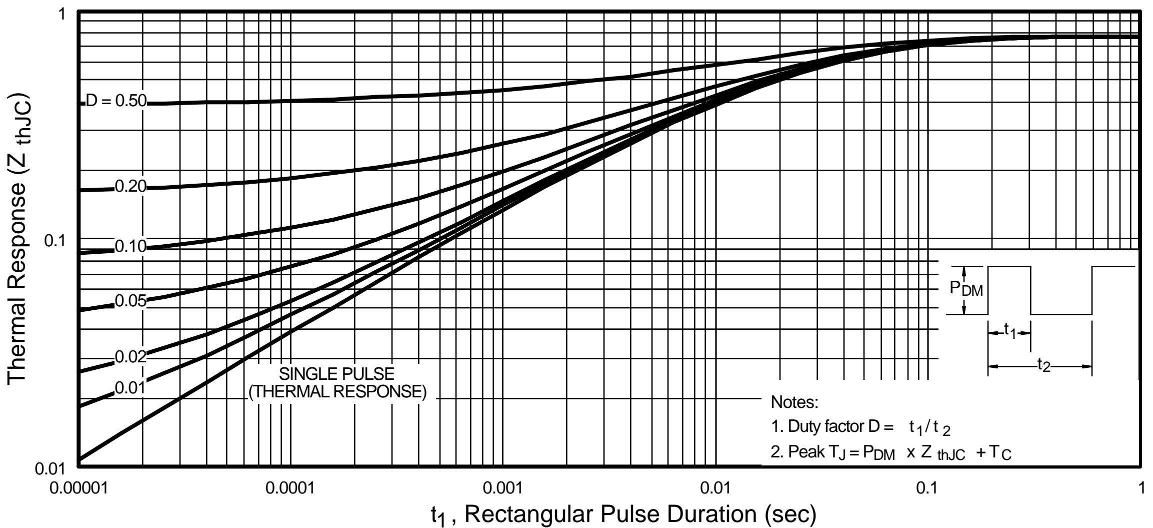


Fig. 6 - Maximum Effective Transient Thermal Impedance, Junction-to-Case

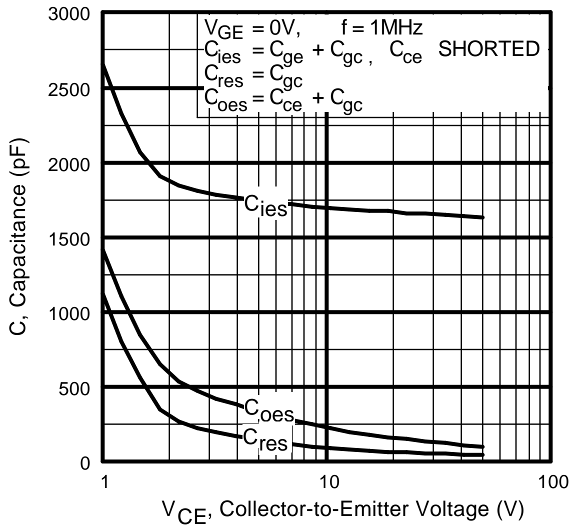


Fig. 7 - Typical Capacitance vs. Collector-to-Emitter Voltage

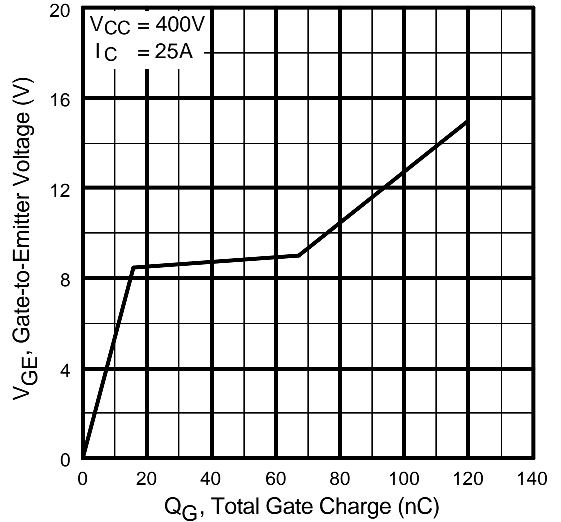


Fig. 8 - Typical Gate Charge vs. Gate-to-Emitter Voltage

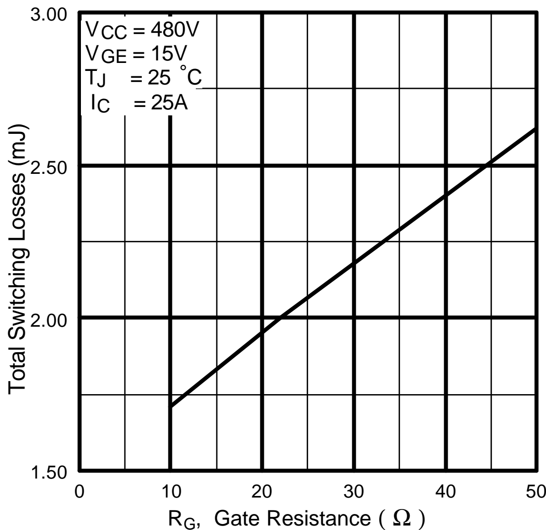


Fig. 9 - Typical Switching Losses vs. Gate Resistance

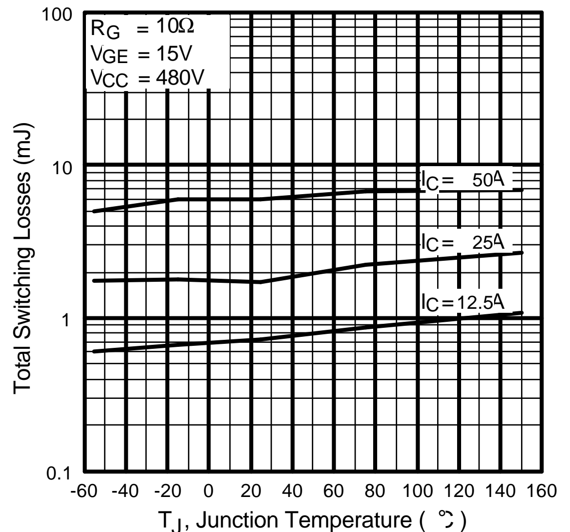


Fig. 10 - Typical Switching Losses vs. Junction Temperature

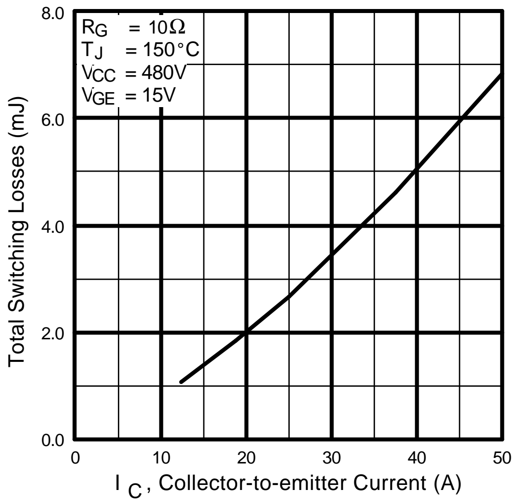


Fig. 11 - Typical Switching Losses vs. Collector-to-Emitter Current

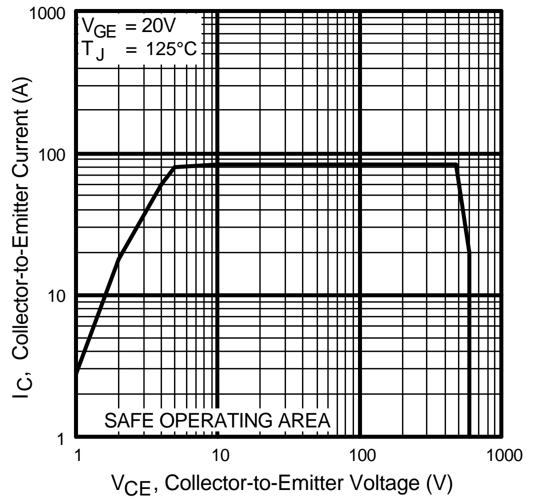


Fig. 12 - Turn-Off SOA

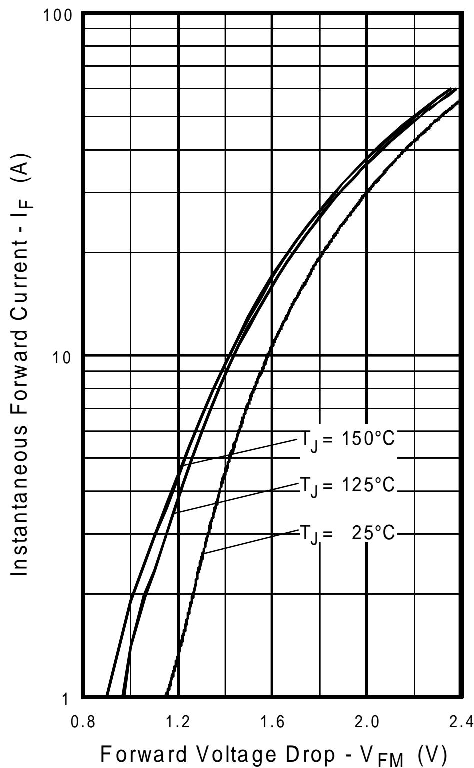


Fig. 13 - Maximum Forward Voltage Drop vs. Instantaneous Forward Current

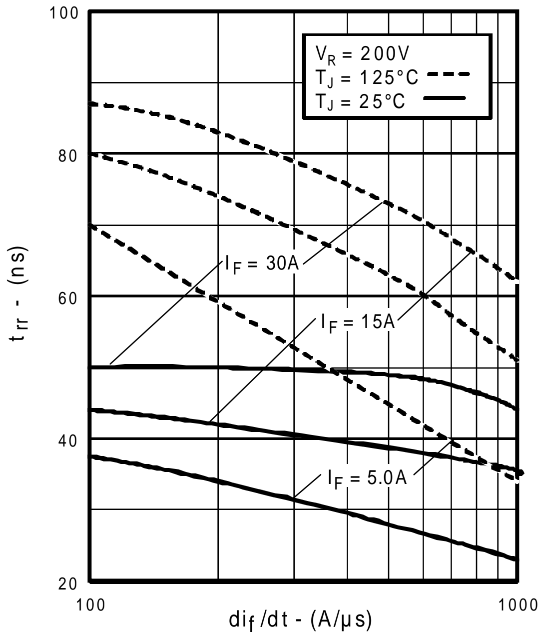


Fig. 14 - Typical Reverse Recovery vs. di_f/dt

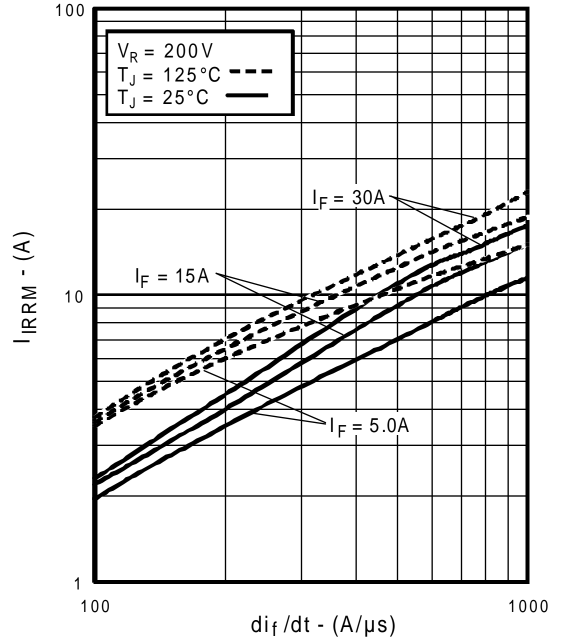


Fig. 15 - Typical Recovery Current vs. di_f/dt

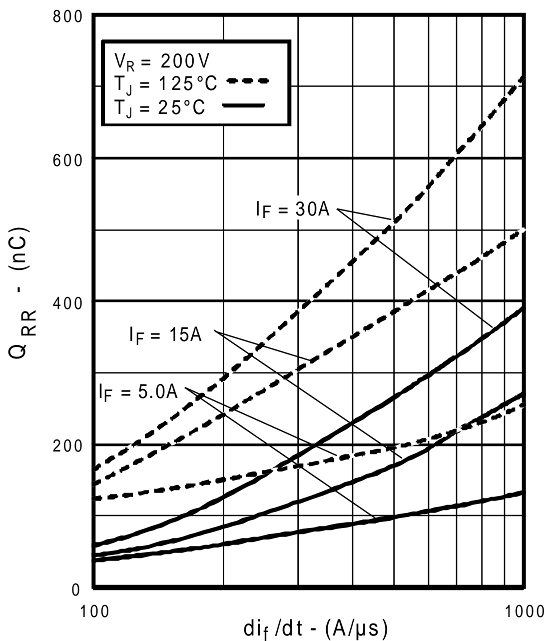


Fig. 16 - Typical Stored Charge vs. di_f/dt

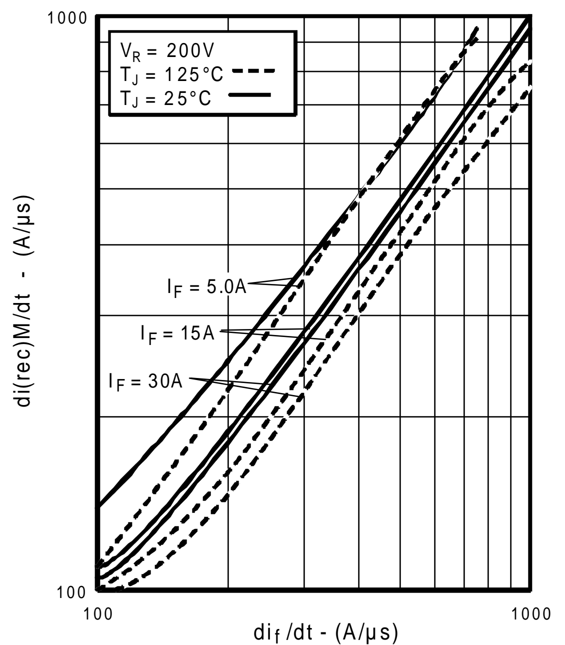


Fig. 17 - Typical $di_{(rec)M}/dt$ vs. di_f/dt

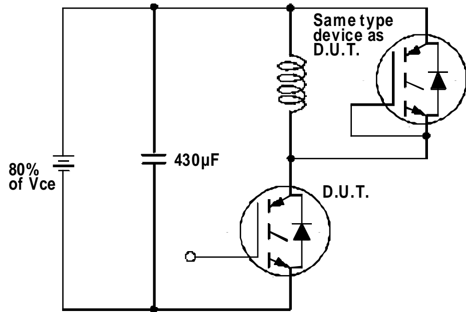


Fig. 18a - Test Circuit for Measurement of I_{LM}, E_{on}, $E_{off(diode)}$, t_{rr}, Q_{rr}, I_{rr}, $t_{d(on)}$, t_r, $t_{d(off)}$, t_f

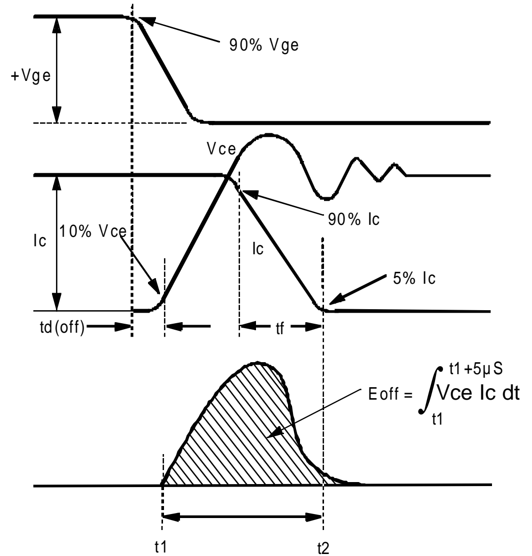


Fig. 18b - Test Waveforms for Circuit of Fig. 18a, Defining E_{off}, $t_{d(off)}$, t_f

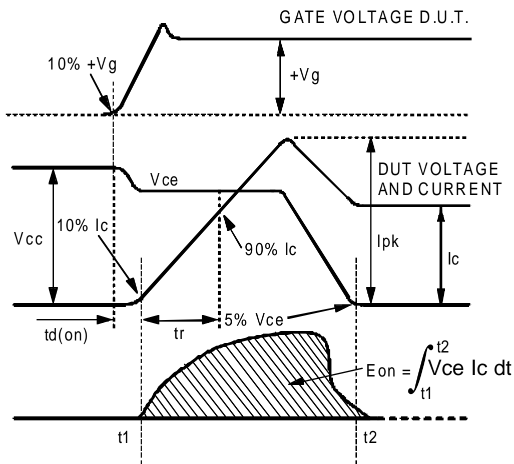


Fig. 18c - Test Waveforms for Circuit of Fig. 18a, Defining E_{on}, $t_{d(on)}$, t_r

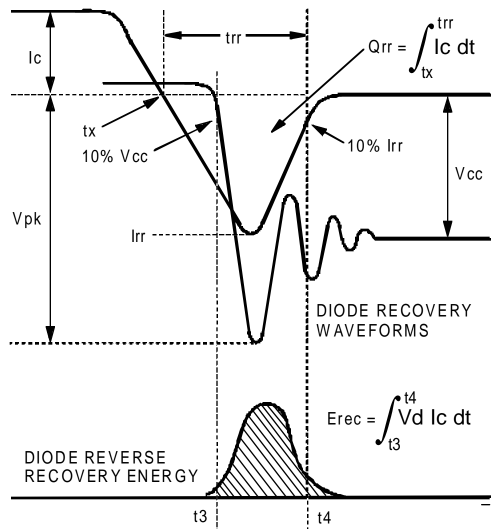


Fig. 18d - Test Waveforms for Circuit of Fig. 18a, Defining E_{rec}, t_{rr}, Q_{rr}, I_{rr}

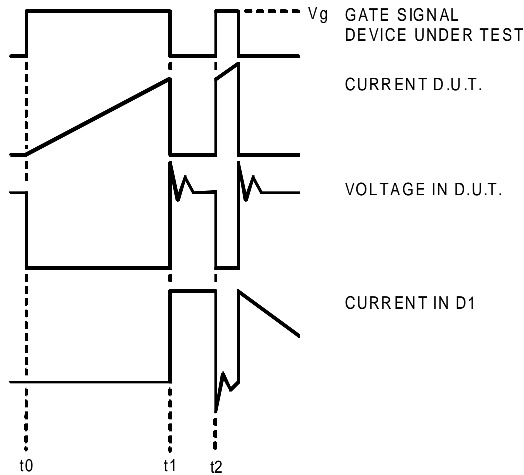


Figure 18e. Macro Waveforms for Figure 18a's Test Circuit

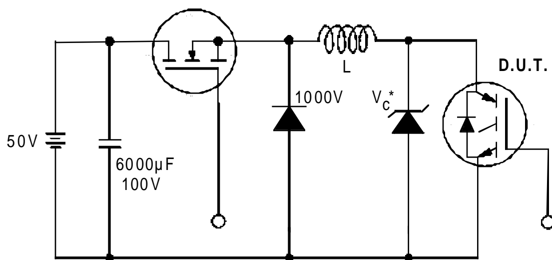


Figure 19. Clamped Inductive Load Test Circuit

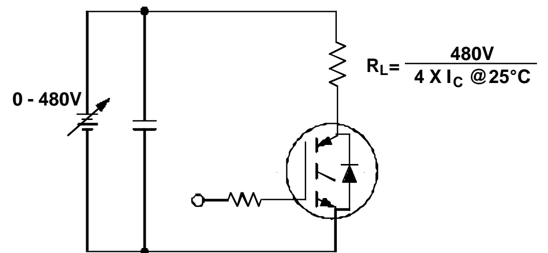


Figure 20. Pulsed Collector Current Test Circuit

Notes:

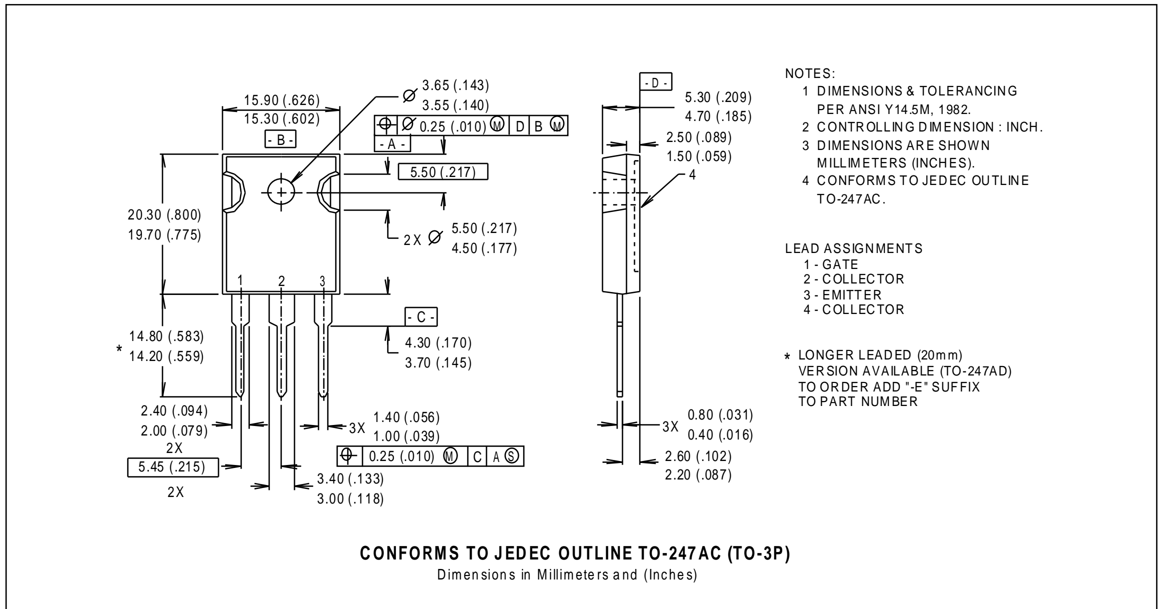
① Repetitive rating: V_{GE}=20V; pulse width limited by maximum junction temperature (figure 20)

② V_{CC}=80%(V_{CES}), V_{GE}=20V, L=10µH, R_G= 10Ω (figure 19)

③ Pulse width ≤ 80µs; duty factor ≤ 0.1%.

④ Pulse width 5.0µs, single shot.

Case Outline — TO-247AC



CONFORMS TO JEDEC OUTLINE TO-247AC (TO-3P)
Dimensions in Millimeters and (Inches)

International
IOR Rectifier

WORLD HEADQUARTERS: 233 Kansas St., El Segundo, California 90245, Tel: (310) 322 3331
EUROPEAN HEADQUARTERS: Hurst Green, Oxted, Surrey RH8 9BB, UK Tel: ++ 44 1883 732020
IR CANADA: 7321 Victoria Park Ave., Suite 201, Markham, Ontario L3R 2Z8, Tel: (905) 475 1897
IR GERMANY: Saalburgstrasse 157, 61350 Bad Homburg Tel: ++ 49 6172 96590
IR ITALY: Via Liguria 49, 10071 Borgaro, Torino Tel: ++ 39 11 451 0111
IR FAR EAST: K&H Bldg., 2F, 30-4 Nishi-Ikebukuro 3-Chome, Toshima-Ku, Tokyo Japan 171 Tel: 81 3 3983 0086
IR SOUTHEAST ASIA: 315 Outram Road, #10-02 Tan Boon Liat Building, Singapore 0316 Tel: 65 221 8371